REMEMBRANCE DAY FUND

Donations to date— $15,455.00

By Courtesy of Francis Wu

CHINA MAIL

ESTABLISHED FOR MORE THAN 100 YEARS

No. 34113. HONG KONG, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1948. Price: 20 Cents.

All Kinds of Portable TYPEWRITERS

AT REASONABLE PRICE.

HONG KONG TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE
9, D'Aguilar St. Tel. 21433

PEACE WITH REDS SUGGESTED

Clique Demands Chiang Resign To Save Country

MANCHURIA WRITTEN OFF

Nanking, October 27.

Suggestions for peace with the Communists and resignation of President Chiang Kai-shek as drastic means of saving the Chinese Nationalists from total collapse are now gradually hardening into agitation, well-informed circles told the United Press today.

This agitation at present is confined to a small minority in the Legislative Yuan and the Kuomintang. But it is a growing minority and likely to have effects on the future trends of Chinese politics, it is said.

The new agitation reflected a general feeling among official and semi-official quarters which recently began to turn from pessimism into defeatism.

A Nationalist collapse is now generally conceded as a real danger because of the planned abandonment of Manchuria. The conclusion is drawn from the traditionally accepted Chinese maxim: "One who controls Manchuria controls China."

The Government's military situation is admitted to look the darkest today. It has lost three of its most able generals, three of its most strategic cities and roughly 200,000 of its best troops during the last month, presenting the heaviest blow to Nationalist power in the last three years.

The Manchurian campaign is now considered lost and General Fu Tso-yi's North China corridor, considered the strongest bulwark against the Communists running from Inner Mongolia to the Yellow Sea, is cut up into four isolated islands around Peiping, Kaigan, Tatung and Kweisui.

3 Ways Out

In Nanking, articulate Nationalist circles no longer talk of how to crush the Communists like last year, but are giving thought to the problem of self-survival.

Three ways out are suggested —peace with the Communists, resignation of President Chiang Kai-shek (advocated by a small minority in the Legislative Yuan who call themselves Progressives) and all-out American military and economic assistance recommended by the Right-wingers.

A member of the small minority told the United Press they were now attempting to organise Progressives into a movement to press their proposals.

He said the only unknown element in the peace move is the Communist attitude—whether the Communists are amenable to talking peace on an equal partnership basis because the Nationalists would definitely not themselves accept peace-surrender terms.

He said efforts were expected to be made shortly to try to sound out the Communists.

Resignation Asked

The informant said regardless of whether the war against the Communists would be continued or peace talks be initiated, it is the general demand of the Progressives that the Generalissimo should resign.

He said Chiang was insisting on maintenance of the favoured ruling minority in the party and Government, blocking the rallying of national support and implementation of political reforms against the spreading of Communism.

Disagreeing with the Progressives, Rightwing elements, who are still a major power in the government, pin their hope on all-out American military and economic assistance.

They, however, fear it is at present a remote possibility and that when Mr. Thomas E. Dewey is elected it may be too late.—United Press.

Work On Hotel Rates Delayed

The work of the Hotel Rates Advisory Committee is being delayed by the non-return of statements of accounts by a number of hotels, it was officially stated yesterday.

The Public Relations Officer added that the Committee held its ninth meeting during the week.

At the meeting they received representatives of the Hong Kong and Kowloon Hotels and Boarding Houses Association and representatives of the Hong Kong and Kowloon Hotels Residents Association.

Korea Revolt Reported Crushed

Seoul, October 27.

The abortive, Communist-led rebellion was crushed today, a week to the day after it started, as Loyalist troops recaptured Yosu, last stronghold of the insurgents.

The victory may have been costly to the infant Republic of Korea. Air observers reported one-fourth of the Southern port city of 70,000 had been destroyed by fire.

Word that signalled the end of all major resistance came in this dramatic message from a Korea Navy cutter in Yosu Bay: "Yosu is ours."

A Government air observer flew over Yosu an hour and a half after the cutter message was received. The observer saw many South Korean flags flying over the city in which an Army mutiny erupted last Wednesday. The airman also saw a loyal flag flying from a ship tied up at Yosu. —Associated Press.

LONDON SHIVERS IN ICY FOG

London, October 27.

London shivered today in an icy fog which delayed road, rail and air traffic and brought Thames' shipping to a standstill. In some parts of Greater London, visibility was down to 20 yards.

Following the coldest night since last March, Britons experienced the first big electricity cuts of the winter, which amounted to 10 per cent in London and most of the country.—Reuter.

ISRAEL REJECTS UN ORDER

Paris, October 27.

Israel rejected today the United Nations order to withdraw its forces from newly won control points on the Negev front in Southern Palestine.

Israel declared the Security Council's cease-fire order of October 19 does not imply an absolute injunction that Jewish forces be pulled back to positions they held on October 14.—AP.

US Navy To Have 14,500 Planes In '49

Washington, October 27.

The Navy revealed today that it will reach a strength of 14,500 planes by next July and that it was currently testing high-speed twin-jet tailless fighter.

Describing a period of singular achievement in a Navy summary, the navy told of rapid development to jet-propelled carrier planes, and said still newer jet aircraft are beginning to roll off the assembly lines.

But it commented it will be necessary to withdraw 3,000 World War II planes from storage to realise a 14,500 plane strength by the end of the fiscal year. That strength was approved by the Joint Chiefs of Staff at the same time the 70-group air force programme was laid down.

Congress, however, did not give the navy funds in the same proportion as the air force.

The navy fighter is the XF7-1, a flying wing type which is undergoing flight test at the Patuxent River, Maryland, naval air test centre.

Some details also were given on a new streamlined experimental flying-boat, the Consolidated Vultee XP 5Y-1—a patrol plane powered by four gas turbine engines.

A second flying-boat in the flight test stage is the Martin XP 5M-1.—United Press.

PICTURE OF THE DAY

Prince Weds In London

The crowns are held over the heads of Prince Alexis Mellkoff and his bride, Miss Juliet Hainault, in the Russian Orthodox Church in London. The Prince is the 23-year-old son of Countess Klein-Michael, now Mrs. A. Welough Orthodox Church in London. He was an officer in the Coldstream Guards during the war.—(AP Photo).

C & W To Take Over Government's Tele-Communications

Cable and Wireless are to take over the entire Telecommunication Branch of the Hong Kong Government on November 1, the "China Mail" learned from authoritative sources yesterday.

The Tele-Communications Branch includes radio-communications stations of all Government departments, including the Marine Department, the Hong Kong Police Force, the Water Police, Radio Hong Kong, and radio-telephone services between Hong Kong and places abroad.

This means that the control, as far as tele-communications are concerned, vested in the Postmaster-General will be passed to the Manager of Cable and Wireless.

It was also learned that a Survey Board is being formed to assess the value of Government tele-communications equipment, as some of the equipment is considered obsolete.

One result of the taking over by Cable and Wireless will be the transfer of the tele-communications nerve centre from The Peak to Mount Butler.

Another result will be the replacing of existing Government equipment with the latest tele-communications inventions and devices.

The "China Mail" understands certain Government personnel employed in the Tele-Communications Branch, will be seconded to Cable and Wireless.

WHEAT FOR CHINA

Washington, October 21.

The Department of Agriculture announced today an export allocation of 54,000 long tons of wheat and 12,000 long tons of wheat equivalent of flour to China for October shipment.—United Press.

Port Control Official Arrives In HK

Mr. Francis William John Skutil, Hong Kong's newly-appointed Assistant Director of Marine (Port Control) has arrived in the Colony. He was accompanied by his wife.

Born on March 21, 1903, Mr. Skutil was educated at the Wallasey Grammar School. He was appointed Marine Officer, Nigeria Marine, in 1930 and Senior Marine Officer in 1946.

During his service in Nigeria, he also held the administrative posts of Divisional Marine Officer, Harbour Master of the port of Calabar, and Harbour Master of the five Delta Ports.

At the outbreak of the war he was mobilised and posted to the Nigeria Naval Defence Force with the rank of Lieutenant Commander. He saw service in minesweepers, and in the Port Examination and Naval Control Service.

A keen sportsman, Mr. Skutil was the founder and Commodore of the Lagos Yacht Club. He was responsible for the formation and design of the Lagos 'L' Design Class. He is also a member of the Royal Cornwall Yacht Club.

Mrs. Skutil, a Scot, was born at Montrose. Before marriage she was a member of the Colonial Nursing Service at Nigeria.

TORTURES RELATED AT BRIDGE HOUSE TRIAL

How the Japanese tortured their prisoners in order to extract confessions from them, was recalled at the War Crimes trial at Lyemun Barracks yesterday when Lieutenant General Kinoshita Eiichi and Sergeant Yoshida Bunzo faced charges of atrocities committed at the infamous Bridge House prison in Shanghai in 1942.

General Kinoshita was officer commanding the Shanghai Kempei-Tai from August 6, 1942, to November 29, 1944. Yoshida was a corporal in the foreign section of the western branch of the Shanghai Kempei-Tai.

The Court composed of Lieutenant Colonel L. A. Massie, M.A., LL.B., Royal Scots Fusiliers, solicitor (President) and Major J. B. Craig, The Buffs, and Captain H. M. McLeod-Martin, Middlesex Regiment (members).

Conducting the prosecution was Major D. Clague, R.A. Office of the Deputy Director of Legal Services, GHQ FARELF.

Mr. Kakehi Masao, LL.B., barrister at law, Tokyo, was defence counsel, assisted by Captain W.R.L. Herries as advisory officer.

Before the trial commenced the President told Yoshida, the second accused, that his request for another Japanese counsel to defend him had been refused by the Convening Officer, who said no other counsel was available. Already two counsels had been offered to him, and he had refused both of them, so that he would have to conduct his own defence with such assistance as the British and the defence advisory officer could give him.

As regards the witnesses which Yoshida wished to be called from Japan, efforts would be made to bring them here, but in the meantime the trial would go on.

Major Clague, the prosecuting officer, then told the Court the nature of the charges against the accused:

Overall Supervision

The prosecutor said that on or about August 6, 1942 General Kinoshita was posted to Shanghai with the rank of Major-General. He was posted as Chief of the Shanghai Kempei Tai. He held this position until November 29 1944. His duties included the overall supervision of the training, discipline and control of Kempei Tai personnel in Shanghai as well as control of places of detention.

As the chief of the Shanghai Kempei Tai, added the prosecutor, he was responsible for the activities of the Units and personnel under his command. In a sworn statement Kinoshita has stated that he made inspections of all his Units regularly; he gave lectures to his subordinates regularly, and attended regular conferences of the Officers Commanding the various Branches and sub-Sections. Kinoshita stated that he also made surprise inspections of all branches, cells, and visited interrogations of persons detained for questioning.

The accused Yoshida Bunzo was a Corporal in the Foreign Section of the Special Branch of the Headquarters of the Western Branch of the Shanghai Kempei Tai on Jessfield Road. He was later promoted to Sergeant, said the prosecutor.

In October 1942, the Shanghai Kempei Tai began to make systematic arrests of civilian residents, selecting many of them from among members of the British community. The majority were, before the war, official or business positions of importance.

Few Exceptions

No definite charges were preferred against them, with a very few exceptions. Their interrogation revealed that the chief reason for their arrest was that their duties discharged in the course of their official or business capacity had involved opposition, in some form or another, to Japanese activities before December 8 1941, which was formulated by the Japanese as "espionage."

The prosecutor said that Mr. John Martin Watson will give evidence of his own imprisonment in Jessfield Road. At the time in question Watson was a member of the Shanghai Municipal Police immediately prior to his internment. As a result of a false and revengeful statement by a civilian policeman both Watson and William Hutton were arrested on the morning of August 2, 1943.

Placed In Cells

The two men were removed from the Haiphong Road Camp, to 94 Jessfield Road where they were searched and placed in the cells, which had been constructed there.

(Continued on Page 3)

General Strike Threatened

Paris, October 27.

French Communists threatened today to organise a general sit-down strike in Northern France in support of the nation's striking coal miners.

Leaders of the Communist-led General Labour Federation (CGT) decided last night to issue the threat. They met at Lille, key mining centre which Government strike fighting troops and police have not yet entered.

CGT leaders said they would pull the sit-down strike if the Government increased its repressive measures.—Associated Press.

Colonial Powers Under Fire

Paris, October 26.

The Philippines sided with Russia today in an attack against colonial powers during a discussion in the United Nations Trusteeship Committee.

General Carlos P. Romulo warned that many speeches against the colonial powers were pure propaganda and he specifically cited words by the Ukraine's A. I. Galagan.

But he criticised the United Kingdom, Belgium and Australia for deciding on the administrative unification of some of their trust territories with neighbouring colonies.

General Romulo said his country had been under United States administration for 40 years, and, while Washington had no commitments under any international charter, it devoted to education in the islands one-third of the Philippines budget.

He compared this figure with six per cent in present day Tanganyika under British administration, and one per cent in New Guinea under Australian rule.

General Romulo said native workers in New Guinea are paid the equivalent of 75 American cents a month.

Both General Romulo and Huy Perez Cisneros of Cuba asserted that the Charter imposed on trusteeship powers the obligation to consult the Trusteeship Council before establishing any administrative unification of trust territories with their colonies.

The three colonial powers have maintained that the UN Trusteeship Council has no authority to investigate conditions in the Trust territories. — Associated Press.

BRITISH MINERS SET NEW RECORD

London, October 27.

Britain's miners broke all production records for the year by hewing 4,044,300 tons of deep-mined coal last week.

This is their best effort since the week before Christmas last year. The total output included 230,400 tons of open-cast.

Nevertheless, the deep-mining output is still 250,000 tons below the weekly average required to hit the target of 211,000,000 tons for 1948.—Reuter.

ON OTHER PAGES

Page 2
Rateable Value Of Colony Up 52 Per Cent.
Page 3
Bridge House Trial.
Page 5
Malayan Terrorism Not Over, MacDonald Warns.
Pages 6, 7
Engineering Pages.
Page 9
Ministers In Agreement On Atlantic Pact.
Page 10
Truman On Decision To Use A-Bomb Over Japan.
Page 11
French Strike Roundup.

Shanghai Lament:

Give Us Back The Bad Old Days

Nanking, October 27.

Shanghai's Mayor K. C. Wu, and Major-General Chiang Ching-kuo were among the large number of officials who attended the Executive Yuan conference today to decide on the important problem of whether or not to abandon ceiling prices for vital commodities in order to restore some semblance of economic order in the nation's principal cities.

The Premier, Mr. Wong Wen-hao, fresh from consultations in Peiping with President Chiang Kai-shek and a group of economists, presided.

Although the deliberations and decisions of the meeting have not yet been officially revealed, it is believed that the Government ministers reviewed the chaotic situation now prevailing in many cities, where the people are still engaged in a buying spree and where virtually no food stuffs and commodities are available at ceiling prices and where supplies from producing areas are almost completely dried up.

The conference is also believed to have touched on the question of salaries and wages, which are still frozen at the August 19 level though there is a growing clamour in labour circles for an upward revision.

Inflation Was Better

In an editorial reflecting the opinion of almost every Shanghailander, the British-owned North China Daily News said that Shanghai today was infinitely worse off than it had ever been during the process of inflating the old currency."

Shanghai is one vast black-market, where everyone is busy seeking to obtain some sort of protection against the effect of frozen salaries and undisputable if illegally soaring prices, the paper said.

After asserting that there are already rumblings of labour troubles, the paper added:

"The situation is one of grave anxiety. There is nothing to be gained by endeavouring to suggest otherwise and already there are many people sighing for the bad old days of the CNC (Chinese national currency, predecessor of the gold yuan) which with all its inconvenience gave better results than the gold yuan is doing after a two-month trial."—Reuter-AAP.

The Weather

The intense Siberian anticyclone still dominating China and Japan, is moving Eastward. A trough extends from Malaya across the S Philippines to Guam. In it, a depression has formed E of Guam and pressure is falling over the South China Sea.

Today's Forecast:—Moderate E winds. Fair.

Yesterday's Weather:—
Maximum: 82.1 deg. Fah.
Minimum: 74.8 deg. Fah.
Sunshine: 9.9 hours.
Rainfall: Nil. Total since Jan. 1— 2456.1 mm.=96.70 ins. as against an average of 2067.8 mm.=81.40 ins.

	Readings at 10 a.m.	Readings at 4 p.m.
Baro. at m.s.l.	1017.6	1014.8 m.b.
Equals	30.05	29.96 Inches
Rel. Humidity	67	76 %
Dew Point	62	69 deg. F.
Wind Direction	ENE	ENE
Wind Force	20	15 knots

Tides— Time Ht.
High 0614 7.3
" 1837 8.7
Low 1248 1.9

Hospitality in your hands

DRINK Coca-Cola

TRADE MARK REG.

Popular Price 40 cts.

Authorised Bottler:
ANKER E. HENNINGSEN
Federal Inc., U.S.A.

IF IT BEARS THE FAMOUS NAME OF

Elizabeth Arden

YOU'LL FIND IT HERE

Tradition of quality and distinction behind the delicate pink labels . . . an assurance of beauty for the fastidious women who insist on Elizabeth Arden preparations . . . from the essential creams and tonics to the newest shades in cosmetics . . . these are the famous preparations that we are proud to offer you.

Agent: Lane, Crawford Ltd., Import & Export Dept.

Obtainable at:

Victoria Dispensary, King's Dispensary, Paquerrete, Beten's Beauty Parlour, China Emporium, Shanghai Co., Peninsula Store, Kowloon and Lane, Crawford's Perfumery Dept.

SINCERE'S

DEPT STORE

BARGAINS

"TEMCO" ELECTRIC WALL CLOCKS 12"

$60

"IMPERIAL" WHITE SHIRTS

$16

"DOUGLAS" MEN'S SHOES

$38

AND MANY OTHERS

THE SINCERE CO., LTD.

Sole Distributors:—

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.

HARRIMAN REALTY CO., LTD.

REAL ESTATE BROKERS AND VALUERS

"COME TO US FOR ADVICE"

ALL TYPES INDUSTRIAL & DOMESTIC PROPERTIES AVAILABLE

201 Victory House, Wyndham Street. Tel. 34002.

Telegrams "Harriman"

RATEABLE VALUE OF COLONY UP 52 PCT.

As a result of revaluation, the total rateable value of the island of Hong Kong, Kowloon and the New Territories on April 1 last, was HK$79,206,880.

This was reported in the 1947-48 report of the Commissioner of the Rating and Valuation Department.

The report said that the total value on April 1, last year, was HK$52,089,369. This year's figure represents an increase of HK$27,117,511 or 52.06 per cent.

The Commissioner said that the increase is due partly to the provisions of the Landlord and Tenant Ordinance and to the large amount of rehabilitation and new building.

Net Revenue

During the year under review, the net revenue from rates was $9,084,659.55, an average of $801,817 a month for the 11 months ended on March 31, 1947.

The refunds of rates in respect of vacant tenements, valuations cancelled and tenements not rateable amounted to $108,316.62.

This sum was mainly due to the number of cancellations on account of tenements under reconstruction. Very little of it was in respect of unoccupied premises. It represents 1.07 per cent of the gross revenue in rates and compares favourably with the amount refunded during the previous 11 months which was $206,666.61 or 3.2 per cent of the gross revenue in rates.

The extreme shortage of accommodation continued throughout the year added the commissioner. Practically all vacancies notified were due to tenements being in dilapidated condition and requiring a degree of reinstatement or reconstruction to properties other than dwelling accommodation.

During the year 66 new street numbers were allotted, any many owners were called upon to renew numbering which had become defaced.

Stamp Duty Tax

The additional Stamp Duty Tax of 10 per cent on tthe enhanced value in the case of assignments on sale of landed property compared with the previous sale or with the value as at January 1, 1938, whichever should be the later rate, continued during the year.

The number of cases dealt with was 1,347 and the Stamp Duty Revenue benefited thereby to the extent of $5,129,619.00.

During the year 35 valuations were made in cases where the Register of the Supreme Court had been offered certain property as surety in connection with the administration of estates.

The department was, therefore, during the period under review, very directly concerned with work which resulted in the following revenue, said the Commissioner:—

Rates: $9,084,659.55; Excess Stamp Duty: 5,129,619.00; Property Tax: 2,312,209.20; Total: $17,426,488.35.

The Governor will open the Salvation Army's new Girls' Home at Kwai Chung, New Territories, at 5 p.m. today.

Committed For Arms Possession

Chau Lun, alias Chau Chun-choi and Kong Ngau were committed for trial for possession of arms and ammunition at the November Criminal Sessions of the Supreme Court before Mr. W. H. Latimer at Kowloon yesterday.

Detective Sub-Inspector W. G. Morrison, the prosecuting officer, stated that acting upon information received, the police arrested Chau Lun on the night of September 29 at Temple Street, near Public Square Street on the suspicion of possession of arms. Nothing, however, was found on him when searched. He also denied all knowledge of possession.

When questioned further after he was brought to the Yaumati Police Station, he said that the gun was in Hong Kong and that a man by the name of Chan Yuk-ming had given it to him. The gun, he said, was then in the possession of Kong Ngau in a godown on top of Lee Yuen Hill.

Just before midnight that same night, Chau took DSI Morrison and a detective to the godown and showed them a hole in the flooring. Nothing was concealed therein. Attempts to find Kong Ngau were also unsuccessful.

Early next morning, Kong Ngau was seen to come out of the godown. He was stopped by a detective left there on guard and searched. He had nothing on him.

The detective, Tsui Tik-wing, submitted him to an hour's interrogation, after which he admitted possession of the gun.

DSI Morrison was at once informed by telephone. He came over shortly afterwards and in his presence, Kong opened a rattan basket in the coolies' living quarters of the godown. Inside was a revolver loaded with five rounds of live ammunition and wrapped in a red handkerchief. Kong said that Chau had left it there.

Sub-Inspector James MacMillan, police armourer, testified that the revolver was a .38 short Harrington Richardson model.

STANTON GETS CHINESE AWARD

Mr. W.T. Stanton, of Jardine, Matheson and Company, Limited, was decorated with the Victory Medal by the Chinese Government yesterday.

The Medal was presented to Mr. Stanton by Mr. T.W. Kwok, Special Commissioner (Foreign Affairs) for Kwangtung-Kwangsi, at the Commissioner's office yesterday.

The award was made to Mr. Stanton in recognition of services rendered to the Chinese War Production Board.

Sentences For Armed Robbery Try

Five men were charged with possession of arms and ammunition and conspiring to commit an armed robbery, before Mr. W. H. Latimer at Kowloon yesterday.

Wan On, Chan Sum, Leung Laien and Chan Tsai pleaded guilty to both charges, and Wan Yan pleaded guilty to the conspiracy charge but not guilty to the charge of possession of arms. His plea was accepted by the prosecution.

Inspector J. R. Sykes stated that information was received by the police that an armed robbery at 216 Temple Street, floor, was planned for October 10. At 7.30 p.m. that day, Inspector Sykes and a party of detectives ambushed in the neighbourhood. An hour later, four men were seen to approach.

When the detectives came forward, one of the men, Chan Sum, bolted into a shop, dropping a paper bag he had with him. The other three were searched. Wan On had a revolver revolver loaded with five rounds of ammunition stuck in his girdle. Leung Laen carried a dagger. Chan Sum was subsequently taken into custory. The paper bag he left behind was found to contain a dagger and coils of thin rope. Wan Yan, the fourth man, was unarmed.

All four men admitted that they had conspired to rob.

Later that day a man named Leung Chung found on the staircase of 201 Temple Street a dagger wrapped in a piece of newspaper. He gave it to the policeman on the beat, who brought it back Yaumati Police Station.

On the next day, at 11.30 a.m. Inspector Sykes went to the roof of 146 Gloucester Road, Wanchai, and there apprehended Chan Tsai, the fourth accused. He admitted he was a member of the gang, but was walking apart from the others the evening before. When he became aware of the presence of the police, he lost himself in the crowd and threw the dagger on the staircase.

Wan Yan was sentenced to one year's hard labour and the other four to three years' imprisonment for both offences.

Remembrance Day Fund

Following are additional donations to the above fund:—

Previously acknowledged	HK$14,205
Mr. S.J. Cooke	50
Mr. G.W. Sewell	100
Mr. and Mrs. Lissaman	50
Mr. M.A. Annett	50
Mr. F.J. Wakefield	50
Chu Tak Loong & Co.	50
Mr. E. McLaren	50
Mr. and Mrs. D.C. Davis	100
H. J.	10
Maj. Gen. F.R.G. Mathews, D.S.O.	50
Credit Foncier D'Extreme-Orient	25
The Ault & Wiborg Co. (Far East)	15
Cdr. R.S. Barry	25
Mr. C.L. Wilson	100
Tatten & Co., Ltd.	100
A. Pong & Co.	20
Arnold Trading Co. Ltd.	100
Mr. A. Piercy	50
Mr. F.G. Harrison	50
Mr. C. Blaker	100
China International Commercial Co. Ltd.	50
Anglo-Chinese Trading Company	10
Mr. P.B. Tay	50
Total	HK$15,455

ST. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL ORGAN FUND

The following is a list of donations received up to October 25 which have not yet been acknowledged in the press:

Mrs. E. de Chaffoy	HK$ 100.00
H.B.L. Dowbiggin	50.00
G.S. Archbutt	25.00
G.L. Wilson	25.00
Mr. and Mrs. G.E. Manion	10,000.00
	HK$10,200.00
Already acknowledged	19,391.11
Total	HK$29,591.11

Donations may be sent to the Hon. Treasurers, Messrs. Peel, Marwick, Mitchell & Co., Exchange Building.

Personalia

Lord Killearn, former High Commissioner in South East Asia, arrived in the Colony yesterday by Hong Kong Airways from Shanghai.

Case Against Alleged Armed Robbers Resumes

The case against Chan Shiu-ping, Tsang Shing and Wan Kau, who were alleged to have raided the Cheung Muk-tau Village, New Territories, on July 15, masked and armed with revolvers, was resumed before Mr. Justice Gould (Puisne Judge) yesterday.

Mr. A. Hooton, Crown Counsel, assisted by Detective-Inspector J. P. Waldron, prosecuted. Third accused was represented by Mr. B. A. Bernacchi instructed by Mr. M. A. da Silva. First and second accused were not legally represented and conducted their own defence.

After hearing evidence of various Crown witnesses including a fisherman, So Fat, Mr. Bernacchi, in third accused's defence submitted that there was no clear evidence whatsoever against accused proving that he actually took part in the robbery. All the robbers were masked, and could not be identified by the villagers and complainant. As far So Fat's evidence regarding his taking some men in his boat across the water and meeting third accused on the other side, Mr. Bernacchi said that this was not sufficient to warrant the accused's part in the crime, or that he was an accessory before the fact.

Mr. Gould stated that the fact accused was waiting for the boat when it was rowed back by So Fat was quite sufficient proof that accused was an accessory before the fact, even though he was 20 minutes away from the scene of the robbery. Besides this, the $1,000 he received as his share might be quite sufficient proof of his guilt.

First accused, Chan Shiu-ping, in the witness box stated that he was a merchant occupied in transporting rice and other commodities from and to Shum Chun. On July 15 he was about his business as usual. After this he remained at home for four days until July 19, when five detectives entered his house, and asked him for HK$150. He asked them what it was for but he did not receive any reply to the question. After he had given it to them, they ransacked the house. He was then handcuffed and brought to the Police Station.

After being shown a statement Chan continued, he was told by one of the detectives to sign it. He was also told that there was a charge against him and to read the statement.

Struck And Threatened

Chan then alleged that when he refused to sign the statement he was struck twice and threatened by one of the detectives. He was then told that if he signed the statement everything would be all right. This he did.

As regards the evidence given by So Fat, Chan alleged that So had a grudge against him for some time, and gave false evidence as a result.

During the Japanese occupation, Chan said, So was employed by him to transport rice and other commodities to and from the New Territories. One day So absconded with some of the cargo which he was assigned to convey. Some time later Chan met him in the presence of one Lam On and accused him of the theft. So became incensed at the accusation and waited to pit up a fight. Since then So has had a grudge against him.

Lam On, however, denied in Court that the proceedings had taken place, at any rate, in his presence.

Second accused in the witness box also denied the allegations. He also claimed that he was struck, and threatened at gun point to sign a statement made up by one of the police officers.

The case was adjourned until 10 a.m. today.

Meeting Of Insurance Company

At the annual general meeting of the China Underwriters, Limited, yesterday it was reported that First Year Premiums last year were higher them any previous year in the company's history.

Renewal Premiums, however, did not reach the level existing before the war. This was attributed to the war.

The Directors' report said that Premium Income during the year was HK$909,365 as compared with HK$715,688 in 1940.

The report added:—

"Since the war we have provided for payment of about $2,250,000. Claims under Life policies and over $200,000 surrender values. New Business put on the books representing premiums of about $1,000,000 per annum has only contributed one or two years' premiums or less to the Fund, less heavy initial expenses, so that the decrease in the Fund is to be expected.

"Renewal Premiums in 1947 represented only 36 per cent of our total premium income (against 82 per cent in 1940) and it will not be until renewal premiums form a more balanced part of our income that our Fund will begin to increase again, as considerable numbers of pre-war policies will fall due for payment during the next few years.

"Shareholders will be glad to hear that although we carried very large insurances on the Kowloon Wharf and Wing On Godowns in Hong Kong which recently suffered disastrous fires, our conservative reinsurance policy reduces our net loss to a comparatively small figure which will be easily taken up in the current year's figures.

Adjustments Of Assets

"In addition to the balance brought forward and interest not carried to Departmental Accounts this account contains small adjustments of assets and liabilities for which the 1946 figures proved incorrect as further information became available.

"Certain of the Company's investments were realised during the year at prices much over their book values. After writing down, from the profit made, all remaining investments to market value at 31st December 1947 (if under book value) a net profit of $32,833 is carried to Profit and Loss.

"The revaluation of interest still outstanding as a result of the Debtor and Creditor (Occupation Period) Ordinance, 1948. The writing off of a small mortgage repayment in Yen to the Yokohama Specie Bank in Hong Kong during the Japanese occupation, has necessitated a debit of $30,883. A small sum has been placed to reserve for certain debts which may prove irrecoverable.

"After making the transfers to and from the Life, Accident and Marine Revenue Accounts which I have already mentioned, there remains a balance of $8,714 which it is proposed should be carried forward to 1948.

Some Anxiety

"Political and economic conditions in some of our more active fields, notably Malaya, the Netherlands Indies and particularly Burma, gave rise to some anxiety. The direct effects on us as a result of claims arising from the disturbed conditions prevailing have been very small. It is hoped that our business will not be seriously interfered with. China has remained practically a closed field owing to currency conditions.

"This is the first meeting since the war which it can be claimed is fully regular as, due to the loss of our Register of Members, we had not previously a full list of our Shareholders. That has been remedied by the reconstruction of our Register. Our new Register is now complete and approved by law.

Shareholders present at the meeting included Messrs. H. Dreyer, J. Dick, Leung Nai-yuen, A.A. Botelho, F. G. Barros and Koksang Woo.

Dr. J.W. Anderson and Mr. Leo d'Almada were re-elected to the Board of Director. The appointment of Mr. E.R. Childe in June as a Director was confirmed. Mr. Childe is Managing Director of the company.

Dividend Recommended

The Chairman and Board of Directors of the China Light and Power Company, Limited announced yesterday that it is their intention to recommend at the annual general meeting a final dividend of HK$1 a share, less tax, in respect of the year ended September 30. Dividends will be paid pro rata on new shares.

To meet the Company's large expansion programme, the Board have also decided to issue further shares of HK$5, at par, at the rate of two new shares to every three existing shares held.

It is intended to ask for listing of the new issue in the first instance during the early part of 1949.

Full particulars of the new issue will be notified to shareholders at a later date.

Scheme To Catch Conspirators Depends On Smith

The police scheme to catch the four alleged conspirators in a $1,000,000 swindle would have failed if R. S. Smith, a former Assistant Crown Solicitor, had fallen out, admitted Detective Sub-Inspector J. Moore, Commercial Crimes Squad of the Special Branch, at Kowloon yesterday.

DSI Moore, in further cross-examination by Mr. P. J. Griffiths, agreed that the success of the whole scheme depended to a certain extent on the connivance of Mr. Smith.

Yesterday was the sixth day of hearing of the case in which Wong Chiu alias K. K. Wong, aged 50, interpreter, Cheung Yung, aged 34, unemployed, and Cheng Yim-san, 46-year-old druggist, are charged with conspiring, between July 15 and 21, to steal HK$1,105,440 from the Hsin Hua Enterprise Co. of China Building.

In the absence of Mr. W. A. Blair-Kerr, Assistant Crown Solicitor, DSI Moore conducted the case for the prosecution, heard before Mr. J. Wicks. Mr. Griffiths represented all three defendants.

There were originally four accused, but the first defendant, Poon Ping-nam alias Poon Sin-yu, 51-year-old merchant of 48 Village Road, jumped his bail of $12,500 on August 23.

At the commencement of yesterday's hearing, Mr. Griffiths submitted that the statement made by Cheung Yung at 11.45 a.m. on July 22 could not be admitted, as part of that statement contained that defendant's opinion.

Quoting from the statement, Mr. Griffiths said that, in reply to the question whether he thought the whole deal a fraud, Cheung said, "From what I have heard I am now of the opinion that it is a fraud." That was an opinion on the issue before the court.

Submission Upheld

Defence counsel's submission was upheld by the court, and the statement was withdrawn by the prosecution.

Continuing his evidence from the previous hearing, DSI Moore said that he took statements from the second accused shortly before midnight on July 21, from Cheung Yung at 12.30 a.m. on July 22, and Cheng Yim-san at 2.15 the same morning.

During the questioning of the third accused, a facsimile of an agreement in Chinese was produced by that accused. Another statement was taken from Wong at 9.20 a.m. that day.

At 3.45 p.m. that afternoon, continued witness, he searched the residence of Poon at 48 Village Road, ground floor, and found a carbon copy of a pencilled agreement. Two hours later, all the four men were told that they were under arrest, and, at 2.40 p.m. the following day, they were charged.

The residence of the second accused at 104 Woosung Street, ground floor, was searched by witness at 3.45 p.m. on July 23, and an address book containing the telephone number of the fourth defendant was found. They also seized a number of visiting cards, and also a letter headed "The United China Exporter" and signed by the second accused.

Nothing was found in the houses of the third and fourth defendants when the premises were searched on the same afternoon.

Witness Cross-Examined

Cross-examined by Mr. Griffiths, witness said that Mr. Smith was instructed by the Director of Intelligence (Mr. Elston) to keep in with the four persons and to report to the police. He was not instructed to take an active part in the conspiracy but "to go along as if he was one of them."

Mr. Griffiths: In other words, he was instructed to go along and participate in it as if he was one of them?

Witness: Yes, in a way. He was told to keep us posted.

Witness agreed with defence counsel that the success of the whole scheme depended, to a certain extent, on the connivance of Mr. Smith and that the scheme, as it was designed, would have failed if Mr. Smith had fallen out.

Mr. Griffiths: At the time Mr. Smith was instructed, did any one make it clear to him the difference between a police spy and an accomplice?—No.

At the time of instructing Mr. Smith, admitted witness, the police knew that he had held the prominent position of Crown Solicitor in the Colony.

Questioned on the conversations in Mr. Smith's house, witness said that with the exception of Mr. Smith the persons in the room were speaking indistinctly. He had, however, no difficulty in hearing the statements recorded by him.

Referring to the period that the defendants were in Kowloon City Police Station, Mr. Griffiths asked, "Do you think these people would be accompanied every time they went to the lavatory?"

Witness: I don't know for sure, but I imagine they would be."

"So that they would have in their minds the idea that they would not be able to go away even if they had wanted to?—I think so.

Answers To Charges

After Wong Kam-cheong, a former interpreter attached to the Hong Kong CID, Headquarters, had testified to taking the statements from the accused, Leung Wah-shing, interpreter, at the Kowloon City Police Station, read the defendant's answers to the charges.

Wong Chiu said, "Mr. R. S. Smith has been consulted by Poon professionally on a sale and purchase agreement. I acted as interpreter. I have nothing to do with the deal at all."

Cheung Yung declared, "I did not conspire to steal," and Cheng Yim-san said, "I introduced to buy goods only. I did not steal."

Entering the witness stand for his re-examination by the prosecution, Mr. R. S. Smith took the oath in the Scottish manner.

DSI Moore: Is it true that you are in considerable debt?—Yes.

And that his has come about by your rather imprudently living beyond your means?—Yes.

You realise now how easy it is in Hong Kong today to get into debt?—Yes.

Are you doing everything in your power to liquidate any outstanding debts you have?—Yes.

You have been criticised for not telling your last employer the information you had obtained from the accused and Poon. You realise it might have been more courteous to have done so?—Yes.

You have said in evidence that you reported to Mr. Whant on the night of July 15, immediately after the meeting. Was that meeting at the café the first time you met the accused and Poon all together; and the first time you were given a clear-out picture of the scheme you have described in evidence?—Yes.

Had you any other motive in laying this information before the Crown?—None.

In view of your temporary financial embarrassment, were you ever tempted, prior to your reporting to the police, to participate in this alleged fraud?—No.

But you appeared to have conceived the idea yourself during that first meeting of leading the accused on to the extent of getting a clear-cut information to lay before the police?—Not leading them on but getting information and ideas of the scheme to lay them before the police.

And from then onwards you were acting entirely on instructions from the Crown?—Yes.

What rank did you hold when you were discharged from the army?—Warrant officer, first class.

What was your character when you were discharged?—Military character, exemplary.

At the close of the prosecution case, Mr. Griffiths informed the court that he would be making a submission on behalf of the third and fourth accused, when hearing is resumed on November 1.

Reminders

Today

R.A.F. Association luncheon, Jacobean Room, H.K. Hotel, 12.45 p.m.

Kowloon Rotary Club luncheon, Peninsula Hotel, 12.30 p.m.

Y's Men's Club of Hong Kong, Luncheon at Root Garden, H.K. Hotel, 12.45 p.m.

H.K. Art Club Exhibition Helena May Institute.

Union Church Ladies Committee meeting, Helena May Institute 3.30 p.m.

Opening of Kwai Chung Salvation Army Girls Home, Castle Peak Road, near Tsun Wan, 5 p.m.

Bridge-Mahjong Drive, European YMCA, 2.30 p.m.

Splish and Dance Night, European YMCA, 7 p.m.

Coming Events

TOMORROW

Guest Night (first of the season) at European YMCA, 6.45 p.m.

Sino-British Club Symphony Orchestra Concert, St. Stephen's Girls College, 8.30 p.m.

SATURDAY

Grand Bazaar, King George V School, at school grounds.

SUNDAY

Lectures on "Archeology" by Miss M. Stuart, European YMCA, 3.30 p.m.

Dewali Festival, prayers at Sikh Temple, 7 p.m.

TUESDAY

Hindu New Year Day Dinner Party at Rose Garden, H.K. Hotel, 8 p.m.

Shanghai Bridge House Trial

(Continued from Page 1)

The prosecutor said Watson will describe how he was brutally beaten, how he was subjected to the painful water torture, and how his torturers gave him electric shocks in order to make him confess to imaginary offences.

Watson was imprisoned in the cell opposite to that in which William Hutton was confined and on several occasions Watson saw Hutton being beaten mercilessly by Yoshida. He heard Hutton's screams of agony while Yoshida hit Hutton with a rifle and stamped on his broken, yet living, body.

Watson witnessed Hutton growing gradually mad as the result of tortures, continuous and inhuman. Hutton was eventually stripped naked, under Yoshida's supervision, and was then tied up with a rope—like one would tie up a pig. Yoshida assisted in this brutality said the prosecutor. Tied up, Hutton shouted that he was being killed. The more he shouted the more he was beaten by Yoshida and others, added the prosecutor.

The prosecutor said that Watson will tell of his own protests to the guards over Hutton's pitiable condition. The only answer from the Japanese was to beat Watson.

Mentally Deranged

Hutton was left in his cell, bound with ropes, for five days; naked and filthy and mentally deranged. Finally, Watson was ordered to go into Hutton's cell and release him from his ropes.

The prosecutor added that at that time Hutton was a pitiable sight, still bound, and almost completely mad after his days of continued agony. The ropes tying his wrists had worked their way deep into the flesh. Watson was made to untie these ropes, undoing the knots with his teeth.

This occurred on Friday, August 13. On the same day Watson and Hutton were driven back to Haiphong Road Camp. On Sunday, August 15, Hutton was removed to the Country Hospital where he died the same day.

The prosecutor said that a Hans Rechlin will be tendered to corroborate this evidence. Rechlin identified Yoshida as the man who tortured Hutton, and described his own beatings and tortures.

The prosecutor said that Rechlin stated that when Hutton first came into the cells he appeared to be normal and in good physical condition.

Near Death

Mr. J.E.P. Blenkinsop who was a Chief Inspector in the Shanghai Municipal Police, added the prosecutor, has stated that when Hutton was taken out from the Haiphong Road Camp on August 2 he was in perfect health, but that when he was returned he was in an unconscious state and apparently near to death.

Dr. S.D. Sturton, said the prosecutor, saw Hutton on his return to Haiphong Road and has described certain marks which were cut into Hutton's flesh. These marks were in the form of letters.

This evidence will be corroborated by an affidavit of Dr. Calame who carried out a post mortem examination of Hutton's body in the presence of Dr. Croset, representing the Swiss Consul-General, added the prosecutor. The Prosecution will show that before he died, Hutton, while in a mental and physical state of degeneration due to his tortures, had carved various letters and words on to his own skin.

The Prosecution will also produce photographs of Hutton's body, taken during the post mortem examination which clearly show the deep wounds on the wrists, where the victim was so tightly bound that the ropes cut deeply into the flesh, and the general condition of the body, said the prosecutor.

This and other evidence, the prosecutor said, will conclusively prove that the persons mentioned in the first charge were brutally ill-treated and inhumanly tortured by the accused Yoshida, and that at the time of these tortures the accused Kinoshita was the Officer-in-charge of the Kempei Tai Units in Shanghai, including the Branch in which the war crimes took place against helpless and innocent civilians.

Second Charge

The second charge is against General Kinoshita Eiichi only. It deals with the ill-treatment and death of a Chinese male named Vong. Vong was imprisoned in the Bridge House cells in November 1942. He died in those cells as a direct result of the inhuman ill treatment which he then received said the prosecutor. He added that Vong was deliberately starved to death.

He said that during 27 days imprisonment Vong was starved of all food and water. He was thrashed and beaten almost daily until he died. Mr. H.F. Pringle will describe Vong's last days of starvation and death, said the prosecutor.

Mr. Pringle he added, will describe how Vong's hands were kept in handcuffs for the whole period of his imprisonment, and he will recall how, on one occasion, Vong had his hands manacled outside the bars of the cell while his hands were beaten with a rope. Vong screamed and cried for mercy, but received no mercy. Vong died after 27 days and Mr. Pringle will tell of the condition of the corpse which he helped to remove from the cell, said the prosecutor.

The prosecution will prove he added, that General Kinoshita inspected the cells during Vong's imprisonment and that Kinoshita personally saw Vong's condition, and that he ignored Vong's cries for food and water.

The third charge is against Kinoshita only. It relates to the ill-treatment of the following civilians, resulting in physical suffering to them all:—

The Reverend W.H. Hudspeth, Henry Forsythe Pringle, Edwin Arthur Thompson, Kenneth William Johnstone, James Robert Canning, William Slade Burgey, Arthur Vincent Toovey Dean, C.D. Kurnaeff, Patrick Samuel Gibbons, Alexander Haindravn, Morris Joseph Soulevitch, Evans Davis, Lark S. Frank and Boris Topas all persons who were imprisoned in Bridge House Shanghai. In addition, there are three men who were ill-treated in the Union Jack Club premises on Myrburgh Road in Shanghai, these are Eric Davies, J. A. Cook, B. P. Young.

The prosecution, said the prosecutor, will call evidence to prove that in the case of each of the civilians, they were imprisoned in the places mentioned, usually without any charges being preferred against them.

The prosecution will prove he added that they were imprisoned in unhealthy and dirty cells, and will bring evidence to show that all the men were subjected to various kinds of ill-treatment and tortures carried out with deliberate intention by the Kempei Tai, personnel working under General Kinoshita.

The prosecution will, he added, prove conclusively that General Kinoshita was well aware of the appalling conditions under which the prisoners, and numerous other civilians, were confined. Evidence will be called, he said, to prove the conditions in the cells and the methods of torture.

In the case of witnesses who are now at remote distances the prosecution will tender their evidence in the form of affidavits or other written testimony.

The following tortures to which the prosecution witnesses will testify follow:—

Prisoners were slapped and kicked. They were beaten with bamboo poles and other objects. Their naked bodies were subjected to terrible tortures including the water torture which rendered them unconscious through having large quantities of water poured into them.

In addition, prisoners were often subjected to electric shocks applied to the tenderest parts of their bodies. They were tied down, naked and helpless, while burning cigarettes were placed in their nostrils, and applied to sensitive parts of their bodies including their genital organs, causing excruciating pain and often rendering the victims unconscious.

The Prosecution will also prove said the prosecutor, that prisoners were subjected to these and other tortures in order to make them confess to imaginary offences against the Japanese.

The prosecution will produce the sworn statements of the accused in which General Kinoshita states that he personally visited the Units under his command.

Witnesses will testify that the accused personally saw the revolting conditions under which these prisoners were confined, and in the light of this, and other evidence, the prosecution will show that General Kinoshita was concerned in the ill-treatment of the persons mentioned in the charge, and that the ill-treatment amounted to a War Crime against the Laws of Humanity, and against the Laws and Usages of war.

The first witness, Mr. H. F. Pringle, an Australian, aged 49, said he was general superintendent of the Shanghai Telephone Co. Fed. Inc., Shanghai.

On October 6, 1942, he was attending office as usual when Shinahara, the Japanese general manager of the Telephone Company, called with seven men from the Japanese Gendarmerie and told him he was wanted for questioning.

They acted quite nicely to him at first, but as soon as they arrived at Bridge House their demeanour suddenly changed.

"Put out that cigarette, and go in," one of the men ordered, as he was being led into Bridge House.

Inside witness was asked to stand. He leaned against a chair and put one of his hands in his trousers pocket.

"Or I'll Slap Your Face"

"Take your hand out of your pocket, you English bastard, or I'll slap your face," one of the men told him in English.

Permits For Kai Tak Field

The Kai Tak airfield authorities will introduce a system of permits on November 1 for individuals and vehicles whose duty makes it necessary for them to enter prohibited areas at Kai Tak.

This does not affect the entry into the Airport by the Main Gate as far as the Terminal Building.

Any person who does not hold a special permit issued by the Department of Civil Aviation, or any vehicle which either does not bear the markings of an Airline Company, or display a vehicle permit or obtains prior permission will be refused permission to proceed beyond the Gate at the Terminal Building or to enter the Airport via the ex-Flycatcher Gate.

Trespassers will be prosecuted.

Mr. Pringle said he was then ordered to fill out a form giving particulars of himself, after which he was to take out everything from his pockets and also to remove his necktie. This done, one of the gendarmes told him that this was Bridge House, and that he was not to speak or else he would have his throat cut.

After checking details, Mr. Pringle was taken to cell No. 3, a room measuring 19 feet by 11 feet, into which 16 Chinese men and three foreigners including a 46-year-old Russian woman, had already been incarcerated.

They were all very dirty, some suffering from bad skin diseases and everyone had lice. A bucket in a sort of open alcove served as a lavatory, the odour from which was overpowering. There was only one electric light.

For the first week the foreigners were allowed out into the yard to wash under the tap, but later they had to wash in a bucket of water brought into the cell.

The Chinese prisoners had all to wash in one bucket of water.

For food the foreigners had four ounces of dry bread and a small cup of tea. The Chinese had a bowl of plain boiled rice instead of bread.

For exercise they were allowed to pound round the cell for 15 to 20 minutes a day.

Leaning against the wall was not permitted, and lying down was a privilege given only to those who were sick. They had to spend their time sitting or squatting on the wooden platforms.

At night they were provided with a blanket each some of them got two each and slept on the floor close together. A foreigner was not allowed to sleep beside another foreigner.

Strung By Thumbs

Another foreigner, Douglas Fleming, aged 62, was brought into the same cell shortly after Mr. Pringle. He was taken out early next morning and was brought back two hours later in a terrible state, having been strung up by the thumb and tortured.

Nothing happened to Mr. Pringle during the first week, but on October 10, about midnight, he was suddenly awakened and taken to an interrogation chamber above the Gendarmerie office, where he saw seven men in civilian clothes, all members of the Gendarmerie, including an interpreter named Ukumizo.

Ukumizo, also known as "Jimmy", speaking perfect English, said: "We are going to ask you a few questions, and if you are frank with us you will soon be released."

Mr. Pringle was first questioned regarding some papers taken from his pockets and then he was referred to a file from his office in which were some outstanding bills for telephone rent etc. on the Japanese Consulate, the Army, Navy and Gendarmerie in Shanghai dated May 1938, which had not been paid. These were mere formal reminders with telephone numbers and addresses on them.

When Mr. Pringle explained the purpose of these bills, a Japanese gendarme by the name of Yokohata banged his fist on the table and shouted in English, "Liar". Through the interpreter Mr. Pringle was told that the numbers were official Japanese numbers which witness had kept for spying on the Japanese forces.

Alleged Spy Ring

"A spy ring has existed in the Telephone Company, and you are the second in command, K. W. Johnstone is the chief of the organisation," Mr. Pringle was told.

Upon Mr. Pringle denying the allegation, Yokohata said "As you have not been frank, we shall have to take it out of your body."

They all then left the room, leaving behind only the interpreter Ukumizo with Mr. Pringle, who was advised to confess. "The worst will be three or four years in prison" he was told.

Upon Mr. Pringle protesting his innocence he was led down to the Gendarmerie office below where he saw two benches being placed in position and a gendarme named Suzuki testing an electrical apparatus.

"Go over to that desk and write a farewell letter to your wife. You have just 10 minutes to do it," he was told while he received two blows across his face.

When the 10 minutes were up, and Mr. Pringle had not written any letter, his jacket was removed and his inner vest rolled up. A towel was tied over his eyes, and he was pinioned to the two benches with his hands tied behind him. His trousers and underpants were then pulled off and his legs were tied with cords to the benches.

An electro was then applied to his navel and another applied to his nipples, lips, nose and ears.

Agony Unbearable

The agony was so unbearable that he struggled and the benches collapsed. The benches were set up again and Mr. Pringle was flung down on them. This time handcuffs were applied to his ankles.

This time the electros were also applied to his private parts, and the pain was so terrible that he screamed as he had never screamed before, until he lost consciousness.

When he came around he found hot coffee being poured down his throat; and the same torture was then repeated. This time, due probably to the batteries running out, the pain was less unbearable.

This piqued the Japanese who then subjected Mr. Pringle to the water torture, with someone sitting astride his stomach, jumping up and down all the time.

Once again Mr. Pringle lost consciousness. On recovering he found the interpreter Ukimizo scowling "Speak, you bastard, speak."

The water torture was repeated, and Mr. Pringle forgot how many times he lost consciousness. Next morning two persons carried him back to his cell.

Nothing happened during the next 10 days, but at the end of that period he was again taken up to the interrogation chamber where Ukimizo warned him, "You had better speak".

This warning was accompanied by blows from the fist and sticks, and when he fell on the floor he was kicked. Eventually a blow to the jaw put him out.

New Technique Tried

When he regained consciousness Mr. Pringle's persecutors adopted a new technique. The prospect of repatriation was held out to him.

"Forrestier and Petroff have already confessed, and if you do likewise, you will be allowed to leave on a repatriation ship," Mr. Pringle was told.

It was another fortnight before Mr. Pringle was again taken for interrogation, when he was pounded with the accusation "You did listen in" for one whole day; but they could get nothing out of him.

Mr. Pringle related how the Japanese tortured Vong, a Shanghai Chinese civilian, how he was mercilessly beatened and starved, how he appealed in vain to General Kinoshita on his knee for mercy. Vong eventually died from starvation and torture.

Further hearing was adjourned to 10 a.m. this morning.

CORRESPONDENCE

Why Blame Servicemen!

Sir,—As known to all, prostitution is an old age profession whose origin is untraceable and its extirpation will never be accomplished, and to our reader John Ward I will stake my life if he can exterminate prostitution in this colony. Naturally, its alleviation is possible and in the interest and benefits of the public I wish John Ward success, but, a vast majority of Servicemen, like myself feel impelled to remonstrate against the contemptible statement that Servicemen increased the rate of prostitution in this colony. If I may be permitted, I would like to inform John Ward that this statement had a devastating effect on the morality of decent, clean-living men in the Forces and on every tongue there is a query "Who is John Ward?" In relation to "Fair-minded's" letter (October 22) I feel compelled to agree that John Ward is but a newcomer to the colony or his eyesight failed to observe many Civilians in the "dives" and cafes of Kowloon associating with prostitutes and I don't mean Servicemen dressed as civilians. Therefore, John Ward's remark bears no significance or proof, because everybody is blamed for the present situation. I would also like "Nearly an N.C.O." to take notice as I'm sure his remark on Servicemen's manners and behaviour has caused bitter resentment amongst the ranks. Perhaps this future N.C.O. has forgotten the differences of Service pay. A Serviceman cannot afford to make his presence known in high-class hotels among the "socialites" of Hong Kong or any other locality, for example, I know a married man who draws $15 a week as his pay. Now tell me, how would you live to be sociable after deducting your weekly necessities from $15 especially with the high cost of living in the colony. As a serving member of the British Forces this near-NCO should be utterly disgraced for 'running down' the men who serve under his orders, men who have fought to bring peace and goodwill to earth and mankind.

In my opinion the concluding factor from all the angles of this subject is that prostitution will never be eliminated as its sustenance is found in every class in life. I could write a book on this subject alone, of its psychological effects, religion, depravity, morals, etc., but my present occupation deters my ambitions therefore I will restrain from saying more and leave the solution to John Ward.

(Sgd.) FISHER.

Food For Thought

Sir,—I have been following very interestedly the little discussion people have been having in your columns, and I think that our friends in the service, who have taken the time and trouble to defend their respectability, have more or less side tracked the argument into a channel which is going away from Mr. Ward's letter, (in which he was complaining primarily on the subject of prostitution in the Colony) to the subject of the British people in Hong Kong and their general attitude to the Serviceman.

To those of you who would condemn the civilian in Hong Kong, I would like to say, please open up. It doesn't get you anywhere, and besides your letters tend to sway towards the "Kettle calling the pot" style. If you are really an honourable and unimpeachable character, just remember these few words once said in this country: "He who can swallow an insult is surely a true man!"

Think it over friends, was it really necessary?

J. H. J.

* * *

"INVESTOR".—Don't you think it would be more appropriate to make your enquiry of the Company concerned?—Ed.

White Mammoths?

Sir,—It was very interesting the other day to read that a block of 191 apartments is being erected in the West Point area for $6,000,000.

It was especially interesting in the light of the reports that Government has spent $5,000,000 on the 26 apartments at Leighton Hill.

Of course there are apartments—and apartments—but still and all, there is quite a difference in the amount of accommodation provided, which seems to merit an explanation.

How about a frank and open statement covering all Government accommodation, and the finance involved therein, now that the Colony is out on its own in this direction, and the community are footing the bill. Is there any valid reason for a veil of secrecy over what should be simple

SHERMAN X. POTOMAC.

* * *

A CORRECTIVE

Our attention has been drawn to the letter published under the heading "It was a grievous sin" in our issue of yesterday. We agree that having regard to the clear terms of the motion and of the speeches, particularly those of the proposer and seconder, the implication in that letter is unwarranted. Whilst it is the policy of this paper to publish the views of its readers on matters of public interest, it by no means follows that we share them and in the case we would like to make it quite clear that we do not share the views expressed in that letter and do not impute any bad faith to any of the Honourable Members of the Legislative Council referred to in that letter.

Chan Man-woo, aged 28, who tried to bring a fael of gold, valued at $300, out of Hong Kong by train on October 26 morning, had his gold confiscated by Mr. W. H. Latimer at Kowloon yesterday when he was charged by Revenue Officer D. H. Knox with exporting gold without a permit.

This elegant cigarette comes to you from London, England.

Smoke it, slowly, *for sheer love of luxury*

Sole Distributors

80 cents for 20

Reliance Trading Co. Ltd.,
David House, Hong Kong

P. L. SMITH (1929) LTD., BURLINGTON GARDENS, OLD BOND STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND

SIBERIAN FUR STORE

(Expert Furrier)

27 DES VOEUX ROAD, C., HONG KONG (TEL.25934)

132 NATHAN ROAD, KOWLOON (TEL. 59850)

FURS!

COATS!

JACKETS!

CAPES!

AND

SILVER WHITE PLATINUM RED

FOXES!

THE LONG ESTABLISHED AND RELIABLE PLACE FOR YOU TO BUY SELECTED QUALITY FURS.

QUALITY GUARANTEED!

COLD STORAGE DURING SUMMER FOR THREE YEARS FREE OF CHARGE.

西伯利亞皮貨行

"THE RITZ"

DINE and WINE

AT THE BEST SPOT IN TOWN.

BEST MUSIC

BEST DANCE FLOOR

BEST ATMOSPHERE

BEST FLOOR SHOW

CHOW BROS.
Expert Ventriloquist in Birds Singing and Animals Roaring.

Phone 27880—For reservation.
Address: 329 King's Road.

HERE AT LAST!

NEW

THE NEW

ROYAL PORTABLE

with FINGER FORM KEYS

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO. LIMITED

Specialists in Office Equipment.

11, Chater Road. Tel. 31022

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

20 Words $2 for 1 insertion
$1 for every additional insertion
10 cents every additional word per insertion
(Alternate Insertions 10% Extra)

BIRTHS, DEATHS, MARRIAGES, PERSONAL $5 per insertion of 25 words. 25 cents every additional word per insertion.

Classified Advertisements, accepted up to 5 p.m. for publication in the following day's paper.

Replies for the Following Box Nos. are awaiting collection.

Nos. 646, 648.

Replies will be forwarded to the Advertiser if requested on the original form which should bear their name and address.

A suitable announcement will be inserted Free of Charge if Advertisers' requirements are satisfactorily answered.

POSITIONS VACANT

SHORTHAND-TYPIST required by British organisation. Starting Salary $400.00. Apply in own handwriting stating age, education and experience. Box 652 "China Mail"

BRITISH TEACHER: on general English, class 3-6 in private tuition school, Hong Kong. Four half-days weekly. (Reply Stating Salary to Box 654 "China Mail".

WANTED—Clerk with good knowledge of English and book-keeping. Reply stating experience and remuneration required. G.P.O. Box 130.

WANTED EXPERIENCED Cashier for British Firm. Will applicants apply stating experience and salary required, to Box No. 650 "China Mail".

POSITION WANTED

EXPERIENCED PREWAR English Speaking Driver looking for the post of private car driver moderate salary. Write Box 653 "China Mail".

WANTED KNOWN

WHAT ABOUT that small Christmas Present for those at Home? —The RMS "Canton" will be the last ship to reach England in time for Christmas and BOND STREET W.1. At The Hong Kong Hotel has one hundred and one suitable Gifts.

KING'S Music Company, announcing the arrival of new pianos, by well-known makers, in various modern designs of walnut and mahogany, fully tropicalized. Inspection cordially invited. 5, Chiu Lung Street, Telephone 30439.

JUST UNPACKED fresh consignment of Ladies Hats, and a variety of Artificial Flowers, Feathers Veiling, Etc. To meet individual tastes. Call at MAYO'S 7, Alexandra Building to make your selection.

LADIES, we have at your service all specialized operations for Helena Curtiss cool waves, machineless oil perms, hairdyes & manicure—ROSE MARIE Beauty Parlour—Phone 60384—43, Hankow Rd., Kowloon.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

MAY BE BOOKED AT THE SWINDON BOOK STORE, 25 NATHAN ROAD. TEL. 59327

CARPETS & RUGS.—Genuine Peking and Tientsin, lovely designs and colourings, various sizes. Come and inspect at The China Rug Co., Kayamally Building, 4th Floor (Opposite Hong Kong Hotel). Queen's Road, Central.

NEWLY ARRIVED Underwood Typewriters, standard and portable, finest typewriter ribbons and carbon papers, obtainable at The World Typewriter Co., 46, Wellington Street, Hong Kong. Tel. 20506

RENOMMEE Imported and Locally made Autumn dresses, suits, coats, 503 Victory House, 5, Wyndham Street.

MME DOBRY WEDDING GOWNS and FUR COATS. Day dresses in silk and wool. Evening and Cocktail frocks. Woollen suits, coats and cardigans. Evening skirts and blouses. Orders Taken. 221-222 Gloucester Bldg. 2nd Floor.

HAIR DRESSING class to begin in November. If interested register at Sui Lan Hairdressing School, 523 Nathan Road 1st floor, Kowloon. Tel. 60342.

DANCING LESSONS

BALLROOM DANCING—"Made Easy" for Beginners. "Advanced Variations" taught. "Specialities" —Rumba, Samba, Tango, Jitterbug, Tap. (Enquiries 1-3 p.m.)—Tony Hudson, 512, China Building.

PREMISES WANTED

AMERICAN family requires five room house or apartment Hong Kong side willing to pay construction money. Reply Box 648 "CHINA MAIL".

FURNISHED FLAT with garage Hong Kong side. Three in family willing to pay $1,000 monthly for suitable apartments. Reply Box 647 "CHINA MAIL".

CARS FOR SALE

GOOD Used cars available at reasonable prices. For demonstration and further particulars, please apply. The Hong Kong Hotel Garage, Ltd., Stubbs Road. Tel. 27779.

FOR SALE

HARLEY-DAVIDSON motor-cycle 750cc. in good running condition, $1250 or nearest offer. Inspection at Bowrington "Motors" 36 Bowrington Street Wanchai.

CEMENT, best Belgian Portland blast furnace used for largest works, cheaper than local article, stored Westpoint sea front. K.P.O. Box 1624.

CHINESE Embroidery goods of all descriptions, retail and wholesale at factory prices. The Eastern Embroidery Company, 45, Chungking Arcade, Kowloon.

RACE Binoculars: "Carlzeiss" Distinctly powerful. Special weight. Lenses crystal-clear. Large eye-pieces enabling dusk observation. Practically new. $135. G.P.O. Box 415.

PEKING TIENTSIN RUGS for sale, just arrived, best quality, beautiful colour. Reasonable price, please visit: Chung Hsing Co. 17 Wyndham Street.

PENCILS per dozen, lead $1.25 & $1.70, blue checking $1.80, red checking $1.50 hard copying $2.50, at Ye Olde Printerie, Ltd.

SPECIALITY — Orders accepted for Parcel Post—Fine hard Chocolate in well soldered tins 3 to 10 lbs., to any address at lowest wholesale Prices. We take care of packing and forwarding without extra cost. Alex Chocolate Co. King's Building, 3rd floor (opposite Star Ferry). Tel. 32614.

PLASTIC-BACKED Carbon Paper, more expensive but does not curl and last much longer, at Ye Olde Printerie, Ltd.

OLD LIBRARIES Renovated in choice tropic and insect-proof materials, at Ye Olde Printerie, Ltd.

LOOSE-LEAF BINDERS made any size to accommodate company records or account sheets, at Ye Olde Printerie, Ltd.

PRINTING of every description executed with accuracy and promptness. Ring 23123 and our representative will call on you. Ye Olde Printerie, Ltd.

BRITISH STRING, in 1-lb. balls, thick, medium, fine, at Ye Olde Printerie, Ltd.

AIR PILOTS' Log Books, strongly bound in hard covers, printed on good paper, at Ye Olde Printerie, Ltd.

PLAYING CARDS and Bridge Scorers with contract rules, at Ye Olde Printerie, Ltd.

CHILDREN'S PARTY Cards in several designs, at Ye Olde Printerie, Ltd.

INLAND REVENUE 1947 Ordinance with tables, at Ye Olde Printerie, Ltd.

PILOT RADIOS: Same reliable pre-war quality now obtainable at popular prices, made possible only by increased demand and large sales. All-wave sets from $240 each. Obtainable at all the better dealers or direct from: Colonial Agencies, Tsekoochoy Bldg., 14 Queen's Road. Phone 26310.

COMPANIES ORDINANCE No. 39 of 1932, as amended by 29 of 1933, 24 of 1935, 15 of 1936, at Ye Olde Printerie, Ltd.

CHINA MAIL POSTCARD—$1.50 for 6 or 30 cents each. Obtainable at all leading Book Stores and "China Mail" Office.

CHINA MAIL X'MAS CARDS at 50 cents each, with envelope to match. Obtainable at all Leading Book Stores and "China Mail" Office.

CHINA MAIL PICTORIAL at $2.00 per copy. Obtainable at all Leading Book Stores and "China Mail" Office.

HONG KONG FILM AND THEATRE NEWS at 50 cents per copy. Obtainable at Leading Book Stores, Newspaper Sellers and "China Mail" Office.

HONG KONG & DIRECTORY (1948 Edition)—Containing Hong List, Government Offices, Hospitals, Schools, Churches, Consulates, Services, Clubs, Agencies, Who's Who, and Residences. All information complete to March 31, 1948. On sale at all leading Book Shops and "China Mail" Office.

HONG KONG TRAMWAYS LIMITED

MONTHLY TICKETS

Monthly tickets for the month of November may be obtained, as follows:—

New tickets for passengers not holding a ticket for the present month can be obtained only at the Traffic Office, Canal Road East, on and after 31st October.

Existing tickets can be renewed at the Traffic Office, Canal Road East, on the 26th and 27th October and from 2nd November.

Existing tickets may also be renewed at Queen's Building, Connaught Road Entrance, near Star Ferry, on the 28th, 29th and 30th October and 1st November.

V. WALKER,
Acting General Manager.

October 25, 1948.

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB

Draft Programmes and Entry Forms for the Ninth Extra Race Meeting to be held on Saturday, November 6, 1948, (weather permitting) may be obtained at the Secretary's Office, Exchange Building; the Club House, Happy Valley; and the Stables, Shan Kwong Road.

Entries close at 12 o'clock NOON on Thursday, October 28, 1948.

By Order,
S. A. Sleap,
Actg. Secretary.

LAMMERT BROS.

Auctioneers, Surveyors and Appraisers, Fedder Building. Telephone No. 20224.

PUBLIC AUCTION

The Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction on

Friday, the 29th October, 1948 commencing at 2.30 p.m.

at their Sales Rooms, No. 35 Hankow Road, Kowloon.

A Fine Collection of VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

comprising:—

Oak Wood Dining Room Suite, Chesterfield Suites, Writing Tables, Book Cases, Tea Poys, Cabin Trunk, Camphorwood Chests, Typewriters, Perambulator, Babies Cots, Hand Sewing Machines, Tape Measure, Tientsin Carpets, Wardrobes, Dressing Tables, Low Boys, Single & Double Bedsteads, Bed Side Tables, Sideboards, Glass Cabinets, Dining Tables, Chairs, Mirrors, Odd Tables, E.P.N.S. Ware, Cutlery, Wardrobe Trunk, Single Divans, Radiator, Vases, Rattan Ware, Crockery, Blackwood Cabinet, G.E. Refrigerator, Record Player, Table Ornaments and Radios, Etc., Etc.

On View from Thursday, 28th October, 1948.

Terms: As Customary.

LAMMERT BROS.,
Auctioneers.

NOTICE

HONG KONG AIRPORT —KAI TAK PERMITS

As from November 1, 1948, it is proposed to introduce a system of Permits for individuals and vehicles whose duty takes them into those areas of the Airport prohibited to the General Public.

This does not effect the entry into the Airport by the Main Gate as far as the Terminal Building, provided persons do not digress from the roadway. Henceforth, from the above mentioned date, any person who does not hold a special permit issued by the Department of Civil Aviation, or any vehicle which either does not bear the markings of an Airline Company, or display a vehicle permit or obtains prior permission will be refused permission to proceed beyond the Gate at the Terminal Building or to enter the Airport via the ex-Flycatcher Gate.

Persons disobeying this Notice will be liable to prosecution for trespass.

A. J. R. MOSS,
Director of Civil Aviation.

Hong Kong, October 26, 1948.

CHINA LIGHT & POWER COMPANY LIMITED

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

Notice is hereby given that an Extraordinary Meeting of the Company's Shareholders will be held on the 27th day of November, 1948, at 12 noon, in the Company's Hong Kong Office, St. George's Building, 2nd floor, Chater Road, Victoria, Hong Kong, for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, of passing the following resolution as a special resolution, namely:

"That the Company's Memorandum of Association be altered in accordance with the Companies (Reconstruction of Records) (Amendment) Ordinance, 1948, Section 25A, by the deletion of the words "The registered office of the Company will be situate at Victoria, Hong Kong," and the substitution therefor of "The registered office of the Company shall be situate within the Crown Colony of Hong Kong"."

By Order of the Board of Directors,

P. W. A. WOOD,
Secretary & Chief Accountant.

The Royal Hong Kong Yacht Club

Usual Thursday boat routine today for Club night.

On Saturday October 30, boat will leave Kowloon at 8.15 and 8.45 for Yacht Club via Queen's Pier.

Boat for Kowloon at midnight and 1.10 a.m.

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEES
PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE
of the
VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY
situated at
HOK UN IN THE COLONY OF HONG KONG
SUBSECTION 3 OF SECTION A OF KOWLOON MARINE LOT NO. 53
to be sold
by
PUBLIC AUCTION
on
FRIDAY
the 29th day of October, 1948, at 3 o'clock p.m. at French Bank Building, Victoria, Hong Kong
by
Mr. A. E. B. DE SOUSA
AUCTIONEER

For further Particulars apply to:—

Messrs. A. S. K. Lau & Co.,
Solicitors for the Mortgagees,
Wang Hing Building, Second floor,
10, Queen's Road, Central,
or to
Mr. A. E. B. De Sousa,
The Auctioneer.

THE HONG KONG ART CLUB

Members are reminded that the monthly Exhibition, to be held at the Helena May Institute on October 28, the selection will be made of the exhibits to be hung at the Annual Exhibition.

Members are particularly requested to follow carefully the instructions in my circular letter of October 2, and to ensure that their exhibits are delivered to the Helena May Institute before noon, individually labelled, and accompanied by a list in duplicate.

LUIS CHAN,
Honorary Secretary.

October 25, 1948.

N.A.A.F.I.

FOR SALE

1 x 15 cwts. FORDSON (Military Type)

1 FORD COUPE

1 STATION WAGGON

The above vehicles may be viewed at No. 36 Godown, Canton Road, Kowloon on the following days and times:—

Saturday October 30, Sunday October 31, and Monday November 1. From 10 A.M. to Noon.

Tenders in a sealed envelope to be addressed to District Manager, N.A.A.F.I., Exchange Building, will close at 12 noon on Friday, November 5, 1948.

Envelopes are to be marked "TENDER"—Vehicles.

Service Auction Rooms

A. E. B. de Sousa, Auctioneer.
Auctioneers, Surveyors, etc.
Basement, French Bank Bldg., Telephone 31867.

Public Order Ordinance Becomes Law

The Ordinance giving the authorities increased power to deal with subversive political organisations and individuals became law yesterday.

The Legislative Council passed the second and final Readings of the Ordinance to facilitate the maintenance of public order and safety.

The Bill giving Magistrates authority to order deportations also passed its Second and Third Readings.

Other bills which received final approval of the Legislative Council were an Ordinance shortening the redemption periods of pawned articles, and an Ordinance conferring immunities and privileges on the the staffs of international organisation of which the British Government is a member.

At the same meeting, the Legislative Council passed the First Reading of a Bill authorising pensions in respect of periods of service during the war which intervened between an appointment to the Colonial Service and the actual taking up of duties of the appointment.

A Bill amending the Education Ordinance also had its First Reading yesterday. The amendment authorises the appointment of medical officers as Inspectors and Sub-Inspectors of Schools to facilitate the control of infectious diseases in schools.

The Legislative Council yesterday also approved the Urban Council's amendments to the Hawkers Ordinance. The amendment were made to facilitate greater control over ice cream vendors.

CHARGED WITH SALE OF CHILD

Lam Yau-cheung, aged 46, and his 45-year-old wife, Ng Ah-ching both of 122 Fuk Wing Street ground floor, were charged before Mr. J. Wicks at Kowloon yesterday with taking part in the sale of a one-year-old child on September 17.

Defendants were, on the application of Mr. A. C. Tribble Assistant Social Welfare Officer, remanded until tomorrow when the mother of the child, Tsang Ho, aged 35, of Taikoktsui Village, will be brought before the court, on remand, on the charge of selling her son, Kong Chiu-kei, at the Peiho Restaurant.

Tsang was charged on Tuesday and, at the request of the same officer, remanded for three days.

CARNIVAL — By Dick Turner

"See if Miss Nelson's nail polish is dry yet—I want her to take a letter!"

BARCLAY ON BRIDGE
By Shepard Barclay
"The Authority on Authorities"

KEEP 'EM IN THE DARK

"IF YOU won't help this sinner, please don't help that bear," were the approximate words of an old song about a prayer by a hunter that had been treed. The same principle may well be applied by a bridge player to the bidding of his partner Except that his variation should say, 'Please don't give the opponents information that will help them instead of us." One situation in which you find too many fair players violating that principle is with one holding a splendid hit for the other's major suit, but bidding another suit instead and thereby telling the opponents how to defend against the eventual contract.

	S Q 9 7 3 H A K Q 9 D 9 5 2 C K 10	
S 6 2 H 8 4 3 2 D K 7 C 9 6 5 4 3	N W E S	S 8 5 H J 7 6 5 D A 8 6 4 3 C 8 7
	S A K J 10 4 H 10 D Q J 10 C A Q J 2	

(Dealer South. Neither side vulnerable.)

South	West	North	East
1 1 S	Pass	3 S	Pass
6 S			
2 1 S	Pass	3 H	Pass
4 C	Pass	4 S	Pass
4 NT	Pass	5 D	Pass
5 S			
3 1 S	Pass	3 S	Pass
4 C	Pass	4 H	Pass
4 S			

What would you lead against the bidding at Table 1? Probably the heart 2 or club 4. This West picked the heart, and the slam was a cinch, with hearts furnishing two discards in diamonds.

What would you lead against the bidding at the other tables?

In either of those cases a keen player should select the heart K. It would win, so would the A, and the repeat would give West a ruff. That would make enough tricks to set the 5-Spades and enough to hold the 5-Spades to exactly the contract. In the case of Table 2, the bidding would have shown you that. North had hearts and South had clubs, making diamonds almost obligatory for your first lead. At Table 3, the cue-bidding of the club and heart aces would tell you that East had the diamond A, and your choice of a diamond lead was easy.

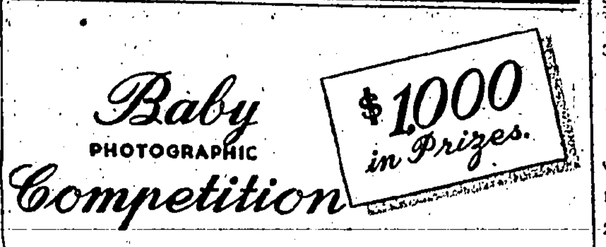
Obviously, the pair which bid and made the 6-Spades by direct action got the best score where this hand was dealt. It did not have a clear top, however, because another pair also scored the slam. There North, instead of giving helpful information to the enemy, upset them with misinformation. Over the 1-Spade he forced with 3-Diamonds, hoping thereby to shut off a lead of that suit. He succeeded, and the heart lead enabled his partner to score the slam they eventually bid.

Tomorrow's Problem

	S 10 6 3 H K J 9 4 D A K 8 3 C J 5	
S A H A Q 10 7 5 3 D 7 6 4 2 C 10 3	N W E S	S 9 7 4 2 H 8 6 2 D 9 C A 9 7 6 4
	S K Q J 8 5 H None D Q J 10 5 C K Q 8 2	

(Dealer. South. East-West. vulnerable.)

What are the two kinds of situations in which you should take out a business double by your partner?



FOUR SECTIONS:
Each With 1st, 2nd and 3rd Prizes

1st PRIZE $100 **2nd PRIZE $75** **3rd PRIZE $50**

CHINESE BABIES

SECTION (A)
For Babies Not Over 6 Months

SECTION (B)
For Babies Not Over 18 Months

NON CHINESE BABIES

SECTION (A)
For Babies Not Over 6 Months

SECTION (B)
For Babies Not Over 18 Months

THE JUDGES OF THE COMPETITION WILL MAKE THEIR SELECTION FROM THE PHOTOGRAPHS AS PUBLISHED IN THE "WEDNESDAY SUPPLEMENTS" OF THE "CHINA MAIL."

BEFORE THE PRIZEWINNERS ARE ANNOUNCED THERE WILL BE A SPECIAL COMPETITION WITH A PRIZE OF $100 FOR THE PERSON WHO PLACES THE TWELVE PRIZE-WINNING BABIES IN THEIR CORRECT ORDER—AS DECIDED BY THE JUDGES—OR FOR THE PERSON WHO IS MOST NEARLY CORRECT.

ALL YOU HAVE TO DO IS, SEND A STUDIO PORTRAIT (FOR PREFERENCE) OF YOUR BABY. THE AGE MUST CONFORM TO THE LIMIT STATED FOR EITHER SECTION, AT THE TIME OF ENTRY.

FILL IN COUPON AND CLEARLY MARK YOUR ENVELOPE "BABY COMPETITION" CHINA MAIL, WINDSOR HOUSE.

WATCH THE FOLLOWING WEDNESDAY SUPPLEMENTS OF THE CHINA MAIL FOR FURTHER ANNOUNCEMENTS.

THE CLOSING DATE FOR COMPETITION WILL BE ANNOUNCED LATER.

MEMBERS OF THE STAFF OF THIS NEWSPAPER WILL NOT BE ELIGIBLE FOR THIS COMPETITION.

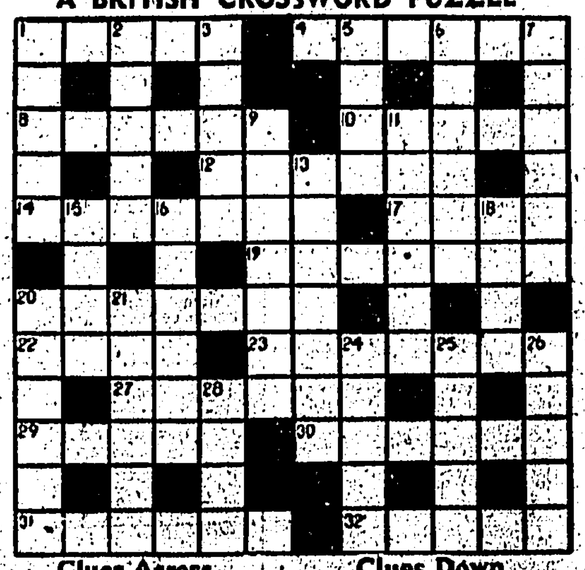
CHINA MAIL BABY COMPETITION

I have attached the photograph I wish entered for this Competition and state that the baby's age is not over 6 months or 18 months (Delete whichever is inapplicable) AGE .....

NAME: .....

ADDRESS .....

A BRITISH CROSSWORD PUZZLE



Clues Across

1. Ludicrous.
4. Water-diviner.
8. Pale.
10. Month.
12. Indian corn.
14. Scatters.
17. Bring up.
19. Water-girt areas.
20. Credit.
22. Final word.
23. Came in.
27. Card game.
29. Part of a spur.
30. Lounge unfidily.
31. Strata.
32. Moistens.

Clues Down

1. God of love.
2. Thaws.
3. Offence against the law.
5. Precious stone.
6. Conceal.
7. Governors.
9. Set free.
11. Freebooter.
13. Agrees.
15. Particular.
16. One of royal birth.
18. Tool.
20. Tub.
21. Ground to be made up.
24. Luke-warm.
25. Dominion.
26. Block-heads.
28. Having wings.

Yesterday's Crossword

ACROSS:—3 Approach; 5 Peel; 9 Resolute; 11 Repaired; 13 Lose; 15 Preceded; 18 Narrated; 19 Show; 21 Separate; 25 Confused; 26 Clap; 27 Suddenly.
DOWN:—1 Spur; 3 Deep; 4 Pier; 5 Rood; 6 Azure; 7 Heeds; 8 Ripen; 10 Sewer; 12 Earth; 14 Scant; 16 Dates; 17 Dread; 19 Sacks; 20 Owned; 21 Sure; 22 Peal; 23 Able; 24 Espy.

MacDonald Warns: "Terrorism Not Over"

London, October 26.

Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, British Commissioner General for South East Asia, said here today that it would take some months before the terrorist forces in Malayan could be completely destroyed, because of the jungle conditions.

"However long it may be, I am afraid we must expect a continuance of assassinations, sabotage and arson. We cannot keep a continuous guard over every village, estate and bungalow and every isolated place in the country," he said.

Mr. MacDonald, who was speaking at a special press conference added: "There is evidence that it was the decision of a gathering of international Communists that the Communist Party in South East Asia generally should stir up as much trouble as they could for the constitutional authorities whether these latter were the British Government, Asian Governments or other governments."

Mr. MacDonald said the Communist Party in Malaya totalled something like 12,000 in 1946-47. The terrorists now carrying out their "murderous attacks" numbered between 3,000 and 5,000.

The terrorists were nearly all Chinese. Of 430 terrorists killed or captured by the security forces since the beginning of June 407 were Chinese, 15 Malays, two Indians, four Indonesians and one Siamese. But that did not mean that the Chinese community as a whole supported the Communists. The contrary was true. Nearly all the Chinese looked forward to the day when the Chinese Communist terrorists would be completely overthrown.

Outside Pressure

The terrorists were not only largely of an alien movement but were refugees who had come from outside of Malaya. Their inspiration did not come from inside Malaya.

"There is plenty of evidence that the decisive factor which may have begun these outbreaks was communist pressure from outside."

He did not think the terrorists were able to get very much support from outside either across the land frontier or along the coasts "We have patrols on land and at sea and we are constantly checking up. A little may be slipping in but our information shows that our methods are pretty effective."

Other points he made were: The trade unions', emergency powers had "very strong" support of trade unions leaders in the country. Many of them were coming to discuss the situation and urge as strong methods as possible to destroy the terrorists movement which was trying to break up the true trade union movement.

He declined to give the names of these trade union leaders "because there is a risk that they would be murdered in the next few days if the terrorists could get them".

A Pretty Penny

"Social Services: We are doing everything we can to raise the standard of living in Malaya. We fully recognise that you cannot destroy Communism by an inactive policy.

"Expenditure: Fighting this emergency is costing the local taxpayers pretty large sums. It may well be that the cost before it all ends will be so great that there will have to be some slowing down of expenditure: in which direction and to what extent I do do not know but we shall slow down as little as possible.

Fighting Forces. A very large force indeed was fighting the the Communists in Malaya. It included a very large group with the Guards Brigade, a police force of over 10,000 men and a purely defensive force of auxiliary police of 10,000 and special constables of 25,000. The special constables were a very strong deterrent against this campaign by would-be alien tyrants of the peoples of Malaya.

The Government of Malaya was satisfied that it was getting enough supplies of arms.

Mr. MacDonald said that 223 civilians had been murdered by terrorists—17 Europeans, 169 Chinese, 25 Malays, seven Indians, two Javanese and three primitive natives in the jungle.—Reuter.

ISRAEL TO HANG ON TO NEGEV

Tel-Aviv, October 26.

A Jewish Government spokesman today indicated that Israel has no intention of giving up one inch of the territory it has conquered in the Negev area in Southern Palestine.

Abe Herman, Foreign Office spokesman, said the Jews had received the acting United Nations mediator's request that Jewish forces withdraw in the Negev to the positions they held before October 14, when fighting flared up.

Mr. Herman emphasised that this request from the mediator, Dr. Ralph Bunche, was seperate from the Security Council's cease fire order. There was no suggestion of troop withdrawal in the cease fire order, according to Mr. Herman.

He added that there would be no Jewish reply to Dr. Bunche's request before tomorrow.

An Israeli military spokesman said today that "all was quiet on the southern front" but minor operations were going on in the North of Palestine.

The most important Israeli stronghold on the Lebanese front—the police fortress of Nebi Yousha, captured by Israeli forces in May—was shelled this morning by Lebanese forces and Arab irregulars, he said.

The spokesman denied Arab reports that the hill settlement of Menarah, overlooking the Israeli life-line to the North, was occupied by the Arabs.—United Press and Reuter.

SOVIET SECTOR SABOTAGE

Berlin, October 26.

The Soviet Sector police announced tonight that a technical breakdown in the Soviet Sector power station last night was due to "an act of sabotage."—Reuter.

RADIO

This is Radio Hong Kong broadcasting on a frequency of 845 kilocycles per second and on 9.52 megacycles per second in the 31 metre band.

H.K.T.

12.30 p.m.—Daily Programme Summary.
12.32 p.m.—"Here We are Again". Vocal and Orchestral (ORBS).
1.00 p.m.—Edmundo Ros and His Rhumba Band.
1.15 p.m.—News, Weather Report and Announcements.
1.25 p.m.—Interlude.
1.29 p.m.—"Nothing But Music". Played by the Queen's Hall Light Orchestra (ORBS).
2.00 p.m.—Close Down.
6.00 p.m.—Programme Summary.
6.01 p.m.—"Off the Shelf".
6.30 p.m.—"From the Films".
7.00 p.m.—Edith Lorand Hor Viennese Orchestra and Marta Eggerth (Soprano).
7.30 p.m.—La Demi-Heure Francaise (Studio).
8.00 p.m.—World and Home News (London Relay).
8.15 p.m.—The University Programme—Social Science No. 4: "Social and Political Theory" by Professor G.H.D. Cole (BBCTS).
8.35 p.m.—"Concerto"—Concerto in B Mino, Op. 104 (Dvorak), Pau Casals (Cello) and the Czech Philharmonic Orchestra.
9.15 p.m.—A Play: "Wanted on Voyage", by Jack Shepherd. Episode 9: "Minute Two". Produced for the Hong Kong stage Club, by Jack Shepherd (Studio).
9.45 p.m.—Selections from the Broadway Success "Brigadoon".
10.00 p.m.—World and Home News (London Relay).
10.15 p.m.—Weather Report.
10.16 p.m.—A Piano Recital.
10.30 p.m.—Music for Dancing.
11.00 p.m.—Radio News Reel (London Relay).
11.15 p.m.—Weather Report and Close Down.

COMING TO THE KING'S

Five Killed At Funeral Service

Venice, October 26.

Lightning struck a church today during the funeral service for a young girl.

Five persons standing near the coffin were killed.—Associated Press.

A Shock For Belgrade

Budapest, October 26.

All senior members of the Yugoslav Legation in Budapest, including the Charge d'Affaires, resigned today stating, in a signed declaration, that they opposed Marshal Tito's policies and fully supported the Cominform resolution denouncing him.

Among the group are the Deputy Foreign Attache and the Yugoslav Consul.

The Budapest correspondent of the Yugoslav news agency has also resigned.

The Minister himself is at present in Belgrade, and has not resigned.—Reuter.

ONLY ONE LIVED

Copenhagen, October 26.

Fifteen seamen were drowned when the 392-ton Danish vessel, Carl, was wrecked last night off the Finnish coast. Only one man was saved.—Reuter.

BERLINERS TOLD TO DEFY REDS

Berlin, October 27.

German anti-Communist leaders told Western Berliners today to resign themselves to the hardships of a winter blockade.

They urged them to remain defiant to the Russian pressures.

This was their reaction to Russia's veto of the Berlin compromise resolution in the United Nations Security Council.

Anti-Communist spokesmen also expressed pessimism that any further attempts to solve the blockade deadlock at Paris would have any success. They urged the Western Allies to step up their airlift still further to pull the city through the winter.

Meanwhile, the Russian-controlled press here attempted to justify the Soviet action contending the Western Powers were "blocking a Berlin solution."

The Russians also took new measures designed to win over Berliners.

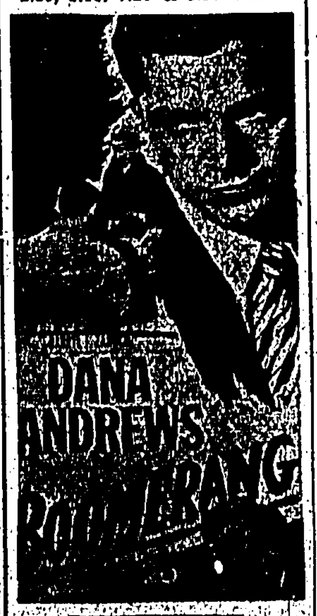
One of these was an order for a general wage increase for all workers in the Soviet sector of the city. The raises authorised range from five to 30 per cent over the level established in May 1945 after the German capitulation.—Associated Press.

LEE THEATRE
ADVANCE BOOKING OFFICE
CHINA TRAVEL SERVICE
6, Queen's Road, Central, Gr. Fl.
Booking Hours: 11.00 A.M. TO 5.30 P.M. DAILY.

Commencing Today At 2.30, 5.15, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

ALSO LATEST GAUMONT BRITISH NEWS

STAR ★ Phone 58335
17 Hankow Road, Kowloon.
TODAY ONLY at 2.30, 5.10, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.



—TOMORROW—
"AN IDEAL HUSBAND"
Starring
Paulette Goddard
Michael Wilding

SHOWING TODAY MAJESTIC At 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.20 p.m.

NEXT CHANGE: JEANNE CRAIN in "MARGIE" COLOR BY TECHNICOLOR

COMIC OPERA COUP

PLOTTER HUNTER WAS HIMSELF A PLOTTER

Bangkok, October 27.

The police major general whose responsibility it was to round up plotters in the spurious Siamese coup d'etat of October 6, was arrested today as a suspected plotter himself.

In an equally bizarre sequel to the foiled attempt to seize the Government, another person suspected of implication in the plot announced his candidacy for the National House of Representatives.

The police official taken into custody was Major General Chamnien Vasansomsid, Chairman of the Plot Investigation Board.

Chamnien was arrested because of alleged dealings with others rounded up as plot suspects.

The candidate suspect is Lieutenant-General Sinard Yotharak, former Minister of the Interior, who went to the provincial headquarters today under heavy guard and wearing handcuffs to file his papers for the candidacy.

The Government accepted the filing but said that the candidacy would be voided on election day, December 4, if Sinard is still being held.

Sinard is alleged to have been the prospective Prime Minister of the group which attempted the coup.

Court charges against the principal plot suspects, who include two other major generals and a former Premier, Thawi Bunyaket, are being placed.—Associated Press.

He Got Short End Of Stick

Shanghai, October 27.

A sum of US$14,987 deposited in a Chinese bank before the war is worth nine Gold Yuan (less than US$2) according to a decision handed down by Chief Justice Hsu Fu-kee of the Shanghai District Court.

The man at the short end of the stick is Albert Thordsen, a German refugee who deposited the US currency with the Chekiang Industrial Bank before Pearl Harbour. After V-J Day the Chinese Government's Alien Property Administration said he was an enemy national and confiscated the money.

Mr. Thordsen appealed to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs in Nanking. The Ministry ruled he could reclaim his money at the official rate of exchange.

The APA took out its abacus, converted the US currency into 29,000,000 old Chinese dollars at the official rate prevailing on April 30, 1946 ($2,000 to US$1). Now, two and a half years later, it blithely converted it back to US at the revised new rate of exchange of $3,000,000 Chinese dollars to US$1.—Associated Press.

WINDSOR LEAVES —LONDON

London, October 27.

The Duke of Windsor left London last night on the ferry train for Paris. While in London the Duke visited the King and Queen and Queen Mary.—Associated Press.

OPENING TODAY Queens AIR-CONDITIONED At 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 p.m.

TEN MILLION PEOPLE ROARED AT THE STAGE PLAY—

Paramount Presents
WILLIAM HOLDEN
JOAN CAULFIELD
Dear Ruth
with
BILLY DE WOLFE
EDWARD ARNOLD
MONA FREEMAN
MARY PHILIPS · VIRGINIA WELLES
KENNY O'MORRISON
ADDED! Latest News Of The Day!!

ORIENTAL AIR CONDITIONED
Take Any Eastern Tram Car or Happy Valley Bus
Today Only: At 2.30, 5.00, 7.25, 9.45 P.M.
THE BIGGEST & THE BEST CHINESE FILM EVER PRODUCED FOR THE SCREEN!

TOMORROW—FIRST TIME IN HONG KONG
THE CISCO KID IN
"ROBIN HOOD OF MONTEREY"

SHOWING TODAY KING'S AIR-CONDITIONED At 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 p.m.

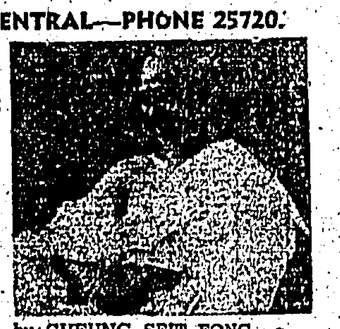
ALSO LATEST WALT DISNEY'S COLOR CARTOON
"DONALD'S DREAM VOICE"

ALHAMBRA THEATRE
TODAY ONLY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

RICHARD ATTENBOROUGH
HERMIONE BADDELEY
WILLIAM HARTNELL
...BOULTING BROTHERS' production of
Brighton Rock
CAROL MARSH

ADDED! LATEST PATHE NEWS!!
OPENS TOMORROW!
"HAUNT OF THE EASTERN CITY"
A Cantonese Picture

CENTRAL THEATRE
270, QUEEN'S RD. CENTRAL—PHONE 25720.
TONIGHT AT 8 P.M.
THE GREATEST CHINESE OPERA OF ALL TIME PRESENTED BY
LIU HOP WOI
"DREAMING BEAUTY"
IN CANTONESE

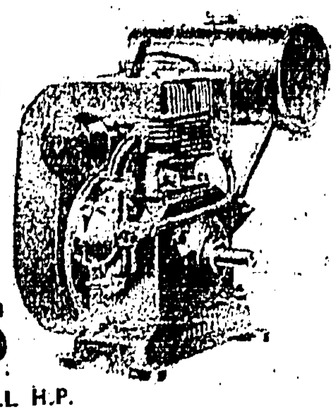


Art and Technique by: CHEUNG SEIT FONG
COMPLIMENTARY TICKETS ARE NOT VALID

TODAY ONLY Cathay AIR-CONDITIONED At 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 p.m.
NANKING ROAD, SHANGHAI

TOMORROW ONLY · TYRONE POWER · RITA HAYWORTH in
"BLOOD AND SAND"— COLOR BY TECHNICOLOR

AVAILABLE FOR INSPECTION IN HONG KONG



VILLIERS

2-4 STROKE SMALL H.P.

PETROL POWER UNITS

DESIGNED FOR DRIVING
PUMPS COMPRESSORS, INDUSTRIAL
MACHINERY & SIMILAR INSTALLATIONS

Enquiries to

SWIRE & MACLAINE LTD.
ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT
1 CONNAUGHT RD. C. TEL. 30331.

APB16.

The Moment You've Installed Your

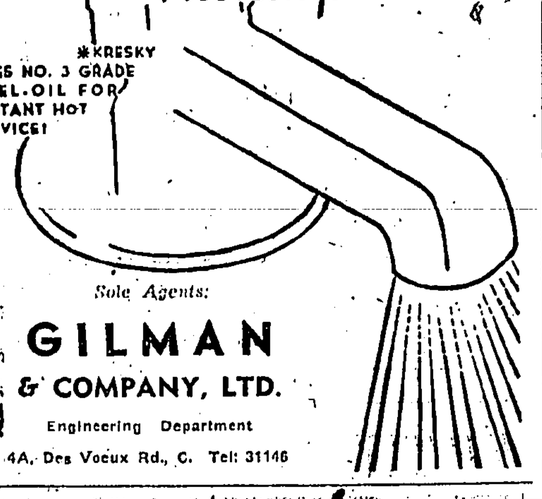
KRESKY

Oil-Fired*

Hot Water System

You'll agree, it's a

Luxurious Necessity!



*KRESKY USES NO. 3 GRADE FUEL-OIL FOR INSTANT HOT SERVICE!

Sole Agents:

GILMAN & COMPANY, LTD.

Engineering Department

4A, Des Voeux Rd., C. Tel: 31146

Thor PORTABLE POWER TOOLS

PNEUMATIC
UNIVERSAL ELECTRIC
MINING & CONTRACTORS

INDEPENDENT PNEUMATIC TOOL CO.

TOOL MAKERS SINCE 1893

THOR HAMMERS

Thor Hammer Construction is the achievement of long years of engineering experience in the building of pneumatic tools. Designed and developed by engineers whose substantial contributions to the craft of tool making have won acclaim in the most remote corners of the globe, Thor Hammers embody those improvements in design and construction so essential to tools that must stand up under the shock and strain to which they are subjected in modern industry.

YU TUNG TAI LTD., *Engineering Dept.*

218, Queen's Building. Telephone: 23145

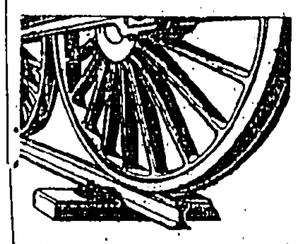
Distributors for Hong Kong and China.

ENGINEERING PAGE

PULSATOR GIVES VALUABLE FATIGUE TESTING SERVICE

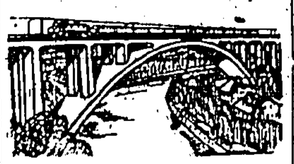
Multitude Of Uses Found For It

1.) What is the idea of Pulsating Tests



Example 1: Railroad: A heavily loaded goods-train runs over the track. Every wheel slight bends the rail when it passes between the sleepers. The rail thus is subjected to a series of constantly and rapidly succeeding bending stresses. The rail is not deformed permanently, but according to the amount of traffic, it is subjected to more or less heavy fatigue.

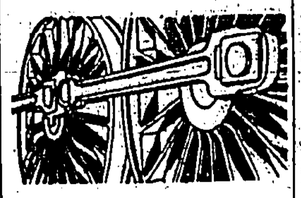
The PULSATOR imitates such bending stresses. It can even amplify them, and thus determine in a short time what material would render the longest and safest service.



Example 2: Reinforced Concrete Bridge: Trains, carts, cars, lorries etc. passing over a bridge set up vibrations, more or less heavy, according to the state of the road surface or the weight of the vehicle.

What concrete composition and what reinforcement will now give the surest service?

The PULSATOR gives the answer! Concrete beams are subjected to rapidly succeeding bending stresses, thus imitating the vibrations set up by traffic.



Example 3: Connecting Rods and Connecting Rod Ends. They evidently are subject to constant and quickly changing stress variations. How can the best material to withstand such stresses be determined in the quickest and surest way? Naturally by a PULSATOR.

2.) Short description of Pulsators and Tests

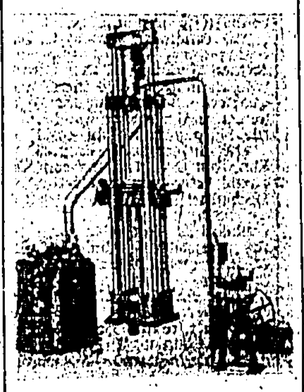


Fig. 4. "Amsler" 100 tons Pulsating Equipment, 100 tons Tensile Testing Machine of specially high design, for static and dynamic tests, with Pulsator, Pendulum, Dynamometer and Pump. Pulsation test in tension.

Hydraulic Testing Machines are used in conjunction with Pulsators (fig. 4) and rapidly produce load variations of high magnitude in full-size test bars and other large specimens inserted in the testing machine.

The load variations take place between two definite limits set by the operator, and these load limits remain constant during the period of test, independent of deformations of the test piece during such period.

The pulsating force exerted by the straining ram of the hydraulic testing machine can be utilised for rapidly repeated stress tests in Tension, Compression or Bending, and depends solely on the type of testing machine and the particular manner of inserting the test-piece.

The Pulsator is in direct connection with the straining cylinder of the testing machine through a pipe of large diameter.

The specimen is subjected to a pre-load, identical with the lower limit of the pulsating load. A small auxiliary pump on the pulsator automatically maintains this pre-load.

The adjustment of the upper pulsating load limit is effected on the large capacity pulsator by adjusting the stroke of the pulsator ram, and on the standard capacity pulsator by displacing the phases of the connecting rod mechanism.

* * *

3.) Test Pieces

Fig. 5: The material is turned on a lathe into the well-known tensile specimen with shouldered ends and is then gripped within the testing machine between spherical seatings in the usual way.

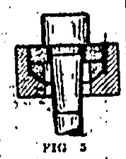


FIG. 5

Fig. 6: Plain round and flat bars are gripped between serrated wedges.

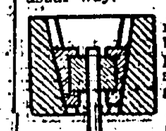


FIG. 6

FIG. 7

Fig. 7: Wire ropes are provided with sockets at the ends and are then held in the wedge chambers of the machine.

Fig. 8: Transverse specimens are simply placed between the bending tools.

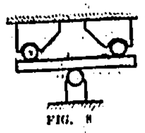


FIG. 8

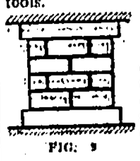


FIG. 9

Fig. 9: For compression tests the standard compression tools are used.

Pulsators for Fatigue Tests

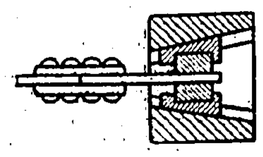


Fig. 10: Riveted parts are held within wedges.

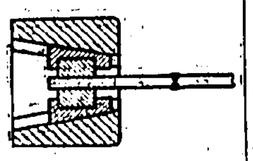


Fig. 11: Welds are gripped like plain bars.

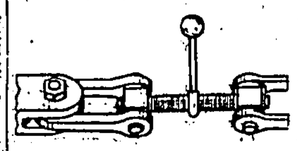
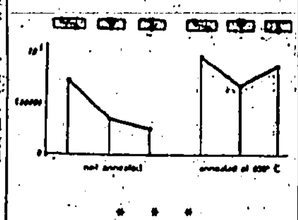


Fig 12: For Assemblies special shackles are made.

* * *

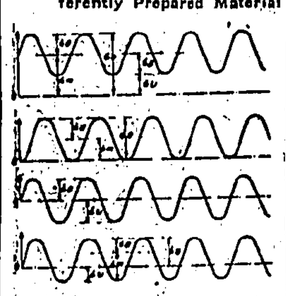
4.) Tensile Fatigue Tests

Load impulses between 1 gk/mm² (lower load limit) and 19 Kg/mm² (upper load limit). The specimens are electrically welded bars of the sections shown above. The tests show that annealed material supports a considerably higher number of load impulse before it fractures. See fig. 13.



* * *

5.) Comparative Tests on Differently Prepared Material



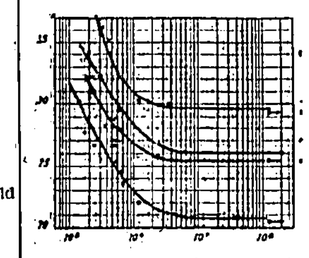
The fig. 14 shows in kg/mm² the fatigue strength as obtained by pulsation tests of material of similar quality and section, but prepared differently. It shows:

a) flat bar
b) plate flat bar with hole
c) bar with one rivet
d) bars with two rivets
e) bars with 4 rivets
f) bars with 6 rivets
g) one-side weld
h) two-side weld

Fatigue Tests of Specimens of Different Thermic Treatment

rolled material
annealed at 925° C, then rapidly cooled
annealed at 925° C, then slowly cooled
overheated to 1175° C

The tensile strength is highest in the case of rolled material, whilst it falls off in the case of quickly and slowly cooled annealed specimens and reaches the bottom in the case of material which was overheated. See fig. 15.



PULSATORS can also be used for alternate pulsating tests.

Such an arrangement permits of producing alternate tensile and compression stresses on this and that side of the neutral (unloaded) condition of the specimen. The four figures 16 graphically illustrate the different pulsating possibilities.

Pulsating in the positive or in the negative field.

Pulsating between zero and one positive or one negative load.

Pulsating between an equal positive and negative value.

Pulsating between differently high positive and negative values.

Agents for "AMSLER" PULSATING Equipment: Siber Hegner & Co., Ltd., Shanghai.

Irrigation By Remote Control

The water-flow of the Rangitata river irrigation scheme in New Zealand can be switched on and off from a central position through an electrical remote control apparatus, which has been supplied by the General Electric Company, Limited, Magnet House, Kingsway, London. The water-flow through various parts of a diversion race of the river is controlled by five vertical lift gates, operated by electric motors. All the gate positions are linked by overhead pilot wires to the irrigation headquarters, where the control panel and its equipment are installed. On this panel each gate is represented by an indicating lamp and a lever type "select" key. There are push buttons marked "up" and "down" and "stop," and an indicator showing the position of any gate. To "select" a gate the appropriate "select" key is depressed so that a "start" signal is transmitted to the control equipment and the "sending" selector is adjusted for the particular station required.

Supervisory equipment at all the gates is set in motion by the transmission of another signal over the pilot wires. The indicating lamp adjacent to the appropriate "select" key shows the operator that the gate required has been properly chosen. He then depresses the "up" or "down" press button, energising or de-energising a master relay, so that the gate motor is run in the appropriate direction or stopped. When any selection or operation has been completed, the equipment is restored to normal by replacing the "select" key on the control panel. The system does not interfere with local electrical or manual operation of any gate; and any operation of this kind can be checked from the control panel by the position indicator.

WILLIAM JACKS & Co., Ltd.

OFFER FROM STOCK

ASBESTOS CEMENT ROOFING SHEETS AND RIDGES

HARDBOARDS INSULATION BOARDS
BRASS RODS & SHEETS
BOLTS & NUTS RIVETS
PIPE

PUMPS & PUMPING SETS
FRACTIONAL MOTORS
ALL TYPES OF BELTING

CANVAS FIRE HOSE

ROOM 307, PRINCE'S BUILDING. TEL. 32227.

TECALEMIT

THE AUTHORITY ON LUBRICATION

Tecalemit, pioneers in the field, today hold the position as the largest manufacturers of Automobile Servicing and Industrial Lubrication Equipment in Great Britain.

AUTOMOTIVE

Automobile Servicing Batteries
Hydraulic Hoists
Air Compressors
Tyre Inflators
Grease Guns and Nipples

INDUSTRIAL

"BIJUR" Automatic Lubricators
"BRENTFORD" Automatic Lubricators
"LINE-O-MATIC" Automatic Lubricators
RADIAL Grease Pumps
"TECALEMETERS"—Liquid Measurement.

ALL TYPES OF LUBRICATION ARE CATERED FOR BY

TECALEMIT LIMITED

HYDRAULIC & MECHANICAL DESIGNING AND MANUFACTURING ENGINEERS.

GREAT WEST ROAD, BRENTFORD, ENGLAND.

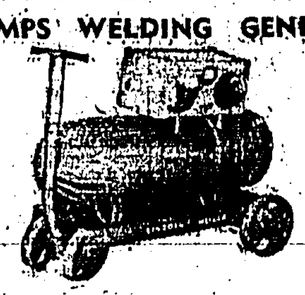
Sole Agents

LEBEL (China) LIMITED.

Union Building, Pedder Street, HONG KONG

THE LINCOLN

300 AMPS WELDING GENERATOR



SHIELD ARC WELDER'S
AUTOMATIC WELDING EQUIPMENT
FLEETWELD ELECTRODES

STOCKS CARRIED BY

J.P. INGLIS & SONS LTD.

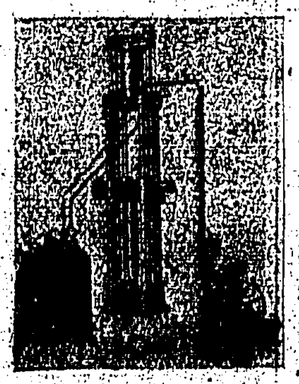
CORNER CHATHAM and MATAUWEI RD. KOWLOON. TEL. NO. 58954.

Representative For South China and Hong Kong

THE LINCOLN ELECTRIC CO. AUSTRALIA. PTY. LTD.

TESTING EQUIPMENT

FOR ALL REQUIREMENTS



PULSATORS for FATIGUE TESTS

AMSLER 100 TONS PULSATING EQUIPMENT.
100 tons Tensile Testing Machine of specially high design, for static and dynamic tests, with Pulsator, Pendulum, Dynamometer and Pump. Pulsation test in tension.

SIBER HEGNER & CO., LTD.

TIENTSIN PEIPING HONG KONG ST. GEORGE'S BLDG. SHANGHAI PHONE 32278

316 sizes of ENDLESS V-BELTS CAN BE Replaced with only 4 sizes of VeeLink

As many as 316 sizes of industrial and fractional endless V-belts can be replaced with only four reels of VeeLink, the link V-belt. From these handy reels required belt lengths are quickly uncoupled, made endless and installed. Belt replacements for any type drive are always on hand. Rapid turnover of VeeLink on reels eliminates spare belt deterioration. Complex, costly belt inventories are ended. Stock records are simplified. Standard reels hold 100 feet, save storage space.

VeeLink goes on quickly and easily...lowers machine downtime. On drives with outboard bearings, it is installed without moving the motor or dismantling the machine. Savings on drives of this type have been estimated to run as high as 9/10 the cost of installing any other V-belt.

VEELINK V-BELT Adjustable to any Length Adjustable for any Drive

VeeLink—known throughout the United States—has proven itself in service on thousands upon thousands of drives. Wherever it is used higher levels of power transmission efficiency are attained.

Tested * Proved * Adopted by Industry

Stocks Of All Sizes Available

Sole Agents—**KIU FOONG TRADING CO.**

26, Connaught Road, C. Tel. 28403

FIRE

Automatic Fire Escapes
Canvas Hose
Fire Extinguishers

CO2 FOAM CTC

Fire Fighting Equipment
Trailer Pumps

APPLY

DEACON & COMPANY LTD.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

JOHN MORRIS & SONS LTD.
SALFORD
MANCHESTER

Hongkong Bank Bldg. Telephone 27306.

BRC FABRIC

ELECTRICALLY CROSS-WELDED
STEEL WIRE MESH
IN ROLLS OR SHEETS

FOR CONCRETE REINFORCEMENT

Stock Available

DAVIE, BOAG & CO., LTD.
Chartered Bank Bldg. Tel. 28117

Agents for:—
BRITISH REINFORCED CONCRETE ENG. CO., LTD.

INDUSTRIAL—COMMERCIAL

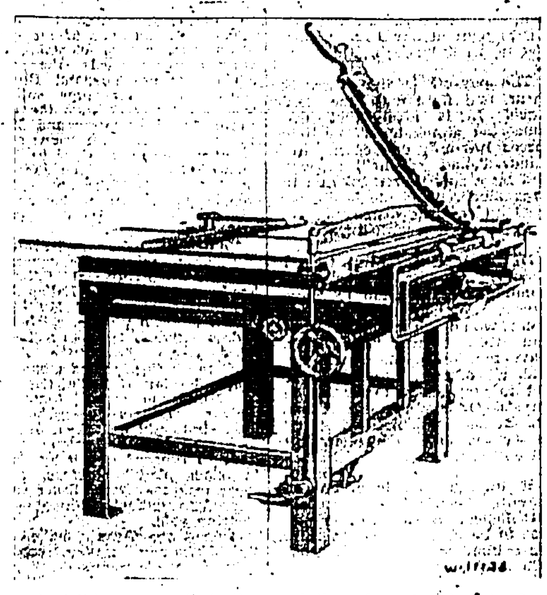
JOHNSON OIL BURNERS

BURNS HEAVY BUNKER OILS

Agents:
ANDERSEN, MEYER & COMPANY, LTD.
DAVID HOUSE TEL: 28031.

They Seem Unchanged But Serve Us Better

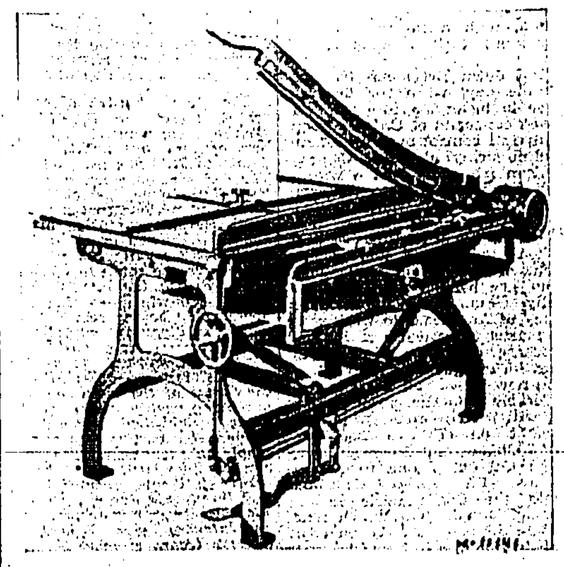
Some of the most remarkable advances in industrial progress that have been effected over a relatively short period of time in the design and fabrication of various types of machinery have gone virtually unnoticed, due to the gradual transition that has taken place. It is interesting to note however, that, although many structures appear somewhat similar, they are vastly different from the standpoint of durability, efficiency of operation and economy in manufacture.



A striking example is the evolution of a strawboard shear machine in which improved design through arc welding (see above) resulted in a machine base only one-third the weight of the original and costing sixty per cent less to produce.

On the unit of former conventional design the various members which were cast in individual pieces had to be hand fitted, drilled and bolted, all of which operations were eliminated by welded design.

With the old manufacturing method it was impossible to set up a line production system which is now utilised with the shielded arc process.



A modification of redesign on another model shear is shown in above. Here, the unit was constructed by cutting steel plate members to resemble the shapes of those used for the shear of conventional construction.

NEW PRODUCTS AND THEIR NEW PROCESSES

By MICHAEL GRANT

George Wimpey and Company, Limited, civil engineering contractors of Hammersmith, London, have successfully concluded experiments with a new lightweight concrete and have evolved a technique of pouring the shells of houses in situ with this material. The new building material, called Situfoam, and the new type of construction is especially important for use in tropical and desert areas as no large aggregate is required and the material has excellent insulating properties.

"Thermacoust" is the name of another new building material, manufactured by Thermacoust Limited, London, in boards and blocks composed of cement and wood wool. It is a sound-proof material, providing temperature insulation, the use of which has developed to such an extent that a new factory for its production has been erected at the Bentley Works, Doncaster, England. Another new building product, manufactured by the Cementation Company, the parent company of Thermacoust Limited, is "Thermagard." It is a product of steel and wood wool. Education authorities have given a very favourable reception to this new product which is likely to be extensively used in connection with Britain's school building programme.

Pre-cast or poured-in concrete walls have proved so successful in Britain that local authorities have been advised that contracts for such non-traditional houses which form part of the normal housing programme.

Textile Drier

A new automatic textile drying machine, invented in Britain, puts back the wandering cloth to its proper course, while it runs through the drying stove. Electronic control is obtained with the aid of photo-electric cells. The machine has been invented by Mr. L.C. Nield, engineer to a firm of bleachers and finishers, and has been developed by the textile firm of Tootal Broadhurst Lee and Company in conjunction with Ferranti Limited. The particular problem which the machine solves is this. After the pattern has been printed on to a roll of cloth, the fabric has to be dried.

In the conventional drying machines (called stenters) the material has to be fed by hand into mechnical friction-clips, or by automatic feeder. It often happens that the cloth, while running through the machine, wanders sideways and has to be put back to its proper course either by hand or by the automatic feeder. The first alternative is slow. The conventional automatic feeder is designed with the intention of bringing back the wandering cloth automatically onto its proper course, but displacement of the machine parts that carry the fabric does not compensate exactly for displacement of the selvedge, the border of the cloth so woven as to prevent ravelling. In the new electronic pin-wheel feeder pin-wheels and pin-chains are substituted for the mechanical friction-clips holding down the edges of the fabric.

It is these pin-chains which carry the fabric through the drying stoves. The selvedge of the fabric is passing beneath a photo-electric cell which is sensitive to changes in the amount of lighting falling on it, and that varies with the way in which the selvedge passes beneath the "electronic eye." The photo-electric cell instantly reacts to any changes and passes its "reactions" through an amplifier to the control motor, causing it to turn one way or the other, and as it does so, the motor turns the guiding pin-wheel which puts the wandering cloth back on to its proper course far more precisely than any conventional automatic feeder can do it. The drying fabric is thus always fed exactly a straight line.

Better Photos

A new source of continuous illumination, invented by Dr. J. N. Aldington of Siemens Brothers Limited, London, offers interesting possibilities in photography, particularly colour photography, television and cinematography. It is a gas arc in which current densities of the order of 100 amps per square centimetre are produced between tungsten electrodes in a column of the rare gas xenon. The new gas arc behaves electrically in the same way as a normal filament lamp, no device to limit the current is necessary, and can be turned on and off instantly with no warming-up period.

In all normal types of discharge lamp some means of limiting the current flowing in the circuit must be provided if the lamp is to go on burning steadily at its rated power level. Without an impedance of some kind the discharge once struck runs away with itself, for the resistance of the column of gas to the passage of the current decreases rapidly the greater the current flowing. If this is allowed to happen the gas heats up and eventually bursts the lamp. In the new gas arc the envelope, which is made of fused quartz, is designed to withstand these high pressures, and it is found that after the current has reached a certain value it no longer increases unless the voltage is increased. From this point the new gas arc can be used exactly as an ordinary electric filament lamp with the great difference that for many practical purposes its light is indistinguishable from daylight.

THE EFFICIENT DOUBLE ACTION

ATOMICAL SPRAYER
OF A THOUSAND USES!

For efficient, multi-purpose uses, ATOMICA-SPRAYER is recognised as a versatile instrument prepared to meet every hand-spray requirement. It is built to do a job simply, powerfully and efficiently; with the least number of moving parts. It is rugged to insure long life; light in weight for easy handling (5½ pounds without base) and portable for emergency use with either a pail, bucket or large vat. Contains interchangeable jet nozzles capable of supplying an even distribution of fine spray mists to cover the most tender leaves and plants or with sufficient force to enter jungled masses of shrubs and foliage, reach heights of 35 to 40 feet, or will saturate walls and buildings. Pressure developments of well over 100 pounds, controlled by the operator, account for these amazing variations.

ATOMICAL SPRAYER

is a self-contained unit—complete in itself. Its ease of operation is demonstrated even when handled by a child. It is most effective for spraying DDT Emulsion Solutions, Disinfectants, Insecticides, Fertilizers, etc., as free spraying in orchards, fruit groves and general insect infested areas.

This modern pump-sprayer is ideal for fumigating hospitals, theatres, public conveyances, public meeting places, chicken houses, barns, stables, etc. It is also of practical value for fire-fighting, whitewashing, pumping water out of boat bilges, for chemical treatment for vats, containers, etc.

For inspection or demonstration apply to:

RELY CHEMICALS
Sole Distributors in Hong Kong & China
Room 506, National Bank Bldg. Tel 25865

Also exclusive distributors for a number of well-known pharmaceutical houses in America including Metropolitan Laboratories Inc. (Injectables) Rare Chemicals Inc. (Hormones), Jamco Company (Vitamins) Etc.

HENLEY CABLES

FAMOUS FOR OVER A CENTURY

SOLE AGENTS

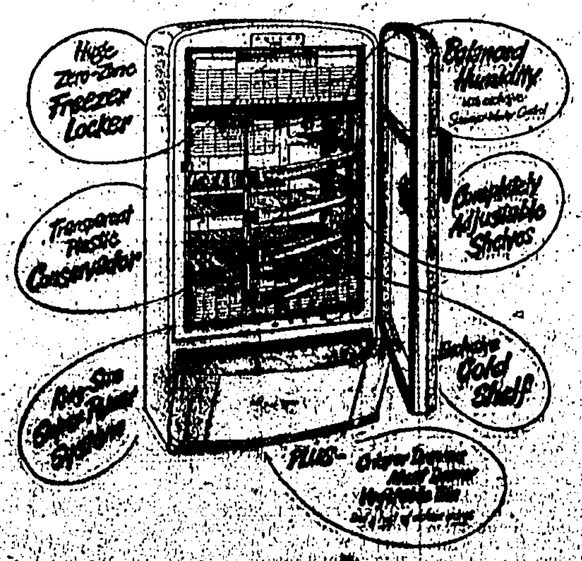
THE JARDINE ENGINEERING CORPORATION.

14-16 PEDDER STREET, HONG KONG.
TELEPHONE 30311.

Again! **THE REFRIGERATOR WITH ALL THE FEATURES!**

PHILCO

Famous for Quality the World Over



Distributed By:
GILMAN & COMPANY LIMITED
REFRIGERATION DEPARTMENT
Gloucester Arcade Telephone 63461

SWIRE & MACLAINE LTD.

Engineering Department

are pleased to announce that, in addition to their existing Engineering agencies, they now represent the following British firms:—

FRANCIS SHAW LTD.
Plastic Moulding Machinery, Tyre making Machinery.

H. WIDDOP & SONS LTD.
Marine Diesel Engines 80/500 H.P.
Generator Sets.

ETCHELLS, CONGDON & MUIR LTD.
Industrial & Domestic Lifts.

R. R. HAWORTH LTD.
Textile Machinery & Accessories.

W. & J. FOSTER LTD.
Hand & Automatic Knitting Machines.

G. M. ENGINEERING (OTTERY) LTD.
"Otter" Brand Electric Water Heaters.

ENQUIRIES TO:

SWIRE & MACLAINE LTD.

APR. 15

TAA
TRANS-ASIATIC AIRLINES, INC.

NEXT FLIGHT

HONG KONG TO MANILA ..... 29th October, FRIDAY

TRANS-ASIATIC AIRLINES (SIAM) LTD.

NEXT FLIGHT

HONG KONG TO BANGKOK ..... 2nd November, TUESDAY

FAR EAST AVIATION CO., LTD.

Top Floor, National City Bank of N.Y. Bldg. Tel. 27250.

(Entrance on Duddell Street). Kowloon Tel: 57185

Air France
(FRENCH OVERSEAS AIRWAYS)

SCHEDULED AIR SERVICES

From HONG KONG To SAIGON

every SUNDAY

From HONG KONG To HAIPHONG & HANOI

every MONDAY

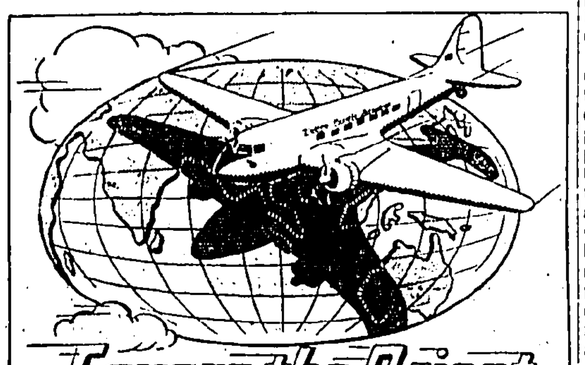
From HONG KONG To LONDON via PARIS

FRIDAYS, OCT. 29 AND NOV. 12

For Particulars Apply To:—

CIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

Queen's Building. Tel. 26651 (3 lines).



Covers the Orient

SAFETY · COMFORT · SPEED

SCHEDULED FLIGHTS

MANILA
Monday & Thursday

RANGOON
Monday

BANGKOK AND SINGAPORE
Monday & Friday

CHARTER TRIPS TO ANY COUNTRY

HONG KONG
Next Flight: 20th Nov.
SYDNEY

Cathay Pacific AIRWAYS

BOAC

HONG KONG AIRWAYS

Travel Comfort means
More Business Opportunity

Relax during your journey to United Kingdom in a comfortable spacious B.O.A.C. Flying Boat.

Arrive refreshed and able immediately to attend to your business.

Leaving Hong Kong every Thursday and Sunday.

Arriving United Kingdom Mondays and Thursdays.

HONG KONG AIRWAYS

HONG KONG—SHANGHAI
Every Tuesday & Friday
HONG KONG—CANTON
Four Times Daily
HONG KONG—MANILA
Every Thursday

For further information and bookings apply to the General Agents.
Telephone 27765 & 27766

JARDINE MATHESON & CO., LTD.
AIRWAYS DEPT., 4-8 CHATER RD.

CHINA MAIL
WINDSOR HOUSE

Editor-in-Chief:—W. J. Keates.
Asst. Editor:—Ian Mackenzie.
Business Manager: W. H. Nolloth

Telephones:
Editors 24354
Reporters & General Office 32312
(four lines)

Subscription Rates:
3 months ..... H.K.$16.00
6 months ..... H.K.$30.00
One year ..... H.K.$72.00

PRESENT AND FUTURE

The rising measure of Britain's economic progress is shown in the summaries of achievement and future programmes just published by the United Kingdom Government to explain its plans for the first full year of Marshall Aid. The salient facts about present British production compared with 1935-38 are that total industrial output was about 20 per cent higher and agricultural production 25 per cent higher.

The factors responsible for these changes are partly a result of British wartime and postwar economic policy. The substantial increase in manufacturing output reflects the Government's policy of full employment, the need to increase home manufacture in place of imports Britain can no longer afford, plus increased efficiency in a number of industries. Normal unemployment is less than 1½ per cent of the working population, and most of these 1½ per cent are re-employed quickly.

These improvements must of course be the spur to further effort. During the year ending June, 1949, Britain is planning for still further expansion. Although manufacturing production will continue to be limited by available supplies of steel and some raw materials, it is hoped to make an increase to a level 25 to 30 per cent above pre-war. Coal, it is anticipated, will expand at an annual rate of seven per cent, while agricultural production is expected to reach a level 35 per cent above pre-war.

Large scale and carefully planned capital expenditure will go hand in hand with these expansions in production. Over the next few years such expenditure should average £2,000,000,000 a year. While certainly not enough to meet all pressing needs this capital budget will go far to increase output per man-hour particularly in the long run. It is moreover a realistic programme within the limit of resources available and with priority being given to developments which will produce the quickest and most useful results. The key nature of the capital programme is brought out by the highlights of plans for the first year. Modernisation of coal mines and opening up of new pits, the continuance of building new electricity generating stations, oil refinery construction and development of crude oil resources in the Commonwealth, building of new railway rolling stock, continued expansion of steel plants, and further intensive development of the chemical and fertiliser industries are amongst the major projects now in hand or starting.

In the process of all this expansion there is not much chance—this year anyhow—of the British people having their standards of living improved. But this is policy which most British people realise is essential to their future well-being. It is essential for two reasons. First, to bring nearer the day when the gap on overseas trade, particularly with the Western hemisphere, will be closed. Secondly, so that Britain can fulfil her obligations to her overseas customers generally and play her leading part in Commonwealth development and European recovery.

PRISON BURGLED

London, October 26.

Officers of the London prison of Wormwood Scrubs got a surprise today when they found all their wines and spirits, valued at £50 gone. Thieves had broken in during the night by smashing a window at the mess, which is outside the prison walls.—Reuter.

THE TWENTY-SEVENTH INSTALMENT

The Stilwell Papers

DECEMBER 15—The Reds are no longer afraid [of Chiang K'ai-shek]. The Central Government men desert to them. One whole company deserted and the Reds sent the rifles back. "We can't force the men to return, but here are the rifles." More troops moved up to contain the Reds, but their propaganda is working. They feel that Chiang K'ai-shek's position is weak.

CONFERENCE WITH CHIANG Put it to him as to possible results of reneging on Burma operation. He has a trick solution: accept both of the plans offered by President: i.e., get ready [for Burma offensive] and be in position and then "when spring comes" decide if "conditions are favourable." If so, fight. If not, wait till November [1944]. Told him it was necessary to decide now, so troop moves could start. Asked him who would decide the case and he said he would! In other words, no fight. He never intended to.

[He] keeps coming back to the amphibious operation, promised by President. Told him present plan better than old one, except for size of amphibious operation. No soap. This amphibious operation is just "no good." We ought to attack Moulmein and "cut off the rear." Says we mustn't risk being defeated in Burma. The effect on the Chinese people would be too serious. The little hypocrite. Even at expense of remaining cut off—still he won't risk defeat. Of course, next November the same argument will be just as weighty.

May did her best. She realizes the implications and it drives her nuts. Wants a meeting with K'ung tomorrow to 'dope out something, but I can see she is pretty low and hasn't much hope of changing him over.

DECEMBER 16—Saw May and Ella. They're close to nervous prostration. Can't sleep. May said she *prayed* with him [Chiang] last night. Told me she'd done "everything except murder him." Ella says when he's tired he takes refuge in being "noble." We doped out what to do and decided on asking F.D.R. to send him a radio: "Expect you to lend same wholehearted co-op that the British gave Eisenhower."

Session with——, in which I gave him some dope to feed the G'mo. Asked him how come they had 300 divisions and couldn't fill up 10 [full strength divisions]. He said they were "useless." Imagine that.

Session with Ho Ying-ch'in. His usual line. "U.S. instructors can't live with Chinese troops—they wouldn't be comfortable. We can't *chao tai* [accommodate them] properly," etc., etc. Told him I had done so often and my people would, too. [He said], the Russians [previous Russian observers] had complained; it was very unpleasant. Told him we wouldn't and that we'd relieve the kickers. He pulled some stuff about training programmes and time limits and crap, and I told him the G-mo said we were welcome in all units, for indefinite stay. He said of course if I did not trust the Chinese officers we could send checkers to watch the motor movement. I told him that wasn't the reason: U.S. [money] was being spent and I was responsible for it and had to report. We got him on every count, and had him running so much that McCammon couldn't look at him toward the end.

(4:00 u.m.) Conference. More history made. When he says anything, it's so: i.e., "There are eight Jap divisions in Burma." He just says it, so it must be so. If I say everybody agrees that there are five divisions, he just says "No, there are eight." Again flatly—"We have only one chance in a hundred of winning." Again—"We have even less chance of winning now than we had in 1942!" Good God. And if I mention air, artillery, tanks, 200,000 Chinese, and 180,000 British he still sticks to it.

He "reasons" that "we have a better chance to win if we take the defensive and let the Japs attack." I asked him where we would be if the U.S. had adopted that attitude two years ago. No answer. He has an idea that the British won't fight, and that he will sit on his ass till the Americans come and save him. "We'll get ready and tell Mountbatten to go ahead with his plans—and then, if everything is favourable, we'll fight. We must wait for the opportune time." Good God. He's so ignorant of military matters that he thinks he can get an offensive started at the word "Go." Very nice guarantee of co-operation for the British to lean on.

"Let the British go ahead and attack Akyab." I told him they would naturally expect him to do something to take pressure off of them, just as he is insisting in treble notes that they attack and take pressure off him. Oh, no, that's different. "We must have three to one to beat the Japs." I tell him we have more than three to one in Yunnan we have fourteen divisions against one and a third. "Oh, no, they have several divisions there." Nothing is possible without a big amphibious operation. He doesn't know what a big amphibious operation is, but unfortunately Mountbatten was honest about it. So now that it is on a reduced scale, he screams. It is fatal to promise anything.

Another unfortunate thing was the President's message, giving him a choice of jumping off [in Burma] in March, or waiting till November, and promising "heavy amphibious operations" then. That will be insisted on now. F.D.R. should have insisted on his co-operating as planned, under pain of cutting off all supplies. Now he believes he can go just as far as he likes and the U.S. will cringe and take it. He's not going to fight at any time, regardless of what he says.

The pay-off is that I can go ahead and fight with the Ledo force. He is afraid that even concerted attack by all available forces has only one chance in a hundred and yet he'll sit back and let a small force take on the Japs alone. Madame is discouraged and a little dismayed. She can't do a thing with him.

DECEMBER 19—First time in history. G-mo gave me full command of the Ledo [X force] troops. Without strings — said there would be no interference and that it was "my army." Gave me full power to fire any and all officers. Cautioned me not to sacrifice it to British interests. Otherwise, use it as I saw fit. Madame promised to get this in writing so I could show it to all concerned.

It took a long time, but apparently confidence has been established. A month or so ago I was to be fired and now he gives me a blank check. If the troops will only fight, we can make a dent in the Japs. There is a chance for us to work down to Myitkyina, block off below Mogaung and actually make the junction, even with Yoke sitting on its tukas. This may be wishful thinking in a big way, but it could be.

LETTER TO MRS. STILWELL Every time I say to myself, "That's the last gasp—we can't possibly chew that over any more," Chiang has to see me again, with a further drain on my small stock of patience.

Put down December 16, 1943 as the day, when for the first time in history, a foreigner was given command of Chinese troops with full control over all officers and no strings attached. Can you believe it? May was a witness and I have a letter to the army and division commanders to take orders from me as though I were the G'mo himself. This has been a long uphill fight and when I think of some of our commanders who are handed a ready-made fully equipped, well-trained army of Americans to work with, it makes me wonder if I'm not working out some of my pussings. They gave me a shoestring and now we've run it up to considerable proportions: the question is, will it snap when we put the weight on it? I've had word from Chiang that I can get away from this dump tomorrow. That means I'll spend Christmas with the Confucianists in the jungle, "Jungle Bells, Jungle Bells, jungle all the way. O what fun it is to ride in a jeep on Christmas Day." Until this mess is cleaned up I wouldn't want to be doing anything but working at it, and you wouldn't want me to either, thank God. So, it's all as it should be and we are a lucky crowd.

DECEMBER 20—Off for Burma again. Under better auspices than last time. CAN WE PUT IT OVER?

IN DECEMBER, 1943, it could be truthfully said that never in history had Chinese troops launched a successful strategic offensive against a modern enemy. In the second Burma campaign, Stilwell proposed to rewrite history, staking his reputation on the unproven thesis that, given proper equipment and training, Chinese soldiers were, man for man, as good as any in the world. In his belief in Chinese valour, Stilwell stood alone. Not only did the British and the overwhelming portion of the U.S. Army staff in Asia believe it was impossible for the Chinese to attack and destroy battle-proved Japanese divisions of roughly equal strength in northern Burma, but the Chinese general staff in Chungking held the same low opinion of its soldiery.

What Stilwell proposed to do was this: to take raw troops, divorce them from the possibility of retreat, abandon fixed supply lines as completely as did Sherman in Georgia, make them dependent on air drops alone, drive them two hundred miles through jungle, swamp, and mountain to conquer a skillful, entrenched, and desperate enemy.

The bare outlines of the campaign were simple enough. The great objective was the open lowland of north-central Burma, where the meter-gauge railway wound its way through the linked towns of Mogaung and Myitkyina. If these two towns could be seized, a road might be built through the jungle from India to reach them, and then pushed on toward the Chinese border of Yunnan, to end the great blockade.

No one spoke seriously of Myitkyina when the campaign was steaming up at Stilwell's headquarters on the Indian border in December, 1943. Myitkyina was a word, a phrase, a label on a dream that existed in Stilwell's mind alone. From the Allied position on the tangled mountain-jungle border of India, the road to Myitkyina seemed incredibly distant. Ultimately—perhaps in 1945—it would be taken, but before then the campaign would have to proceed chunk by chunk in slow, plodding steps. First, there was the Tanai River to be cleared to make the Shingbwiyan clearing safe.

Beyond the Tanai valley lay the Hukaung valley, studded with Japanese garrisons.

Beyond the Hukaung lay the Jambu Bum hills and more Japs.

Beyond the hills lay the Mogaung valley.

And beyond that, over a 6,000-foot mountain range carpeted with jungle, was Myitkyina and its garrison.

Stilwell had at his command two Chinese divisions—the 38th and 22nd—which had been moved from Ramgarh to the India-Burma border in 1943. In reserve, in Central India, another Chinese division was finishing training. All three divisons totaled about 30,000 men. Opposing them were between forty and sixty thousand battle-tested Japs, dug in deep.

The main burden of combat rested directly on the Chinese divisions, commanded by their own officers, but tightly subordinate to Stilwell's personal urge. The Chinese, however, were only one strain in an association of races and nations that made the north Burma campaign of 1944 one of the war's great galleries of curiosities. In central Burma, far to the south of the main drive, British Commando forces under Wingate and Lentaigne operated. Kachin scouts under American direction raided Japanese outposts far and wide. An American Commando force—Merrill's Marauders—wheeled about the flanks of the main advance, outpinning each position the Japanese established against the Chinese by cutting around the jungle to their rear. The entire combat movement was fed by parachute drops executed by the U.S. Tenth Air Force, performing superbly its strategic functions in an infantry war. Behind the Chinese troops crawled the Ledo Road, struggling toward China—American engineers (Negro and white), Chinese, Indians, Nagas built the road through the jungle and over the hills under the treads of the tanks and the wheels of the trucks that were carrying combat troops forward to clear the trace.

On the map, the campaign for north Burma was a line that wriggled tortuously from unpronounceable name to unpronounceable name. On the ground, it was rain, heat, mud, and sickness. It was snakes in camp at night; K rations and dried rice; snipers and ambush; darkness during the day and the rustling jungle at night. It was hike, kill, and die, or, as Stilwell noted in his diary after one of his everyday marches through the muck: "Up the river, over the hogback—slip, struggle, curse, and tumble."

Stilwell was in the jungle from January to July of 1944, and for his personal participation in the campaign he was later severely criticised. He was, at the time, a three-star general of the United States Army and commander of a war theatre, but he had abandoned his headquarters to command troops in the jungle. In the mouths of his critics his personal command became a frolic, a Rover Boy's holiday in the woods. But in Stilwell's mind his course had been determined by the history of the previous two years. It was impossible to persuade either Delhi or Chungking by words or logic that Chinese troops could defeat entrenched Japanese; it could be done only by demonstration in the field. It was more important in Stilwell's mind to dispose Chinese battalions, companies and platoons in combat and prod them to victory than to argue their worth in conference elsewhere.

Stilwell realised that for ultimate success in breaking the blockade he would need a co-ordinated drive by the Yoke force rallying out of Yunnan in the east under the direction of Brigadier General Dorn. He had been refused this co-operation in Chungking immediately after the Cairo conference. He hoped to wring it out of Chiang's pride by the example of personal action and success in field operations in north Burma. By wire and courier, he kept up constant pressure on Chungking to commit its troops to action.

During the period of the second Burma campaign Stilwell's diaries consist almost exclusively of technical military notations, the movement of regiment, battalions, divisions. Only enough of the are included in this chapter as is necessary to give the bare bones of action and the movement of events. His references to divisional and regimental numbers always refer to Chinese troops: his American Marauders are usually recorded simply as "Galahad"—the code word for the Marauders' project.

Here are some of the names of the commanders with whom Stilwell dealt:

Major General Daniel Sultan, U.S.A.—deputy commander of the China-Burma-India theatre, whose office was in Delhi.

Major General Frank Merrill—commander in chief of the Marauders.

Brigadier General Lewis Pick—General Pick was the engineering officer in command of the construction of the Ledo Road.

Brigadier General Donald Old—commander of the air support operations that supplied the campaign with food, munitions, and airborne troops.

Colonel Frank Hunter—executive officer of the Marauders, who exercised field command on the march to Myitkyina when Merrill was invalided.

Colonel Rothwell Brown—American commander of the Chinese-American tank unit used in the North Burma campaign. This outfit consisted of approximately ninety light and medium tanks.

Lieutenant General William Joseph Slim—British Army. Slim was Mountbatten's appointee in command of the entire Burma front, both British and Chinese. Stilwell's operations in north Burma were technically subordinate to Slim, though in the hierarchy of command Stilwell outranked Slim.

Major General Sun Li-jen, Chinese Army—Sun was commander of the Chinese 38th Division, and Stilwell was fonder of Sun, a Virginia Military Institute graduate, than of any other Chinese leader in his command. Sun was later promoted to command the Chinese New First Army.

Major General Liao, Chinese Army—commander of the Chinese 22nd Division, later commander of the New Sixth Army.

These were the men and forces with whom Stilwell had to deal.

When, in the last week of December, 1943, Stilwell flew across the Hump armed with Chiang's vermilion seal of command, the Chinese 22nd Division on the Burma-India border had been skirmishing fitfully with Japanese outposts for months without success. Stilwell's first purpose was to force this division to take aggressive action, to blood it in battle by clearing the matted valley of the Tanai River. His first limited objectives were Taipha Ga and Yupbang Ga. By clearing these he would clear the area about the village of Shingwiyan which he planned to make the base for his Hukawng valley drive.

A cold trip across the Hump brought him to Assam from China, and from the airbase next morning he drove by jeep over the rough new road trace reaching out of Ledo toward the jungle and Chinese combat headquarters.

DECEMBER 21—Up at 1:30. [Arrived] Chabua [in Assam] at 6:30. Cold trip to Ledo. Saw Sun [Li-jen]. Went over plan.

DECEMBER 22—Up at 7:00 for breakfast. Oatmeal, hot cakes, bacon, coffee, jam, and butter. Off [over the Ledo Road] at 8:00. 14 miles to Ningam. Arrived 2:00 p.m.

No action for past ten days. Insisted on serious attack on Yupbang. Apparently only two platoons, "surrounding" Chinese in front Yupbang. Japs dug in at river; changed plan to put weight against them there with artillery and air support. Chances look good. Five hundred casualties so far. Q. How long would they have sat on their asses here?

DECEMBER 23—Good sleep in dugout. Breakfast: chicken soup, coffee, sausage. Jap assurance that Chinese will not react may have gotten them in a hole. If we take out Yupbang, those up north will be bagged. 9:00 a.m. conference [with Chinese]. Made speech and told them this is important, and must go. Bummed around all day. Much objection to my going forward. Ambush, etc. Compromise on tomorrow early. Pigs dropped [by parachute] for [Dr.] Seagrave [commanding hospital for Chinese Army] for Christmas party.

DECEMBER 24—Breakfast at 6:00. Off at 6:30 [on foot] for the party. Arrived at Battalion command post at 8:40. Artillery put in 370 rounds: [from] nine to ten. Infantry off at 10:05, closing in from both flanks and gradually cleaning up. One pocket left at 5:00, surrounded. Pulled out at 5:00, back at 7:00. Tired.

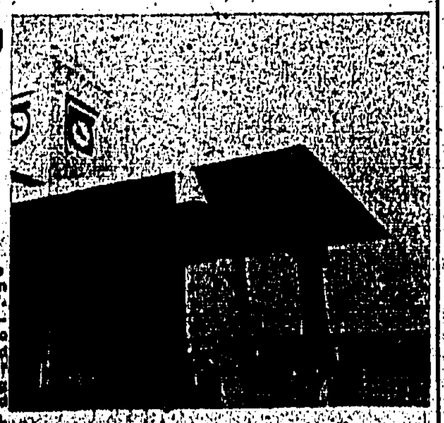
Li and Han [Chinese battalion commanders] did good day's work, Japs tough. All things considered, Chinese did a good job. The men are fearless and the junior commanders did O.K. Very tough going to get Japs out of this jungle.

DECEMBER 25—Christmas. Report at 9:00, pocket all cleaned. Japs in pocket killed themselves with hand grenades. One Jap officer captured—wounded in arm.

DECEMBER 26—Got Sun [commander of Chinese 38th Division] in and gave him a heart-to-heart talk. He seems sincere. Swears they are trying to do a good job for the *lao hsien sheng* ["old gentleman"—meaning Stilwell], that the troops are all bucked up to have me with them, but commanders are uneasy for fear I get hit and they be held responsible. Insistent that I stay back and let them do it.

(To Be Continued)

DO YOU KNOW YOUR HONG KONG?



Daily in the "China Mail" in future will appear a photograph, similar to that above, of shots of familiar Hong Kong buildings and street scenes. Can you recognise where this picture was taken? The answer is on Page Nine

Ask at
Your Club, Your Hotel, Your Mess
For
BOORD'S
Black Cat
DRY GIN
Sole Agents
CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.

MILITARY PACT WITH ATLANTIC COUNTRIES

Western Union Ministers In Agreement On Alliance

STEPS FOR EUROPEAN UNITY

Paris, October 26.

The five Western Union Foreign Ministers meeting in Paris have agreed on the principle of a defensive pact for the North Atlantic.

They have agreed "on the next steps to be taken in this direction," it was officially announced tonight.

The five Ministers also approved "the principles governing the defence policy of the five powers."

It was decided to set up a committee of experts to study the financial and economic questions raised by the organisation of the defence of Western Europe.

The Council of the Western Union also decided, the official communique said, to set up a five-power committee to "consider and report to the Governments on the steps to be taken towards securing a greater measure of unity between European countries."

Finally, the Foreign Ministers exchanged views on various international problems, "certain of which are now being considered in the United Nations Assembly and the Security Council," the communique added.

The following is the full text of the communique:

"The Foreign Ministers of the five signatory powers of the Brussels Treaty met in Paris on October 25 and 26, 1948, for the third regular session of the Consultative Council.

"After examining the decisions taken by the five Defence Ministers at their meeting on September 27 and 28, 1948, including the setting up of the land, sea and air command organisation of the Western Union, the Council gave its approval to the principles governing the defence policy of the five powers which are based on the Brussels Treaty and on the Charter of the United Nations.

European Unity

"The Council also made a preliminary study of the question of North Atlantic security and the conversations on this subject which took place in Washington during the summer.

"This examination resulted in complete agreement in the Council on the principle of a defensive pact for the North Atlantic and on the next steps to be taken in this direction.

"The Council approved the suggestions made by the five Finance Ministers on October 17, 1948. In order to carry out these suggestions as rapidly as possible, the Council decided to set up a committee of experts to study the financial and economic questions raised by the organisation of the defence of Western Europe.

"The Council next took note of the progress accomplished in the social and cultural fields, and approved the reports submitted to it.

"As regards the question of European unity, the Council decided to set up a committee of representatives chosen by the Governments of the five signatory powers of the Treaty of Brussels, consisting of five French, five United Kingdom, three Belgian, three Netherlands and two Luxembourg members.

Assembly Question

"The object of this committee, which will meet in Paris, will be to consider and to report to the Governments on the steps to be taken towards securing a greater measure of unity between European countries.

"To this end the committee will take into consideration all suggestions which have been or may be put forward by Governments or by private organisations.

"In this connection it will examine the Franco-Belgian suggestion for the convening of a European Assembly and the British suggestion relating to the establishment of a European Council appointed by and responsible to the Governments for the purpose of dealing with matters of common concern.

"This committee will draw up a report for submission to the Consultative Council at its next meeting.

"Finally, the Foreign Ministers proceeded to a full exchange of views on various international problems, certain of which are now being considered in the United Nations Assembly and the Security Council."

Passports To Go?

The Consultative Council, in an annexe to its communique relating to social and cultural matters, outlined the work of the various committee set up following the last meeting at The Hague in July.

It disclosed that the committee on social security and conditions of work and social policy had studied three groups of conventions of the International Labour Organisation, the conventions of social security, the employment of children and young persons, and the employment of women.

The annexe stated also that the five Governments have agreed to take action together with regard to the movements of persons and the flow of cultural material.

It added: "Pending the restoration of pre-war travel conditions and perhaps eventually the complete abolition of passports between the five powers, working parties are being set up to consider means of facilitating travel in the case of all those whose journeys would serve to promote the development of cultural relations between the signatory powers of the Brussels Treaty."

Working parties are also being set up to study the possibility of mitigating obstacles to the flow of books and periodicals, contemporary works of art, gramophone and wireless records and other cultural material between the five countries.

Berlin Crisis

"A meeting of experts will be called to consider how the five countries can co-operate on educational films and news reels."

The fourth and last meeting of the Consultative Council of the Western Union opened at 3 p.m. GMT today at the French Foreign Office. They concluded work on the fixed agenda at this morning's three and a half-hour session when, it was understood, they discussed Germany and Western Union co-operation in overseas territories.

It was learned that Mr. Ernest Bevin was seeing the French Defence Minister, M. Paul Ramadier, tonight and it was provisionally expected that he would also take the opportunity tomorrow morning to see Mr. George Marshall, the American Secretary of State.

The meeting of the Western Union Consultative Council ended just before 4.20 p.m. GMT.

The agreement on the principle of making a joint pact with North America—the United States and Canada—is within the framework of regional defensive groupings provided for in the United Nations Charter.

It was recognised that no decisive move could be made before the United States Presidential elections on November 2 but the Western Powers were understood to regard as of the first importance the practical measures involved in concluding any form of Atlantic Union.—Reuter.

AMERICA PLEASED

Washington, October 26.

American military and diplomatic officials today welcomed warmly the agreement in principle by the five signatories of the Brussels Pact to join in the North Atlantic defence pact with the United States and Canada.

They emphasised, however, that no formal alliance could be undertaken by this country pending formal Congressional action on such a proposal. They added also that the broad outlines of the projected pact must await results of the November 2 elections.

While the State Department declined official comment, the Department hinted that the next President and Congress would agree to a formal treaty of defence with the free countries of Western Europe. Such a pact, officials said, would clearly spell out the obligations of all the countries if one of their number were attacked.

American authorities believe that, following consultations with the next President, a conference among all interested governments would be held to thresh out details of the proposed defence programme before the new Congress met on January 3.

Government agencies hope to have a two-programme ready for the legislators by that time. The programme would include a formal treaty and legislation to provide arms for the Europeans.—United Press.

South Korea Revolt Barbaric Onslaught

Washington, October 27.

The South Korean revolt was a "barbaric" onslaught on police and citizens by Communist-led rebels.

They were acting under the flag of the Soviet-backed Northern Korean Government, the State Department said, quoting an official account from Seoul.

Local leaders of the so-called South Korean Labour Party, the principal communist front organisation in South Korea, were active during the rebel occupation, said the first-hand report from Sunchon relayed overnight by the American diplomatic mission at Seoul and made public by Michael J. McDermott, State Department press officer.

The report was gathered by an unidentified American officer who visited Sunchon on Sunday after the loyalists retook it.

During its three-day occupation, McDermott said, the city was under the flag of the North Korean Communist regime and the abundant supply of flags "indicated that the affair had been planned for some time."

On Thursday, the local labour party leaders "organised the populace into a huge parade on behalf of the so-called 'Peoples Republic' of North Korea," the report said.

Murdered In Rows

"The rebel occupation was unbelievably barbaric, with police tied together and murdered in rows. Rightists, Christians and prosperous citizens were similarly killed.

"It is estimated that the rebels killed some 500 people in Sunchon alone.

"The rebels apparently fled with vehicles and supplies after an attack by loyal forces on Friday. Vengeance then turned on the leftists and some 25 were killed, but this ceased when loyal commanders ordered such killings stopped."

McDermott said no Americans had been involved in the fighting. He said all of South Korea except the disturbed zone in the extreme South "remains quiet."—Associated Press.

King's Title Not To Be Changed

London, October 26.

No decision was taken at the recent Prime Ministers' Conference which would involve legislation affecting the King's title, Mr. Clement Attlee, the Prime Minister, told the House of Commons today.

The Prime Minister, during a debate in the House following the King's speech, was replying to a question from Mr. Winston Churchill, the Opposition leader.

There were cordial cheers from both sides when he reminded the House of Commons that "this was the first conference at which the Prime Ministers of the three new member states, India, Pakistan and Ceylon, were present."

The Prime Minister disclosed that the question of trade within the Commonwealth was "very fully discussed."

"I do not think there were any serious controversies but there was a feeling that we should do all we can to increase the trade of the Commonwealth," he said.

On defence and Commonwealth consultation, Mr. Attlee said: "Certain proposals were considered and have been sent back to the Governments in order that these might obtain approval.

"I shall hope in due course to make known to the House what they were but at the moment they are confidential to the Governments. But there were useful discussions with the keenest desire by everyone that there should be the utmost possible consultation."

Mr. Attlee said that the meetings in which the 36 Parliaments of the Commonwealth and Empire were represented were "a fine demonstration of the methods by which in a democratic organisation unity of spirit is created by a personal contact and free discussion."—Reuter.

ALL QUIET IN FRENCH INDIA

Madras, October 26.

Mahajanr Gabha—a political party—and the Socialist Party of the French India city of Mahe claimed today to be jointly in charge of affairs there through the "National Defence Council."

They said that they have been in charge of the administration since the distrubances at the end of last week, which necessitated postponement of municipal elections.

Government offices, it was added, were working normally and the police, who surrendered their arms, had resumed their duties after a ceremonial parade yesterday.

Meanwhile, the French news agency reports from Pondicherry that M. Perrier, Commissioner for Mahe, was taken to an unknown destination by members of the French Indian Congress Party immediately the French sloop Commandant Bery (630 tons) arrived at Mahe.

M. Perrier's wife and two children were taken with him, the report added.—Reuter.

DEMOCRACY IN JAPAN

Tokyo, October 27.

Democracy is a way of life and relations between people, which cannot be transferred from one country to another "merely because it is labelled Democracy," a Columbia University psychiatrist said after four months study of Japanese under the occupation.

Dr. Florence Powdermaker, who has been studying Japanese mass psychology as expert with GHQ Civil Information Education Section, said she thought Japanese progress toward Democracy, considering the situation, "very great."—Associated Press.

DO YOU KNOW YOUR HONG KONG?

The picture shows the weighing-machine canopy at the Vehicular Ferry pier.

SCANDINAVIA TOO?

Washington, October 26.

Diplomatic officials in Washington predicted today that the Scandinavian countries may decide to join the North Atlantic pact because of their inability to get sufficient quantities of modern weapons without belonging to such a union.

Reliable diplomatic reports here indicate that Norway and Denmark would be willing to enter the arrangement, which is likely to be completed by the middle of next year.

On the other hand they are known to be disinclined to separate themselves from Sweden, which is expressing continued determination to retain her traditional neutral status and not involve herself in any external obligations.

As a result there is every evidence that some pressure is being put on Sweden by the United States to persuade her to change her point of view.

The United States Secretary of State, Mr. George Marshall, is known to have been studying the matter together with the United States Ambassador to Sweden, Mr. Freeman Matthews, in Paris recently.

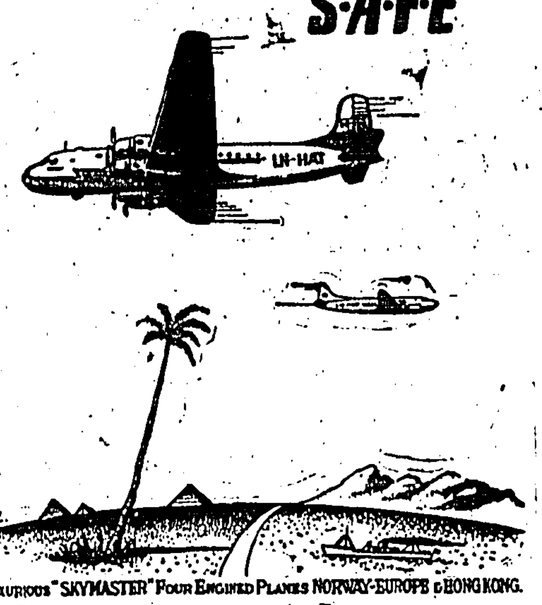
It was also expected that the subject would be discussed when Mr. Robert Lovett, the acting Secretary of State, has his first exchange of views with the new Swedish Ambassador, Mr. Erik Boheman, here today.

The American argument will be that once the Western Alliance is in full swing, the Western Powers, particularly Britain and the United States, will be far too busy building and supplying arms and planes to their own and their allies' armies to be able to spare any for nations that remain outside that alliance, at least during the initial stage of the pact's development.

A harsh or biased interpretation of such a state of affairs might go far as to describe it as "diplomatic blackmail." Diplomatic quarters here are inclined rather to call it a method of showing a nation where its best interests lie.

There is no strong expectation here that any of the Scandinavian countries will be foundation members of the alliance. But there is hope that if a strong alliance is developed and its obvious advantages shown to the rest of the Western world, it will not be long before they can be logically persuaded to join.—Reuter.

BRAATHENS
SOUTH AMERICAN & FAR EAST AIRTRANSPORT A/S
S·A·F·E



LUXURIOUS "SKYMASTER" FOUR ENGINED PLANES NORWAY-EUROPE & HONGKONG.

HONGKONG-LONDON
VIA AMSTERDAM
BOOKINGS ACCEPTED FOR ANY EUROPEAN DESTINATION
Also through bookings via Amsterdam to:—
BERMUDA, HAVANA, ARUBA, CURACAO,
VENEZUELA, COSTA RICA
on S.A.F.E.'s South American Service.

BRAATHENS S.A.F.E. AIRTRANSPORT A/S.

ARRIVALS	DEPARTURES
1/11	3/11
9/11	11/11
16/11	18/11
24/11	26/11
1/12	3/12
9/12	11/12
16/12	18/12
24/12	27/12
2/1	4/1

For Passage & Freight Bookings Apply to:—
WALLEM & CO.
Agents:
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building. Tels: 34177-8

SHANGHAI
CANTON MANILA
DIRECT AIR SERVICES BY
HONGKONG AIRWAYS
LIMITED.
In Association With B.O.A.C.
For information & bookings,
JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.,
Airways Department.
6/8 Chater Road, Hongkong Tels. 27765 & 27766.
Peninsula Hotel, Kowloon Tels. 50287 & 58421,
or at any Travel Agency.
APB5

Hong Kong to Shanghai

by CNAC Skymaster
IN 3 AND HALF HOURS
MON., TUES., WED., THURS., FRI., SAT.
All Leaving: AT 12.45 NOON
SUNDAY
Leaving: AT 11.00 A.M.

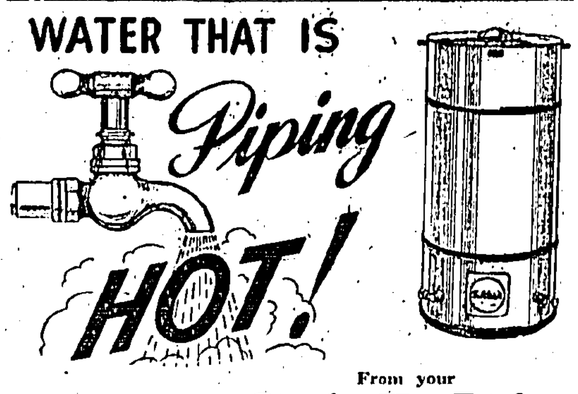
CNAC
Gloucester Bldg., Hong Kong Tels. 31166-31169
Peninsula Hotel, Kowloon Tel. 58570

Make a PAL of your Travel Agent!

Reliable, recognized Travel Agents can help plan you flying trips.....
Advise where to go, where to stay, what to take, how to sight-see!
AND they'll help get your passport, your tickets, your reservations!
Book Your
P A L PASSAGE
Through A Reliable, Recognized Travel Agent!.....
PHILIPPINE AIR LINES

S. A. C.
SIAMESE AIRWAYS COMPANY, LTD.
NEXT FLIGHT:—2nd NOVEMBER, TUESDAY
HONG KONG TO:
BANGKOK ..... Fare: $340.00
PENANG ..... Fare: $589.00
SINGAPORE ..... Fare: $620.00
General Agents:
SOUTH EAST ASIA TRADING CO., (SIAM) LTD.
6D, Connaught Road, West, Tel. No. 24202.
Peninsula Hotel, Kowloon, Tel. No. 56416.
Booking Agents:
AUW FIT SENG'S TRADING CO., LTD.
10, Pedder Street, Tel. No. 26733.
CHIANG HUAT HONG
8 Connaught Road, West, 1st floor, Tel. No. 27601.

WATER THAT IS



From your

SADIA

ELECTRIC WATER HEATER

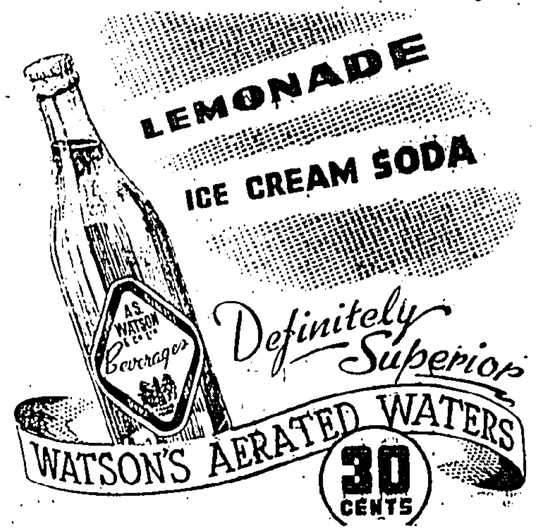
Instant hot water costs less with a Sadia—once heated, the water in the inner tank stays hot—kept hot by heat insulation between inner and outter tanks!

Select a SADIA!

Sole Agents:

REISS, BRADLEY & CO., LTD.

2 Queen's Rd. C. Tel. 28006.



Reinforcement Of Berlin Airlift

Washington, October 26.

The United States today drew upon its Military Air Transport Service Pacific Division for 24 naval naval air transports for the Allied airlift in Russian-blockaded Berlin.

Two entire squadrons—VR 6 and 8—of four-engined C-54s were ordered to leave for Germany as soon as possible, staffed by triple crews.

Officials refused to say exactly from which Pacific points the planes would be drawn. However, the Pacific Division services Hawaii, Guam, Saipan and Japan. Officials also refused to comment on how the transfer would affect the Pacific Division Air Transport Service, but it was believed here the transfer would cause some curtailment.

The 24 Navy planes are the first instalment of the additional 66 planes requested by General Lucius Clay, American commander in Germany, and authorised by President Truman.

The increase in the airlift came on the heels of Russia's veto of the proposal in the United Nations Security Council for ending the land blockade of the German capital.

The United States airlift, with current strength of about 200 C-54s, is delivering an average of 4,000-4,500 tons of food and fuel daily. British planes deliver another, 1,000 tons.

U.S. officials estimated that American tonnage could be nearly doubled by December through the assignment of additional planes and completion of the new Tegel airdrome in Berlin, which will make possible more flights per plane per day.

The Navy previously had been supporting the airlift indirectly. Navy planes took over many global transport routes of the Military Air Transport Service.

Under The Army

A Defence Department spokesman said orders had been issued effecting the transfer of Navy squadrons VR 6 and 8 to Germany from the Pacific Division of MATS. The Pacific Division flies transport routes through the Pacific Ocean area.

The spokesman said triple Navy crews would accompany the planes to Germany and they would take off for Germany as soon as possible. The Navy squadrons will be under the overall command of Major-General William Tunner, Air Force officer aiding the Joint Anglo-American operation.

No official explanation was given for the decision to call Navy planes directly into the airlift. It was believed, however, that the decision was prompted by two facts: criticism from Navy quarters of relegation of naval planes to a strictly supporting role and the Air Force having to "scrape the barrel" for further transports. — United Press.

Cowboys Were Too Rowdy

Geneva, October 26.

Thirty-three cowboys and cowgirls of an American rodeo show sat on their kitbags in the rain in the frontier village of Moillesulaz tonight after being conducted to the frontier for expulsion into France.

The troupe were turned out of Switzerland because of a fight during a performance of their show two nights ago when a member of the audience claimed a 1,000-franc prize for riding the bucking bronco "Income Tax". One of the troupe argued that the claimant had ridden a different horse.

Fighting broke out between the cowboys and the audience and the police joined in. Two policemen and a cowgirl were hurt.—Reuter.

THE ATOM BOMB

"Most Terrible Decision In The History Of The World"

Toledo, Ohio, October 27.

President Harry Truman yesterday detailed events that led up to his decision to use the atomic bomb on Japan.

Seeking re-election, Mr. Truman said in a campaign speech that he did not favour peace at any price, but at the same time did not believe that "because peace is difficult, war is inevitable."

He added:

"For peace, I took it upon myself to make one of the most terrible decisions that any man in the history of the world had to make.

"Near the close of the Japanese war, I had to order the dropping of the atomic bomb. That was the most terrible decision that any man in the history of the world had to make.

"I studied that question with everything I had. I called in the most able men that I could get who would give me advice.

Life-Saving

"I talked to the Secretary of War. I talked to the Chief of Staff of the Army. I talked to the Chief of Staff of the Navy. I talked to the Secretary of War, who at that time was Mr. Stimson. I talked to the Secretary of the Navy, who at that time was Mr. Forrestal. I talked to General Marshall. I talked to Admiral King and Admiral Leahy, and discussed the programme.

"And the judgment of all those able and distinguished men was that it would be a life-saving proposition to bring the war to a close as quickly as possible, and that we might find it necessary to wipe out a couple of Japanese cities devoted entirely to munitions manufacture.

Never Again

"In the long run we would save 250,000 young Americans being killed, and we would save an equal number of Japanese young men from being killed.

"And I ordered that bomb to be dropped. I never want to have to do that again, my friends. I never want to have to do that again.

"Right then and there I made up my mind that that must never happen again if it could conceivably be avoided."—Associated Press.

RAF Shortage Of Recruits

London, October 26.

Marshal of the Royal Air Force Lord Dowding of Kittesible, seconding Lord Amwell's address of thanks to the King in the House of Lords this afternoon, referred to the poor RAF recruiting figures and said that unless urgent steps were taken to improve these, it looked as if before long the Royal Air Force would be "down on its feet."

He urged that rates of pay and marriage allowances in the Services be studied with a view to some appreciable increase.—Reuter.

Emergency In Peru

Lima, October 26.

The Peruvian Government today declared a "state of national emergency" and assumed extraordinary powers to thwart any intent of upsetting public order and social peace."

It was officially stated that the Government took this step because leading elements of the left wing party APRA (Alianza Popular Revolucionaria America) were continuing a campaign after the party had been outlawed on October 4 for leading the naval revolt at Callao the previous day.

The revolt was suppressed by loyal troops after 12 hours of fighting.

Today's statement added that elements of the party were being arrested without the forces of law and order having to use violence.—Reuter.

PLANS FOR PACIFIC DEFENCE

Sydney, October 27.

In Australia a significant section of Anglo-American global defence planning appears to be well ahead of schedule.

It is certainly ahead of that section which began last week when the London Commonwealth Conference decided that the "Commonwealth must re-arm to meet the threat of war."

The Australian section of the plan covers the South West Pacific, radiating from Australia into South East Asia. And if the commencement date of this Australian-based activity can be pinpointed, it might be set as mid-August when unpublicised moves commenced in the Pacific to restore the British Pacific Fleet to former strength.

But while these Australian developments tie with the Fleet restoration policy, the fact remains that the Australian Government has been considering Pacific defence since V-J Day.—Reuter.

Transport Paralysed In New York

New York, October, 27.

Congress of Industrial Organisations' transport workers went on strike against seven bus lines yesterday.

They are causing the biggest surface transport tie-up in the city's history, and service remained virtually at a standstill last night despite a back to work order.

Mayor William O'Dwyer blamed Communists for failure to heed the back to work movement.

The seven lines serve some 3,500,000 riders.

Michael Quill, President of the Transport Workers' Union, gave the order to a mass demonstration of workers outside the Public Service Commission's headquarters.

The strike involved 8,500 members of the Transport Union, belonging to seven private operated companies, who were protesting against a wages dispute.—Associated Press and Reuter.

No Decision On 'British'

Canberra, October. 27.

No decision has yet been made to drop the word "British" from the title of the British Commonwealth, J. B. Chifley, Australian Prime Minister, said in the House of Representatives yesterday.

Replying to Howard Beale, (Liberal, New South Wales), Mr. Chifly said that the London conference of Prime Ministers had no power to make decisions. Any decisions would have to be made by the governments which sent delegates to the conference.

Mr. Beale had asked whether the House would be permitted to discuss the reported decision to change the title.—Associated Press.

RELATIONS WITH SIAM CLOUDED

Bangkok, October 27.

Sino-Siamese relations have been clouded by two new issues although the two Governments still are negotiating the Chinese demands for operating their own school system in Siam.

One of the new problems developed over the Chinese Government's rejection of the Siamese airways' application to land planes in Swatow.

Chinese airways now fly into China but no Siamese planes make the international flights. The Chinese have refused to permit Siamese landings in Swatow but have approved them for Shanghai. Siamese planes are equipped to go only as far as Swatow.

The second issue arose today over the Siamese intention to reduce Chinese immigration next year to 200. The present quota is 10,000, which was filled last April.

The Chinese Government has inquired on the question of the Siamese Foreign Office but has received no official reply.—Associated Press.

WHALE MEAT FOR BRITAIN

Oslo, October 27.

The refrigerator ship Ran of Bergen is due to arrive in London shortly with a load of 400 tons of frozen whale meat, the newspaper Afterposten reported yesterday.

The Ran was chartered by an Oslo consortium for whale catching off the coast of Labrador and is now heading for London with its full load of frozen meat which has been sold to England for approximately £6,000, the newspaper added. — Associated Press.

JAPANESE PRESS WARNED BY SCAP

Tokyo, October 27.

A SCAP Press officer today urged Japanese newspapers not to take too seriously news despatches from the US speculating on major changes in Allied occupation policy.

Major Daniel C. Imboden, officer in charge of SCAP'S Japanese Press and Publications Branch, struck particularly at despatches from Washington.

"In the absence of such confirmation, rumours and speculation should be realistically discounted," he said, emphasising that whenever new policy information is available it will be made public promptly by the Army here.

Major Imboden called a press conference of Japanese at which he said the meeting was to draw attention to the "possibility of undesirable consequences in too literal an interpretation" of despatches from abroad.

Major Imboden mentioned particularly one despatch when he said:

"Yesterday a news despatch from Washington suggested that material changes would be required in the principles underlying the legislative programme evolved by the last Cabinet dealing with the standards and procedures governing public employment."

He declared that the speculative phases of such despatches "so far as is known here have no factual basis whatsoever."

In July General Douglas MacArthur advised the then Premier, Hitoshi Ashida, that strikes by Government workers would be "intolerable". The Cabinet stopped collective bargaining for Government workers. A permanent law is pending.

Major Imboden conceded that someone somewhere has been speculating "for otherwise our reputable news agencies would not have carried the story, but it is evidence also that the source lacked courage to come out in the open.

"The source of this type of news despatch frequently is inspired by self-serving propaganda purposes."—Associated Press.

General Cleared Of Misconduct

Washington, October 26.

The Infantry Journal today said that a secret Army report had cleared Major-General Ralph Smith of charges of misconduct in the Second World War battle of Saipon.

The Journal, an unofficial service publication, revived the wartime "Smith versus Smith" controversy in an article by Edmund Love, Army General Staff historian.

Stating frankly it was presenting the "Army side" of the dispute, the Journal said it had held up publication of the article for one year to avoid damage to armed forces unification. It added that it decided to publish when it learned that the Marine Corps' Lieutenant-General Holland M. (Howling Mad) Smith was going to discuss the subject in his soon-to-be-published memoirs.

The "Battle of the Smiths"—who were not related—came into the open when Marine Smith relieved Army Smith of command of the Army's 25th Division during the battle of Saipan in June 1944. Love said the "unfortunate" publicity the case had aroused caused a furore out of all proportions to the facts, virtually demoralised the 27th Division and caused General George Marshall, then Army Chief of Staff, to forbid further discussion of the matter.

"Won't Fight"

Despite other reports at the time and since, the Army historian said, the only real question was whether the 27th Division was aggressive enough in battle. He said the Marines' Smith asserted: "The 27th Division won't fight and Ralph Smith will not make them fight."

General Holland Smith formally charged his Army namesake with ordering Unit 27 to hold instead of attacking and with issuing orders to the 105th Infantry Regiment after it had been taken from his jurisdiction, according to Love. Love said General Ralph Smith's reply was that he had ordered the unit to hold only until it had time to "reorganise its lines" and then attack and that he had not been informed that the 105th Infantry had been removed from his command.

The Army historian wound up the "Army case" by quoting an unnamed Army General as having said Holland Smith's intelligence information was "practically non-existent." He also reported that several Army generals on Saipan had said that "under no circumstances would they serve under Holland Smith again."—United Press.

Bomb Scare At Cable, Wireless

Haifa, October 27.

Bomb scares on Tuesday twice interrupted operations at the Haifa branch of Cable and Wireless.

Suspicions had been aroused that bombs had been placed in the old Haifa Post Office Building. Police and troops conducted a thorough search of the five storey building. Nothing was found.

The second scare followed an anonymous telephone call to the Cable and Wireless office warning that the building should be evacuated immediately. Work was resumed after half an hour when nothing untoward transpired.—Associated Press.

(PAGE 9)

Luck comes in Threes..
Beauty comes in three flowers!

created to enhance your Loveliness

It's so soft...so fine, this new formula face powder that clings so perfectly... The natural loveliness, the youthful radiance of your beauty shows through the gentle softness of the new formula Three Flowers Face Powder. It is the lightest powder you can imagine . . softer, smoother, finer in texture.

The new Three Flowers clings longer, wears longer, because it does not streak or cake. Its smoothness imparts a gentle softness to the natural beauty of your skin . . . it holds and enhances your youthfulness.

From eight new shades, the favourites of cosmetic stylists, select the Three Flowers shade that suits your complexion best . . . wear it for complexion youthfulness.

three flowers

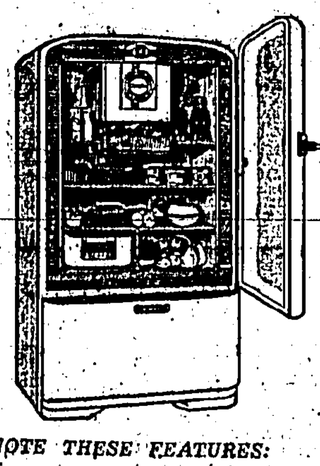
Face Powder Lipstick Rouge Brilliantine

A CREATION BY RICHARD HUDNUT

The Hong Kong Agents for Three Flowers Ltd.

W. R. Loxley & Co. (China) Ltd.

York Building Tel: 32103



G.E.C.

YOUR GUARANTEE.

Your assurance of satisfaction lies in the fact that this Refrigerator is marketed and guaranteed by the G.E.C. (the largest British electrical manufacturing organisation in the Empire), whose products, ranging from capital plant to appliances and accessories in every day use, have earned throughout the world an enviable reputation for excellence, sturdiness, and year-after-year reliability.

NOTE THESE FEATURES:

* Big Frozen Food Compartment.
* Plenty of Ice Cubes in quick-release trays.
* Convenient Meat Storage Tray.
* "Krisper" Vegetable Freshener.

PLUS

* Complete Sealed Freezing System.
* Silent Unit, Guaranteed 5 years.

STOCKS NOW AVAILABLE FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY

Genalex

7 CU. FT. SEALED-UNIT REFRIGERATOR

THE BRITISH GENERAL ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

Hong Kong.

A Subsidiary of THE GENERAL ELECTRIC CO. LTD. OF ENGLAND.

FOR RELATIVES AND FRIENDS IN U.K.

CHOCOLATES FOR X'MAS PER R.M.S. "CANTON"

ALEX CHOCOLATE CO.

KING'S BLDG., 3rd FLOOR
INSIDE THE KNIGE INSTITUTE
TELEPHONE 32614

We have pleasure in announcing that CHOCOLATES of our own manufacture, finest and famous for their taste and Quality, are obtainable at above address.

Special reduction in prices for 3, 5, 7 & 11 lbs. parcels to U.K., postage included.

ALL ORDERS ACCEPTED DAILY FROM 9 A.M. TO 7 P.M.

French Violence:

TROOPS HURL TANKS AGAINST STRIKERS

Paris, October 26.

Troops and police hurled tanks and artillery against striking miners' barricades at the Rochebelle coal pit, outside Ales, Southern France.

There was a battle of guns and grenades in which one worker was killed.

According to the Ministry of the Interior, several persons on both sides were wounded while 400 people, including many foreigners, had been arrested.

Dockers at Marseilles, 80 miles to the South—the second greatest city of France—came out immediately they heard of the clash and assembled in a nearby open space, where they stopped trolley bus services.

Tramway and bus drivers also struck and metal workers downed tools in factories near the port, though the city was said to be calm.

The Ministry of the Interior of the Interior said tonight that the troops had cleared all four pits and the power station at Rochebelle.

The newspaper, Le Monde, said a tank firing a 25-millimetre gun forced a breach in a barricade raised by the strikers and then plunged through under a shower of bricks and iron bolts flung by the miners.

Grenade Thrown

A Ministry spokesman said two soldiers were seriously injured, one by bullets and one by a small mine.

The correspondent of Le Monde said the overwhelming superiority of the troops forced the strikers to abandon their strongholds. He described the troops' formations as consisting of "tanks, sappers, artillery, infantry, Republican security guards and Mobile Guards."

The French press agency said that four strikers and four police or troops were wounded. The local authorities at Ales have imposed a news black-out, preventing complete details being gathered in Paris.

The shooting broke out when French troops, clearing strikers from the Rochebelle pit in the Southern French Department of Gard, sought to force a number of barricades which had been put up by the strikers on the national highway, the French press agency reported here today quoting "official sources."

The strikers, it was alleged, threw grenades at the occupying troops and exploded several mines near the pit. One regular Army officer was wounded in the shooting and several workers were hit. One of them was in a serious condition, the agency added.

Attack On Barracks

A spokesman of the Ministry of the Interior confirmed the French news agency's report and added that many strikers carrying arms had been arrested after the clash.

The French news agency reported one death and four wounded among the strikers at Ales and four injured among the troops and police. The Ministry of the Interior would neither confirm nor deny the report that a demonstrator had died.

It was reported that while the coalfield battle raged, workers in Ales tried to seize the gendarmes' barracks, the post office and the sub-prefecture.

All factories and shops were shut. The Ministry of the Interior said order was restored there by noon and added that many arrested strikers carried arms.

Aliens Arrested

The Ministry stated that the Ales demonstrators were quickly dispersed by troops which had been kept in reserve.

This afternoon, security guards and gendarmes were patrolling the Gard Valley mining region—the present storm centre of the 23-day old country-wide coal strike.

The Ministry of the Interior spokesman also said that the return movement was gaining strength in the Lorraine coalfield. Elsewhere, the situation was unchanged.

Safety men began work today in the pits in the Douai-Valenciennes coalfield of Northern France, which was cleared of striking workers yesterday by large numbers of troops and police.

The situation remained unchanged in the Blanzy Basin and in the Upper Loire region, where five pits out of 15 were retaken by the Government.

For the past 48 hours, troops and strikers have not shifted their positions.

The French press agency reported that at a pit near Valenciennes, 12 members of a strike picket were foreigners whose identity papers were not in order and they were arrested.

The Paris l'Intransigeant correspondent reported that journalists covering the Ales incidents were kept some distance away from the fighting but were able to see the tanks crashing through the barrier.

Dockers' Strike?

The Secretary General of the Miners' Federation for the Gard Department said tonight that 270 strikers had been arrested.

M. Henri Queuille, the French Premier, today received M. Lein Jouhaux, leader of the non-Communist Force Ouvriere Traile Union Federation and later saw a delegation of the French Employers' Federation led by M. Pierre Ricard. No information was officially available about the talks, but well informed political observers thought it possible that M. Queuille was drawing up a plan for a three-cornered agreement between the Government, the trade unions and the employers for a national settlement on wages and prices.

M. Christian Pineau, Minister of Public Works and Transportation, today described the conditions in which he alleged that the French railway workers would be asked to launch a strike.

The Communist-led General Confederation of Labour is conducting a strike ballot. Drawing a parallel with the situation in the strike-bound coalfields, M. Pineau said in a radio speech: "After having involved you in a strike, the French section of the Cominform would, without doubt, ask you to commit sabotage. As in the mines, you would not have the right to ensure safety measures and you would bear the responsibility for serious accidents to innocent travellers."

The Executive Committee of the Central French Dockers Trade Union Organisation tonight strongly recommended all member unions to follow the example of the dockers in Northern French ports who refused to handle incoming coal cargoes in sympathy with striking miners.

Marseilles dockers stopped work this afternoon after the refusal to handle imported coal by dockers in Calais, Boulogne and La Rochelle yesterday.

The National Dockers Union urged dockers all over France to do likewise.—Reuter.

Shanghai DP's Going Home

Shanghai, October 27.

Fifty-two European refugees and displaced persons are leaving Shanghai today on the French liner, Andre Lebon for their pre-war homes in Europe and South America.

More than half of the group are booked for Austria, two for Poland, two for Germany and one for Italy.

Eighteen others are re-settling in Argentina and two in Dominica.—Reuter.

Britain Gets ERP Loan From USA

Washington, October 26.

Britain received today a $310,000,000 Marshall Plan loan from the United States.

The loan agreement carried a 2½ per cent rate of interest.

Semi-annual interest payments will start in 1952 and the semi-anual principal repayments will begin in 1956.

The final instalment of the loan will be paid back, barring other arrangements, in 1963, giving Britain a total of 35 years to make good on the obligation.

The Economic Co-operation Administration said that "the United Kingdom will use the loan primarily to finance the purchase of industrial machinery and equipment and industrial raw materials.

"The sum of $310,000,000 represents the amount of E.C.A. John funds which is to be made available to Britain in the first nine months of the programme".

Escape Clause

An "escape clause" was written into the agreement permitting possible "postponement of either principal or interest repayment "if at any time, or from time to time, the parties hereto determine that it would be in the common interest because of adverse economic conditions or for any other reason' to do so.

Loan agreements with France, Italy, Holland and Denmark are due to be signed shortly and will closely follow the British pattern.

The other countries with which loans are being negotiated and the tentative amounts are: Belgium and Luxembourg $50,000,000; Denmark $25,000,000; France $170,000,000; Eire $60,000,000; Italy $50,000,000; Holland $80,000,000 plus another $15,000,000 for the Dutch East Indies; Norway $35,000,000; Sweden $10,000,000; and Turkey $30,000,000.—Reuter.

ALPINE CRASH

Turin, October 26.

Two Italian businessmen, Michele Vitre and Sercio Favosi, were killed in an air crash today. Their tourist plane crashed in the Alpine foothills near Casale Monferrato.—Reuter.

Agreement On German Industry

London, October 26.

It was learned from a usually reliable source that the Cabinet today approved a new Anglo-American agreement on dismantling in the British Zone of Germany.

Publication of the agreement is expected tomorrow.

The source stated that the terms were worked out at a one-day conference between Mr. Ernest Bevin and the Marshall Plan Administrator, Mr. Paul Hoffman, at the Foreign Office here last week.

Diplomatic quarters in London believed that, under the new agreement, no further dismantling will be undertaken until the plants in question have been reviewed in the light of their possible contribution to the European Recovery Programme.

Dismantling would continue in plants where it had begun.

Mr. Hoffman is leaving by air for Washington tomorrow.—Reuter

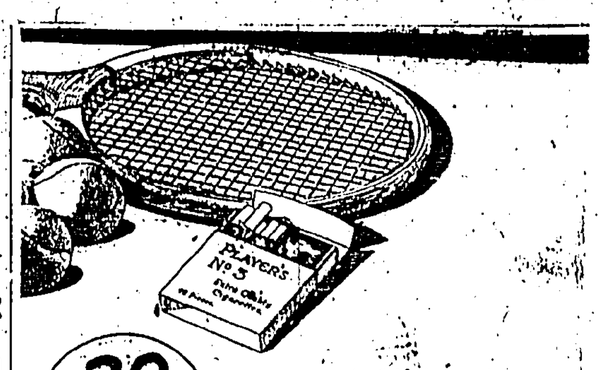
AIR PROTEST REJECTED

Berlin, October 27.

The Russians today rejected British-American protests that Soviet planes violated air safety rules by harassing the Western powers' planes supplying blockaded Berlin.

ADN, the Soviet licensed German news agency, said the Russians deny there is any four power agreement on flying rules in occupied Germany.

American officials who received the Russian reply declined comment until a translation is completed today. The Russians rejected a long series of charges filed over a period of many weeks.—Associated Press.



20 for $1

Three hard sets, win or lose—it's what matters? Relax with a—

PLAYER'S No 3

A MADE IN ENGLAND

Extra Quality Cigarettes

Representatives of

CHINA DYEING WORKS, LTD.

SHANGHAI

wish to meet those who are interested in buying their Cotton Piece Goods or selling some chemicals or dyestuffs to them (especially Sodium Bichromate or Sodium Chlorate) at:

Room 47, Hotel Cecil
from 10-12 a.m. & 2-4 p.m.
on October 27th & 28th.
Telephone No. 31503

They will be back to Shanghai on the 29th.

Commission On Leopold

Brussels, October 26.

The Belgian Chamber of Deputies decided today to consider a bill for setting up a Mixed Commission of Enquiry into the policy of King Leopold before, during and after the war.

The Commission would also be required to assess whether or not it was desirable for the King, now in provisional exile, to return to the throne.

The vote was taken by a show of hands, and only four deputies, all members of the Social Christian (Catholic) Party, the King's supporters, voted against it.

The bill, tabled by M. Albert Deveze, a Liberal Deputy, will now go before a special commission of the Chamber and come up for general discussion some time next month.—Reuter.

RED ARMY MOVES IN GERMANY

Berlin, October 26.

The American official German-language newspaper, Die Neue Zeitung, declared today that large forces of Soviet troops, armoured cars and heavy artillery are moving up to the zonal frontier.

The newspaper quoted what it described as a United States Army announcement, based on observation by pilots engaged on the Berlin air-lift.

It said: "Some 150 anti-aircraft guns have been placed along the Allied corridors and trails of armoured cars and lorries have been seen, which end suddenly in forests and fields.

"It is assumed that the Soviets are going to repair underground installations of the former German Wehrmacht.

"The armaments being moved in are estimated to number 400 heavy tanks and several batteries of long-range guns."—Reuter.

Leeds Supplies The Russians

Leeds, October 27.

A contract to supply £3,000,000 worth of electrical generators for Russia has been accepted by the Leeds engineering firm of J. and H. McLaren, an official of the firm said.

The company is already working on a £1,000,000 generator for Russia, he said and about 30 plants are being shipped to the Soviet Union weekly.

The plants of the 50 kilowatt type are designed for use in agriculture and industry.—Associated Press.

Paraguay Revolt Said Crushed

Asuncion, October 27.

The Paraguayan Government announced today that the revolt in Asuncion, the capital has been crushed.

An official announcement said that Colonel Carlos Montanaro, leader of the revolt, has surrendered.

The revolt against the Government of President Natalicio Gonzales started on Sunday when a single plane dropped several bombs on the city.

The Ministry of the Interior told the Associated Press that order has been restored and all necessary measures taken to enable the capital to resume normal life.

This indicated that the extent of the revolt which broke out in the military academy had not spread to other parts of Paraguay.

The revolt was put down after 20 hours of bitter street fighting. Casualties were not disclosed.

A loyal cavalry regiment stationed at Suburban Camp Grande supplied the politically harassed Genzales Government with the power it needed to suppress the revolution.

Colonel Montanaro is a brother of the Foreign Minister, Domingo Montanaro, who is attending the United Nations meeting in Paris.—Associated Press.

Reds Complaining Of Hardship

Berlin, October 26.

The Russians today complained, through their official news agency, that the Anglo-American counter-blockade was creating hardships both in the Soviet and Western occupation zones of Germany.

The Russians said vital supplies for Russian-occupied territory were being confiscated or turned back by the German police on the zonal borders.

The Soviet blockade of Berlin appeared to have backfired again last night when the entire Russian sector was in darkness because of a breakdown in the giant Klingeberg power plant. Allied officials said they believed the trouble was caused by inferior coal imported from Poland. The plant formerly used Ruhr coal.

The Soviet military government organ, Taegliche Rundschau, reported yesterday's Russian veto of the United Nations Security Council plan to end the Berlin crisis under the headline: "Western nations prevent solution of Berlin question."

The paper also said that Eastern Zone German police were maintaining a rigid watch on all roads leading to Berlin and since October 10 had seized over 60 tons of coal, 25 tons of potatoes, 55 tons of vegetables and a large number of tons of metal and raw materials allegedly headed for Berlin through black market channels.

The British-licensed newspaper, Die Welt, quoting an escaped German prisoner from Russia, said 4,000 to 5,000 Germans had been trained in a "Marxist high school" to take over key positions in the Soviet Zone German administration.

Die Welt said the men were hand-picked to insure Communist control of Eastern Germany in the event that the Russians withdrew their occupation troops.—United Press.

LADIES'

SUN GLASSES

Stunningly Attractive!

Marvellous Designs

You Have Never Seen Before!

INSPECTION WELCOME!

Chinese Optical Co.

37, Queen's Road C. Tel. 22222

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB

NOTICE TO MEMBERS

Ninth Extra Race Meeting

Saturday, 6th November, 1948.

The First Bell will be rung at 1.30 p.m. and the first race will be run at 2.00 p.m.

MEMBERS' BADGES AND ENCLOSURE.

Members and guests are reminded that they and their ladies MUST wear their badges PROMINENTLY DISPLAYED throughout the Meeting.

NO ONE WITHOUT A BADGE WILL BE ADMITTED TO THE MEMBERS' ENCLOSURE.

Badges admitting non-members to the Members' Enclosure and Club Rooms at $10 including tax are obtainable through the Secretary on the written or personal introduction of a Member, such Member to be responsible for all chits etc.

Badges admitting to Members' Enclosure will NOT be on sale at the RACE COURSE.

The Treasurers' Cash Office will close at 11 a.m. and the Secretary's Office at 11.45 a.m. Both Offices at 1st Floor, Exchange Building.

A limited number of Lunches will be obtainable at the Club House provided they are ordered in advance from the No. 1 Boy (Tel. 27818).

NO CHILDREN WILL BE ADMITTED TO THE CLUB'S PREMISES DURING THE MEETING.

PUBLIC ENCLOSURE.

The price of admission to the Public Enclosure is $3 including tax for all persons including ladies, and is payable at the Gate.

Bookmakers, Tic Tac men, etc. will not be permitted to operate within the precincts of The Hong Kong Jockey Club during the Race Meeting.

Refreshments will be obtainable in the Restaurant in the Public Enclosure.

SERVANTS' PASSES.

Servants' passes will be issued to Private Box Holders ONLY, who are requested to distribute them with discrimination and to endorse their names on the passes. Holders of such passes are not permitted in the Members' Enclosure except for passing through on their duties but must remain in their employers' stalls.

BY ORDER,
H. A. BLAKE,
Acting Secretary.

SHOW

the world what you sell...

SELL

the world what you show...

AT THE

CANADIAN-INTERNATIONAL TRADE FAIR

TORONTO... MAY 30 - JUNE 10, 1949

For all information concerning the

CANADIAN-INTERNATIONAL TRADE FAIR

consult

K. F. NOBLE

Canadian Government Trade Commissioner,
Hong Kong & Shanghai Bank Building,
P. O. Box 120,
HONG KONG

Producers and manufacturers of every nation are invited to show their products at the new world marketplace—the Canadian-International Trade Fair—to be sponsored again in Toronto by the Canadian Government, from May 30 to June 10, 1949.

Here you can meet and deal directly with businessmen who have come to buy from every part of the world—compete on equal terms with the products of other countries—and form invaluable international connections for future business.

Visiting businessmen from 73 countries attended the 1948 Fair—and 1400 exhibitors displayed the products of 32 different nations. Advance reservations indicate that the 1949 International Trade Fair, again sponsored by the Government of Canada, will be even more successful.

Exhibitors' applications should be received before January 1949, in order to permit the most equitable allocation of available space. Later applicants will risk disappointment. Full information and application forms are obtainable from your nearest Canadian Government Trade Representative.

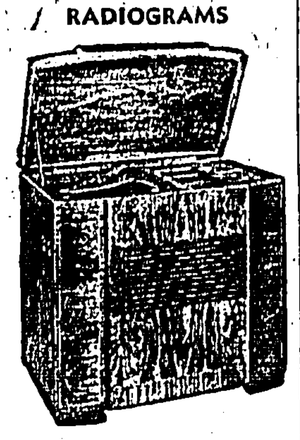
CANADIAN-INTERNATIONAL TRADE FAIR
TORONTO CANADA

Dedicated to the promotion of international trade by the

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA

RGD

THE ARISTOCRAT OF RADIOGRAMS



ON SALE ONLY AT

Moutrie & Co. (HK) Ltd.
15, Chater Rd. Phone 20527

Sole Agents—
DENNIS & CO., LTD

THE NEW MINIATURE SONOTONE "990". Again Sonotone is *outstanding!* Tiny, beautiful batteries *inside*. Nearly as easy to wear as a wristwatch . . . yet with great hearing ease!

Your hearing deserves SONOTONE
CONSULT:
ED-LAMB & CO.
300 Tsa Koo Choy Bldg.
12 Queen's Rd., C. Tel. 33466

所 印 門 金
For
QUALITY PRINTING
With
Entire Satisfaction
Call at
THE GOLDEN GATE PRINTING PRESS
44 D'Aguilar Street, Central,
Telephone 33435

Beautify your garden for Christmas with best Dutch Gladioli flowers.

Dutch Gladioli Bulbs, Top size, largest flowers, varieties, are now available: Van Tienhoven, Early Sunrise, Acca Laurentia, Orange Perfect, Rosa Van Lima, Holland's Glory, Snow Princess, Albino, Mrs. Mark's Memory, Dr. Verbage.

L. C. VAN DE VEN, HOLLAND.
SOLE AGENTS:
ANGLO-CHINESE TRADING CO.,
Suite 4, 3rd fl., Fedder Bldg., H.K. Tel. 26958

SERVICE TO OFFER
DENNIS & CO., LTD.
(White Ants Extermination Dept.)
Offers service in White Ants Treatment. Just make a call on the telephone and our Technician will be at your service for Free Inspection.
TELG: 32913 & 33324.

SICS AND MULLARD RADIOGRAM
The Better & Cheaper Radio and Radiogram in town. Guaranteed for one year. Free service and parts repaired.
You can get a New SICS or Mullard Radiogram by trading in your old ones as part payment or pay on easy installment term.
YEUNG KWONG RADIO CO.
183, Nathan Road, Kowloon.
Tel: 50044

Consult
CHINA TRAVEL SERVICE
OF YOUR TRIP TO INTERIOR CHINA
6, Queen's Rd., C.
Tels. 21826, 31116, 31279
(All Depts.)

X'MAS SALE
HUNDREDS OF CARPETS
At Special Prices.
It takes six weeks to reach England.
Buy now or it will be too late for X'mas.
Most complete stock in COLONY
CARPET INDUSTRIES
63, Austin Road, Kowloon.

AH MONG STORE
New arrival of various kinds of 1:3.5 cameras, 7x50, 8x30 oinoculars by famous factories and fountain-pen spare parts. Also repairers of watches, lighters, fountain pen and cameras.
Corner of D'Aguilar St. and Stanley St. side door.

KEEP BEAUTIFUL!
You can be sure that your selected hair-do is always best when set by Daisy and Violet. Do not hesitate to make an early appointment. We are at your service with cold waves, machineless perms, bleaching, facials, manicure and pedicure.
Beten's Beauty Salons
Kowloon Branch
Peninsula Hotel Arcade.
Tel: 58081

Mr. LUIS CHAN.
Offers his
WATER COLOUR PAINTINGS
Suitable for present
At moderate prices
Inspection at
Francis Wu's Studio
Gloucester Arcade

Hohner Harmonicas
"Chromonica" "Echo"
Law Jim Kee Music Co.
77 Des Voeux Road, C.
Tel. 33630

Announcing the arrival of new pianos, by well-known makers, in various modern designs of walnut and mahogany, fully tropicalized. Inspection cordially invited.

KING'S MUSIC CO.
5, Chiu Lung Street,
Telephone 30430.

NOTICE
Re. 1949 ISSUE OF THE DOLLAR DIRECTORY
WILL ALL SECRETARIES OF THE CLUBS IN HONG KONG & KOWLOON, KINDLY REVISE THEIR ENTRY LISTS OF THEIR CLUBS WITHOUT FURTHER DELAY AND RETURN TO
THE NEWSPAPER ENTERPRISE LTD.
Windsor House
Telephone 32312

SLIPPERED MAN

JUMPED TO DEATH IN PICCADILLY CIRCUS

London, October 26.

A man, said to be Will E. Rose of Cleveland, Ohio, today fell or jumped from a building into the midst of hundreds of late afternoon shoppers in crowded Piccadilly Circus.

Scotland Yard has not completed identification of the victim.

The body landed on the pavement outside the Piccadilly offices of Cable and Wireless. An office employee said the victim was "badly bashed up" and "roughly" dressed.

He added that the man narrowly missed a woman on the crowded thoroughfare.

"She was very calm about it," he said. "She immediately took off her mackintosh to cover the body and walked into our office to phone the police."

It was reported that the man jumped from the fourth floor of the Piccadilly Hotel, but hotel officials refused to supply any information.

An eye-witness said he thought the victim was a workman because the body was so roughly clothed. He noted, however, that the man wore bedroom slippers.

He said the police arrived within five minutes and took the body away.

Cathedral Suicide

It was the second spectacular death plunge in Britain within 24 hours.

In Lincoln, hundreds of people saw a girl plunge to her death from the 300-feet central tower of Lincoln Cathedral as dusk fell last night.

They had watched for over one hour as she clung to a three-inch ledge of the North West pinnacle. Police officers, Cathedral workmen and others had pleaded with her to return to the roof of the tower.

To her would-be rescuers, she said: "If anyone touches me, I shall jump." To get into the tower she had paid an entrance fee and signed her name in the visitors' book and then climbed 365 steps of the spiral staircase to the top and made her way along the pinnacle.

A rescue attempt was being made when she toppled head first to the ground. Later she was identified as Miss Beryl Irene Constance Collingham, aged 26 of Abbott Street, Lincoln.—United Press and Reuter.

Sudden Return Of Dr. Wang

London, October 26.

Dr. Wang Shih-chieh, Chinese Foreign Minister, will leave London by air on Friday, because, diplomatic quarters here believe, of the recent grave deterioration in the military position of the Chinese Government.

He had hoped to stay in Paris, where he has been attending the General Assembly of the United Nations, until the debate on Korea had been concluded.

Dr. Wang will travel to London on Thursday and expects to meet Mr. Ernest Bevin and other Cabinet Ministers at lunch at the Chinese Embassy.—Reuter.

BITTER CAMPAIGN IN US ELECTION

Washington, October 26.

Charges and counter-charges grew more bitter and vituperative as the last week of the Presidential campaign for next Tuesday's election opened today.

Tonight, the Republican candidate, Governor Thomas Dewey, is expected to charge President Truman with having endangered American unity and attempting to divide class against class and race against race in his speech in Chicago last night.

Mr. Truman accused Governor Dewey of being a "front man" for reactionary anti-Semitics and Fascist forces in the United States.

President Truman in the last stages of a campaign which, according to the public opinion polls, he has little chance of winning, appears to be making a last ditch appeal to the supporters of the Progressive Party's candidate, Henry Wallace, to return to the Democratic fold.

A major factor in the campaign is the relationship of the Jewish-American vote to the now bitterly controversial question of aid to Israel.

Both the Progressive Party and the Communist Party have been frankly appealing to these groups in their sectional capacities to support Mr. Wallace on the ground that both Governor Dewey and Mr. Truman are too tied to the vested interests of big business to care for the rejected and the oppressed as Mr. Roosevelt cared for them.—Reuter.

AUSSIES WANT AMERICAN WAY

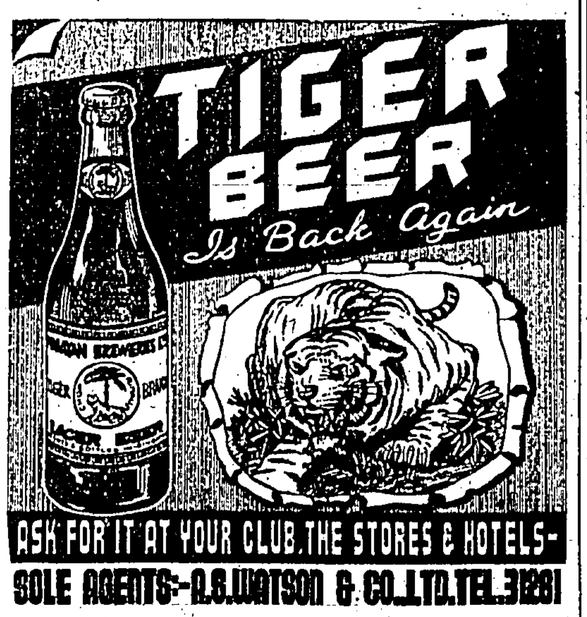
Sydney, October 26.

The view that the future development of Australia lies more in America at the moment than in the United Kingdom was expressed here yesterday.

Senator John Armstrong, Australia's Minister of Supply and Development, who is Minister in charge of the Royal tour to Australia next year, told the Australian American Association.

"There is something in the American that is characteristic of what we need to develop this country. It is something, unfortunately, that you do not see in the Englishman who is characteristically European."

"We have reached a stage where what we want is men of terrific courage with money to risk. We want people who are prepared to take risks and even make mistakes," he declared.—Associated Press.



ALL YOU NEED

HANDKNITTED SWEATERS, BABIES SETS, DRESSED DOLLS, TOY CRADLES, HOMEMADE CANDIES, SEEDLINGS, COCO-NUT SHY DONKEY RIDES,

ALL AT THE

GRAND BAZAAR
AT
KING GEORGE V SCHOOL
SATURDAY 30th OCTOBER 2.30 P.M.

TAI HANG JEWELLERY
Wholesalers of CUT-DIAMONDS
Sole Agents for
Liberty Diamond Cutting Works (Pty) Ltd.
Johannesburg, South Africa.
Bank of East Asia Bldg., 7th Floor, Room 707, Hong Kong.
Telephone 21886

GENERAL THINKS

Russians Won't Fight If Bluff Is Called

Sonoma, California, October 26.

Russia is attempting a gigantic bluff against the United States and the Western Allies.

She is "not ready to fight, does not want to fight and will not fight" if the bluff is called, General H.H. Arnold, former head of the U.S. Army air forces, told the United Press.

General Arnold said: "The only American in the post-war world to tell the Russians where to get off and make them like it is General Douglas MacArthur in Tokyo."

Asked what positive steps the Western Allies might take in the present situation, General Arnold said: "We might take a motor convoy and push it through the corridor to Berlin. Perhaps, we might learn something from (the late General) George Patton's technique. If Patton were running he show he would take it through."

Asked what the Russians would do if an armed Allied convoy did push through to Berlin, General Arnold replied: "Not much, if anything."

He said: "We need today the same courage of conviction we had when we marched into Berlin. It would be a grave and basic error to let the Communists bluff us out in the present deadlock in Germany. They are not ready to fight and do not want to fight.

Almost Fear

"We should curb our national tendency to be in awe of the Russians—an awe amounting almost to fear. If our people will take time coolly to analyse what Russia does and does not possess militarily, Americans will be greatly heartened.

"I might be 100 per cent wrong. But I did have direct experience with the Russians under combat conditions throughout the war and to that extent I base my personal opinion and conclusions upon fact."

General Arnold said: "Mr. Winston Churchill and Mr. Ernest Bevin have given Britain an understandable policy with reference to the Communists and have made strong statements which the Russians cannot misunderstand—statements that should appeal to every American as they have to every Briton.

"We should have equally clarified our policy concerning Russia.

"Our military policy must of necessity be geared to our foreign policy. How can we intelligently estimate the needs of our new air force, our ground forces and our navy if we are not certain as to the foreign policy they will require to implement?

Time Against US

"Time pays with the Russians. We have superior power now. They may have it later.

"Meantime it would be folly to let them bridge the gap by bluff alone. Hitler pulled that stuff 10 years ago.

"We should now make certain of our objectives, state them so clearly that neither the Russians, nor our allies nor our own people can misunderstand and then firmly enforce them.

"The Russians will not fight today—tomorrow they may if we let them continue to create a modern armed power."United Press.

RAF COURSE IN WILTSHIRE

Old Sarum, October 27.

British (and American war planes demonstrated the latest air support techniques for senior British land, sea and air officers here yesterday.

Both jet and conventional fighters and bombers were put through their paces. The officers are taking the Royal Air Force's special senior course to bring leaders of the three armed services up to date in air support developments.—Associated Press.

BRITAIN'S DEFENCE MEASURES

London, October 26.

In the House of Commons tonight, Mr. Clement Attlee, the Prime Minister, said that the Government was reviewing the whole question of national service as to how best to make use of the manpower of the nation to build up the Services.

He added: "This is a matter in which we have to consider that we have to get adequate defence forces and that we must not use our defence forces to cripple our industrial recovery."

Regarding civil defence, Mr. Attlee said that the Government proposal did not mean that they intended, in the event of war, to adopt a passive attitude or to expend in peace time vast efforts in building up shelters and other protective measures.

The main purpose of the plan will be to ensure the creation in peace time of a reserve of trained personnel to deal with the consequences of any hostile attack and the establishment of a framework of organisation that could be brought into effective operation at short notice.—Reuter.

Cantonese Cafes Up Against It

Canton, October 26.

More than 200 restaurants, tea houses and confectionary shops are facing closure here because of inability to get the ingredients necessary for making food, according to Chinese reports.

The shops which make and sell food require such commodities as flour, sugar, edible oil, salt, pork, beef, fish, chicken and ducks. There can now be bought for the most part only at black-market prices, since most suppliers are not willing to sell at the official prices.

The shops and restaurants, however, must sell at the official prices, compared to the black market prices which in recent weeks have doubled and sometimes trebled.

The shop keepers and restauranteurs sent a delegation to call on Mayor Auyang Chu, to lay their case before him and request some relief. The mayor promised to solve that problem but told them they must carry on for the time being as best they can at the official prices.—United Press.

POP — — — — — — — — — — **Posterprandial!**

MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN — **By Lee Falk and Phil Davis**

RIP KIRBY — **By ALEX RAYMOND**

JANE

HONG KONG FILM and THEATRE NEWS
OCTOBER ISSUE
NOW ON SALE
50 CENTS

WATERMAN STEAMSHIP CORPORATION

MOBILE, ALA., U.S.A.

EXPRESS SERVICE TO NEW YORK via Panama.

s.s. "CITY OF ALMA" ..... loading Hong Kong 7th Nov.
s.s. "ANDREW JACKSON" ..... " " 7th Dec.
s.s. "FAIRLAND" ..... " " 8th Jan.

DIRECT for New York, Baltimore and Philadelphia, via Shanghai and Honolulu.

Limited Passenger accommodation

Tanks available for bulk oil cargoes.

For freight and further particulars apply:—

WALLEM & COMPANY

Agents.

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Bldg. Tel: 34177-9

THE PACIFIC ORIENT EXPRESS LINE

LOADING FOR U.S. PACIFIC COAST:

m.v. "VILJA" ..... loading Hong Kong 22nd Nov.
m.v. "PARRAMATTA" ..... loading Hong Kong 27th Nov.
m.v. "VINGNES" ..... " " 10th Dec.

For Freight and further particulars apply direct to:—

WALLEM AND CO.

Agents,

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building.

Tels. 34177-9.

IVARAN LINES FAR EAST SERVICE

Loading for U.S. Atlantic Coast

"IVARAN" ..... discharging 10th Nov.
"REINHOLT" ..... loading Hong Kong 17th Nov.
"BORGHOLT" ..... loading Hong Kong 20th Dec.

For freight and further particulars apply to—

WALLEM & CO.

Agents.

Hongkong Bank Building. Tels. 34177-9.

THE DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

S.S. "HAIYANG"

SAILING TO SWATOW

on Saturday, 30th October,

FROM DOUGLAS WHARF

Subject to alteration without Notice.

For Particulars of Freight & Passage, Please apply to:—

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & CO.

General Managers.

P. & O. Building, 5th floor. Tel. No. 31231

or

CHINESE SHIPPING DEPT.

20 Connaught Road, Central. Tel. No. 24688

HONGKONG / MACAO

DAILY SAILING

T.S.S. "CHEUNG HING"

FROM HONGKONG 5.00 P.M. TUNG ON WHARF

FROM MACAO 10.30 A.M. No. 16 WHARF

FIRST CLASS CABIN ..... HK$20.—
FIRST CLASS SALOON ..... HK$15.—
SECOND CLASS ..... HK$10.—
STEERAGE CLASS ..... HK$ 6.—

Further Particulars Please Apply:—

TA HING Co. (H.K.) Ltd. or TUNG ON WHARF

St. George's Bldg. Tel: 31288 — Connaught Rd., C. Tel: 20545

Subject to Alteration without Notice.

AUSTRALIA-WEST PACIFIC LINE

EXPRESS SERVICE

Refrigerated, Ventilated and General Cargo

M.V. "AROS"

Loads 7th November

Arrives Australia 24th November

for

BRISBANE, SYDNEY, MELBOURNE, ADELAIDE

via

MANILA, RABAUL

Transhipment cargo accepted for Fiji and New Zealand

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

General Agents Tels. 28021/4

MR. DULLES SAYS:

COMMUNISM'S AIM IS A WORLD REVOLUTION

Paris, October 26.

Mr. John Foster Dulles of the United States told the United Nations today that International Communism is working for a world revolution through "force, coercion and terrorism."

He told the U.N. Political Committee that the Greek question before the General Assembly and the Berlin deadlock before the Security Council were both part of "a general effort to extend the power of Soviet Communism throughout the world."

Mr. Dulles said he was presenting a resolution to send the U.N. Special Commission on the Balkans (UNSCOB) back to work for another year investigating the Greek civil war and appealing to Greece's Northern neighbours to cease aiding efforts to overthrow the Greek Government. The resolution was presented in the name of Britain, China, France and the United States.

He said that "the continued aid given by Albania, Bulgaria and Yugoslavia to the Greek guerillas endangers peace in the Balkans and is inconsistent with the purposes and principle of the Charter of the United Nations."

It would order Greece's three Northern neighbours to cease all aid immediately and co-operate with UNSCOB in its investigation of the civil strife.

It would call on the 58 Nations to "refrain from any action designed to assist directly or through any other government any armed group fighting against the Greek Government."

World Plan

The resolution proposed sending UNSCOB back to work "to observe and report on the response of Albania, Bulgaria and Yugoslavia to the General Assembly injunction not to furnish aid to the Greeck guerillas."

The 58-nation Political Committee got to the heart of the Balkan question after rejecting a Yugoslav move to invite representatives of General Markos Vafiades, guerilla leader, to participate in the debate.

"In Greece," Mr. Dulles said, "Communists are attempting to overthrow the Government by violence and in this effort they are receiving aid from other countries that are already Communist-controlled."

Mr. Dulles said the "violent effort to establish in Greece a Communist Government is but a part of a general effort to extend the power of Soviet Communism throughout the world."

The Security Council, he said, has been considering "another phrase of this problem as it dealt with the coercive measures being taken by the Soviet Union to extend its power over all Berlin."

The same pattern of Communist effort throughout the world will be mirrored when the General Assembly takes up the Korean question, Mr. Dulles declared.

"However, one looks, whether it be to Europe, Africa, Asia or the Americas, there is apparent the same pattern of effort, namely the incitement from without, of coercion, fear and violence within, to achieve international political objectives.

"The manifestations of this effort differ only as they are adjusted to meet local situations."

Mr. Dulles said there was nothing surprising about the uniformity of Communist activities for it is what they "have been consistently taught and what they are being taught today.

"The U.S.S.R., they are told, will not be safe until the non-Communist nations have been so reduced in strength and numbers that Communist influence is dominant throughout the world and that in such efforts the Soviet Communist Party is the 'vanguard', the 'shock brigade of the world profetariat'."

Burden Of Fear

"It is furthermore taught that that result cannot be achieved by peaceful reform but only by the method of revolution."

Mr. Dulles continued, "Therefore when throughout the world Communists seek to weaken and overthrow non-Communist Governments and use for it, coercion and terrorism, they are doing what their foreign leaders have taught them to do."

Because of Communist violence, Mr. Dulles said, "the United Nations has found it impossible as yet to relieve the peoples of the world from the heavy burden of armament and the even leavier burden of fear."

The means at the disposal of the United Nations to deal with the situation, he continued, are "inadequate."

"Action is primarily, the responsibility of the Security Council and in the Security Council the Government of Soviet Russia wields a power of veto. That indeed is why this Balkan affair Soviet Union by its veto last is before the Assembly. The year made the Security Council impotent to deal with it."

Soviet Warned

Mr. Dulles concluded with a warning to the Soviet bloc that "if there is continued violation of the Charter, world opinion will grow steadily more condemnatory, more resolute and more potent to restrain aggression."

Mr. Dulles charged that the "territory of Albania, Bulgaria and Yugoslavia has guerillas who have frequently moved at will across the frontiers for tactical reasons."

Despite this "Greece not only survives but thanks to its own efforts and those of the United Nations and of other friendly states, Greece is steadily making progress in the rehabilitation of the country, and in making good the terrific losses which Greece suffered when she resisted Nazi aggression and became its victim," he added. — Associated Press.

Russian Coal For Shanghai

Shanghai, October 27.

The Central Trust—a subsidiary of the Central Bank of China—has ordered 50,000 tons of coal from the Soviet Union, according to the China Press.

The first shipment of Russian coal is expected here next month. All Soviet coal supplies will be transported here through Vladivostok.—Reuter.

West Coast Union To Negotiate

San Francisco, October 26.

One of five union in the 35-day-old Pacific Coast shipping strike resumed negotiations today with the shipowners. The union is the Congress of Industrial Organisations' Marine Engineers.

Meanwhile, in New Orleans, a Federal Judge granted the National Labour Relations Board a temporary injunction against two West coast maritime unions, the independent Marine Firemen and the CIO Marine Cooks and Stewards. The Board asked that the unions be enjoined from picketing repair work at Gulf shipyards on ships made idle by the strike.

At Tacoma, Washington, only major Pacific Coast port not strike-bound, the Marine Exchange today reported 21 deep sea ships anchored off its piers, the largest number since the strike began. American Federation of Labour longshoremen were at work.

Release of Christmas toys and decorations from the Orient on board strike-bound ships was sought today in four marine libel suits filed in Federal court against shipping lines.

Murray Creiss Company, Los Angeles, asked the United States Army to discharge cargo consigned from Japan on board the President Taft and President Madison.

The Reliance Merchandise Company sued Sunden and Christenson Overseas Corporation.

Oscar Leistner Incorporated sued Pacific Far Lines. The same line was used by Isaac B. Cohn and Sons, New York. Total value of the cargo involved was around US$25,000.—Associated Press.

Doctors Faced By Gigantic Problem

Washington, October 26.

The Army said today that American doctors have a "gigantic" responsibility for the "sheer survival of great masses of the population" in the event of an atomic war.

The statement was made in a special booklet prepared by the army medical department for use by military and civilian doctors.

Major-General H.W. Bliss, army surgeon-general, said in a foreword that the nation which ignores the potential dangers of nuclear forces is "courting annihilation." Although doctors hope there never will be an atomic war they must plan as though they are certain one would occur.

"We cannot leave to chance or hurried last-minute action technological preparations which alone will cut down the enormous casualties if these new bombs are dropped upon our closely packed civilian centres."

The Department of Defence plans to release soon a plan for civilian defence.

It is expected to contain special provisions for safeguarding the population and educating civilian doctors in the treatment of atomic injuries.

The army's education programme is based upon experiences at Nagasaki and Hiroshima where atom bombs were dropped during the war and on post-war experiments at Bikini Atoll and Eniwetok in the Pacific.—United Press.

CHANNEL ISLAND MANOEUVRES

Portsmouth, October 27.

Royal Navy torpedo boats sailed out yesterday to test war defences of the Channel Islands, which the Germans occupied and held throughout the war.

The First Torpedo Boat Flotilla, based at St. Peter Port, Guernsey, will defend the island from surprise attacks launched by craft of the Second Flotilla. The exercises will last all week.—Associated Press.

TO UNSCRAMBLE THE EGGS

London, October 26.

Mr. Anthony Eden gave notice on behalf of the Opposition in the House of Commons tonight that if victorious at the next general election it would consider itself entirely free to repeal the Government legislation to nationalise the iron and steel industry.

"We are unalterably opposed to the nationalisation of iron and steel," he said in the debate which followed the King's speech.

It was learned tonight that the Opposition would table an amendment to the reply to the King's speech deploring the nationalisation of steel "at a time when this key industry is contributing so much to Britain's economic stability and security."—Reuter.

Labour M.P. Quits Party

London, October 26.

Mr. Ivor Thomas, Labour Member of Parliament for Keighley, Yorkshire, has resigned from the Labour Party because he disagrees with the Government plans to nationalise steel and reform the House of Lords.

Mr. Thomas was formerly Under-Secretary of State for Civil Aviation in the present Government and until October last year Parliamentary Under-Secretary for the Colonies.

In a letter to the Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, Mr. Thomas wrote: "For a long time I have been uneasy over a wide range of the Government's domestic policy."—Reuter.

Eastern Australian

STEAMSHIP COMPANY LIMITED

S.S. "NANKIN"

Loading first week in November for

WELLINGTON & AUCKLAND

via

MANILA, RABAUL, BRISBANE, SYDNEY and MELBOURNE.

For space please apply:—

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.

Peninsular Oriental

QUIS NOS SEPARABIT

STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY

R.M.S. "CANTON"

NOTICE TO PASSENGERS

SAILS: 30th October 5 p.m. for London via Straits, Colombo and Bombay.

HEAVY BAGGAGE: will be accepted into the baggage godown, Salisbury Road Entrance up to Noon on Friday, 20th October.

EMBARKATION: will take place between 2 p.m. and 4.30 p.m. on the 30th October.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.

Agents

THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.

OF COPENHAGEN

M.S. "KAMBODIA"

Loading about 12th November

for

ADEN, PORT SAID, GENOA, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG, OSLO, GOTHENBURG & COPENHAGEN

THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.

Queen's Bldg., 2nd floor. Tel. 34111 & 34112.

P&O B.I. E&A COMPANIES

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S.N. CO.

s.s. "CANTON" In port
sails 30th Oct. 5 p.m. for London via Straits, Colombo, Bombay & Suez.

m.s. "TREVAYLOR"
due 31st Oct. from U.K. & Continent via Straits.
sails 3rd Nov. for Shanghai and London via Straits & Continent.

m.s. "TRESILLIAN" • due 15th Nov. from Japan.
sails 17th Nov. for London via Straits, Colombo, Genoa, Marseilles & Havre. accept cargo for Bombay via Colombo at direct rates.

s.s. "CARTHAGE"
due 22nd Nov. from London, Bombay & Straits.
sails 26th Nov. to London via Straits, Colombo & Bombay.

m.s. "SOUDAN"
due 25th Nov. from London & Continent via Straits.
sails 28th Nov. for Shnaghai & Japan.

m.s. "TREVANION"
due 7th Dec. from London & Continent via Straits.
sails 10th Dec. for Japan.

m.s. "SOUDAN" •
sails mid Dec. for London via Straits, Colombo & Continent.

m.s. "SURAT"
due 3rd Jan. from London & Continent via Straits.
sails 6th Jan. for Shanghai & Japan.

• Tanks available for oil in bulk.

m.s. "SOUDAN" is fitted with DRYHOLD VENTILATION SYSTEM and has space for REFRIGERATED CARGO.

BRITISH INDIA S.N. CO., LTD.

s.s. "SHIRALA" • due 28th Oct. from Calcutta via Rangoon & Straits.
(Apcar Line)
sails 30th Oct. for Amoy.
due 1st Nov. from Amoy.
sails 4th Nov. for Singapore, Penang, and Madras.

m.s. "SANGOLA" •
(Apcar Line) due 11th Dec. from Calcutta via Rangoon & Straits.
sails 14th Dec. for Amoy, Shanghai & Japan.

• Has refrigerated cargo space.

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN S.S. Co., Ltd.

s.s. "NANKIN" due 1st Nov. from Japan.
sails 5th Nov. for Manila, Sandakan Rabaul, Brisbane, Sydney and Melbourne Auckland & Wellington.

s.s. "EASTERN"
due 7th Nov. from Australia, Port Moresby & Manila.
sails 11th Nov. for Shanghai, Kobe & Yokkaichi.

s.s. "EASTERN" sails end Nov. for Australia.
s.s. "NELLORE" due early Dec. from Australia.

For full particulars apply to:-
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.
Telephone Nos. 27721-4.

The SWEDISH EAST ASIATIC CO., Ltd.

ARRIVALS FROM EUROPE

M.V. BRYNJE ..... Discharging Hong Kong 15th Nov.
M.V. BENARES ..... " " 30th Nov.

SAILINGS TO EUROPE

M.V. HALLAND ..... Loading Hong Kong 9th Nov.
M.V. BENARES ..... " " 10th Dec.

For

ADEN, GENOA, MARSEILLES, CASABLANCA, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM (AMSTERDAM), HAMBURG, COPENHAGEN, OSLO, GOTHENBURG AND KARLSHAMN

Tanks available suitable for the carriage of oil in bulk.

For further particulars apply:—

GILMAN & CO., LTD.

Agents.

Tel. 31146.

ISTHMIAN LINE

(Isthmian Steamship Co. of N.Y.)

ARRIVALS FROM ATLANTIC COAST

s.s. "STEEL NAVIGATOR" ..... discharging H.K. 20th Oct.
s.s. "QUEENS VICTORY" ..... discharging H.K. 21st Nov.

SAILINGS TO ATLANTIC COAST via PANAMA

S.S. "MARQUETTE VICTORY" ..... loading H.K. 20th Nov.

for

HOUSTON, NEW ORLEANS, NEW YORK, BOSTON AND BALTIMORE

For further particulars apply:—

GILMAN & CO., LTD.

Agents.

Tel. 31146

Chinese Freight Agents

HIN FAT & CO., LTD.

Tels: 22421, 22543 & 22482

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN SERVICE

	Arrivals	Sailings
"TJIBADAK"	In port	to Javaports & Macassar 29th October. 1 p.m.
"TJITJALENGKA"	from Macassar & Javaports 28th October	to Javaports & Macassar 9th November.
"TJISADANE"	from Macassar & Javaports 14th November.	to Javaports & Macassar 25th November.

ASIA—AFRICA—SOUTH AMERICA SERVICE

	Arrivals	Sailings
"BOISSEVAIN"	In port	to South Africa & South America via Manila, Straits 13th November.
"TJIBODAS"	from South America & South Africa 5th November.	to Shanghai and Japan 8th November.
"TJIKAMPEK"	from South Africa 26th November.	to South Africa & South America 11th December.
"TEGELBERG"	from South America & South Africa 26th November.	to South Africa & South America 14th January.

Transhipment cargo on through Bs/L to Dar-Es-Salaam, Mombasa, Zanzibar accepted on all sailings.

SUMATRA—MALAYA—CHINA SERVICE

	Arrivals	Sailings
"TASMAN"	from Amoy & Swatow 28th October	to Straits & Belawan Deli 29th October.
"VAN HEUTSZ"	from B. Deli & Straits 4th November	to Amoy & Swatow 6 November to Straits & Belavan Deli 14th November.

Agents: HOLLAND-EAST ASIA LINE

	Arrivals	Sailings
"MARIEKERK"	from Europe 30th October	to Shanghai & Japan 1st November. to Europe via Manila & Straits Mid November.
"MOLENKERK"	from Europe end November	to Europe via Manila & Straits. Mid December.
"MERWEDE"	from Europe End Dec.	to Europe via Manila & Straits, Mid January.

Transhipment cargo on through Bs/L accepted to Mediterranean and Northern European ports.

Agents: SILVER LINE LTD.

	Arrivals	Sailings
"SILVERBRIER"	from U.S via Pacific Coast early Dec.	to U.S. via Atlantic ports mid December.

Office Address: King's Building. Phones: 28015, 28016 & 28017
Chinese Agents: 82, Connaught Rd., Tel. 31196 & 21533

DE LA RAMA LINES

EXPRESS CARGO LINER SERVICES TO AND FROM PACIFIC & ATLANTIC COASTS

ARRIVING FROM U.S. ATLANTIC COAST VIA TACOMA

m.v. "HALLAND" ..... 9th November

LOADING FOR U.S. ATLANTIC COAST VIA LOS ANGELES

s.s. "DONA AURORA" ..... 18th November
m.v. "BRYNJE" ..... Late November

THE DE LA RAMA STEAMSHIP CO., INC.
(Incorporated in the Philippines)
MARINA HOUSE Tels. 28676—22675
CHINESE SHIPPING OFFICE Tels. 28788—20163

THE HO HONG STEAMSHIP CO., (1932) LTD.

m.v. "KAMUNING"
To SINGAPORE & PENANG

Loading	Sailing
27th October	28th October

s.s. "HONG SIANG"
To SINGAPORE, PENANG & RANGOON

Loading	Sailing
4th November	5th November

Subject To Alteration Without Notice
For Further Particulars on Freight & Passage Apply:
THE HO HONG CO. (CHINA) LTD.
48A, Bonham Strand W. Tels. 28127 & 25548

CASTLE LINE

S.S. "GREYSTOKE CASTLE"

from ATLANTIC and PACIFIC COAST PORTS via MANILA due Hong Kong about 31st October to discharge
Accepting cargo for SINGAPORE subject to inducement.
Vessel Fitted with Cargocaire
Special Deep Tanks Available for Bulk Oil
Limited Passenger Accommodation.

For Full Particulars Apply:
MOLLERS' (H.K.) LTD.
Queen's Building.
Tel. 31180.
CHINESE FREIGHT AGENTS

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

JAPAN A BETTER BET FOR US HELP THAN WESTERN EUROPE?

Washington, October 27.

The Washington Times Herald says it has been persuaded that Japan at this time would be a better bet for a Marshall Plan and a rearmament programme than is Western Europe.

The newspaper called attention in an editorial to recent remarks of Lieutenant General Robert L. Eichelberger, former commander of the Eighth Army occupation forces in Japan. He said that the US disarmed Japan too quickly and too thoroughly, that Russia is making inroads in North East Asia and might take over Japan.

If Russia should annex Japan, General Eichelberger said "to the United States, Canada, the Philippines and Australia it would signify the loss of World War II, and a potential defeat in the Pacific in a future war."

"We have already been sold the Marshall Plan for the economic revival of 16 nations of Western Europe," the Times Herald said. "We are being razzle-dazzled into rearming those same countries. And now comes General Eichelberger with a warning that while our globe thinkers and internationalists and Britain worshippers have been fixing their eyes on Western Europe, Joe Stalin has been laying plans to grab most of Asia and all of Japan. We do not doubt that General Eichelberger's statements of fact are correct."

"We are persuaded, too, that Japan at this time would be a better bet for a Marshall Plan and a rearmament programme than is Western Europe. There is next to no Communist problem in Japan, because of General Douglas MacArthur's firmness toward Stalin's Japanese fifth column.

"The Japanese, furthermore, respect winners above anything else, and they know perfectly well that we beat them virtually single-handed, no matter what Russian and British propagandists have to say about that.

"So, if we are thinking of expanding our cold war against Russia, the next logical theatre of operations is Japan. But how long can we keep this up? How far will the money and the steel, food, ammunition and planes stretch?"—Associated Press.

London Stock Exchange

London, October 26.

International political developments have created a note of hesitation. Prices in most sections today showed small declines with interest evaporating as the direct result of the Russian veto at the Security Council meeting on the Berlin dispute.

The turn over in gilt-edged stocks, however, was considerable but prices were slightly easier in the day.

The new £100,000,000 Electricity loan last 1/16 at 3/16 premium. Among industrials, irons and steels and road transport shares were out of favour and declined a few pence. Tobaccos, textiles and breweries remained steady.

Elsewhere, Cable and Wireless ordinary fell to 2¼ on profit-taking on the recent rise. Oils also suffered from profit-taking and generally were easier. Anglo Iranian, however, were firm at 8½ following the maintained interim dividend of five per cent. News of good developments in the Free State area stimulated certain of the South African minings. Middle Wits and Free State issues were sharply ahead and held advances despite bouts of profit-taking. Otherwise, Kaffirs were occasionally irregular.

SECURITIES:	
British Consols, 2½%	78-13/16
Conversion Loan, 3½%, 1961	105⅝
Funding Loan, 4% 1960/90	113⅝
War Loan, 3½% 1952	102-15/16
War Loan, 3%	104⅜
Victory Bonds, 4%	115⅛
INDUSTRIALS:	
British American Tobacco (of G.B. & Ireland)	5⅜
Imperial Chemical Indust., ord.	47/7½
Imperial Tobacco Co. (of G.B. & Ireland)	5-3/16
TEA SHARES:	
Assam Consolidated Tea	21/9
Assam Frontier Tea	14/3
Assam Tea Company	20/3
Doogars Tea Company	29/-
Emp. of India & Ceylon Tea Co.	16/6
Imperial Tea Company	26/3
MINE SHARES:	
Burma Corp.	6/6½
Crown Mines	3⅛
Nundydroog Mines	11/3
Rand Mines	6-7/16
Spring Mines	8/3
Sub Nigels	4
Tavoy Tin Co.	1/3
Union Corporation	216/3
OIL SHARES:	
Royal Dutch Co.	25⅝
Shell Transport & Trading Co.	3-13/16
SHIPPING:	
P. & O. Steam Navig. Co., ord.	55/1½
GILTEDGED:	
Funding Loan, 3%	102⅝
National War Bonds, 2½%	
1949/51	100-16/16
1952/54	102⅛
1954/56	102⅝
1951/53	102-11/32
Savings Bonds, 3%	
1955/65	103⅛
1960/70	103-5/16
1965/75	101⅛
Exchequer Bonds, 1½% 1950	100⅝
Redemption Stock, 3½% 1986/96	99⅛
FOREIGN BONDS:	
German Loan (Dawes), 7%	3%
Japanese 5%, 1907/47	29½
Japanese 6%, 1924/59	28⅝
Jap. S. Manchurian Rly., 5% 1928	18
BANKS:	
Chartered Bank of I.A. & C.	31-15/16
Hong Kong & Shanghai Bank	118⅝
Mercantile Bank of India, "A"	21⅛
CHINESE EXTERNAL LOANS:	
Tientsin-Pukow Railway, 5%	9
Lung-Taing-U-final Rlys., 5%, 1913	9
Reorg. Loan, 5%, Los. Issue, 1913	17
Crisp Loan, 5%, 1912	15
Hukuang Railways, 5%, 1911	9
Honan Railway, 5%, 1905	10
Shanghai Nanking Rlys., 5%	10
Kowloon Canton Railways, 5%	
Sterling Bonds	13

—Reuter.

AID FOR CHINA

Washington, October 27.

The Economic Co-operation Administration yesterday approved grants totalling US$7,295,450 for China.

These included wheat, US$4,059,450 and wheat flour, US$1,030,000, both from the United States and ocean freight costs of US$1,306,000.—Associated Press.

Aussies Ban Jap Materials

Sydney, October 26.

Australia will restrict her imports of Japanese textiles and ban completely printed cotton and rayon material normally used for clothing and furnishings, the Prime Minister, Mr. Joseph Chifley, told textile workers.

In a letter answering workers' fears that unrestricted import would threaten them with unemployment, Mr. Chifley added that it would be essential, however, to import some items including those unavailable in Australia, Britain or in other soft currency areas.—Reuter.

SILVER AND GOLD MARKETS

London:— Silver: Spot fine ounce 47d, Forward 47d. Bar, Gold, per fine ounce 122/3.

New York:—Silver, Bar, (asked price) 77⅛ cts.; Bar, Gold, per fine ounce (official) $35.

Bombay:—Silver: Ready, per 100 tolas Rupees 174, Annas 06; Forward 174, 02; Marwari (unofficial) 174, 04. Gold: delivered, per tola 113, 12; Forward (unofficial) 113, 02; Sovereign 75, 04. ounce.)

One tola is equal to 3/8th of an ounce.

Buenos Aires:—Sovereign, buyers unquoted, sellers 155.00. U.S. Eagles, buyers unquoted, sellers 250.00. Gold, Bar, per Gramme, buyers unquoted, sellers 15.20.

Bangkok:—Gold, Bar, baht-weight of 15.244 Grammes unquoted. Exchange Rate (Selling) Bangkok on New York T.T. 19.70, London 60.10, Hong Kong 3.75.

Paris Free Gold Prices:—Napoleon 5,975 Frs.; French 10 franc coins 2,800; Swiss franc 5,725; Union Latine 5,450; Sovereign 7,175; Half Sovereign 3,280; US $ 20 Coin 28,400; US $ 10 Coin 13,900; Sovereign (in free US $ per ounce $98.4; Napoleon (in free US $ per ounce) $102.1; US Dollar notes (in black-market) 485.

Paris Free Market Rates:—Ingots: Fine Gold ingots, with delivery of counterpart per gramme 234/244 Frs.; Without counterpart 760/790; Silver ingots per Kilo 6,000b, 7,400s; Platinum Ingots, per Kilo 800,000b, 855,000b. —Reuter.

THIRTY MILLION TURNED IN

Shanghai, October 27.

The Central Bank of China announced last night that since August 23 the public had surrendered US$34,500,000 for Gold Yuan.

During the same period, the Central Bank and its agents also received in exchange for Gold Yuan over 1,100,000 ounces of gold, 965,000 ounces of silver and more than HK$10,000,000.—Reuter.

CUSTOMS MEN EXECUTED

Shanghai, October 27.

Three senior officials of the Shanghai Maritime Customs were executed on charges of corruption.

Yin Yan-sun, Yao Shin-min and Chang Yuan were convicted by the Nanking District Court. The death sentences were upheld by the Supreme Court.—Associated Press.

New York, October 27.

Crude rubber closed 45 to 60 lower with sales of 50 contracts. December 20.85 bid; March 20.60 bid; May 20.45 bid.

No. 1 ribbed smoked sheets 21¾ nominal.—Associated Press.

Hong Kong Stock Exchange

The demand for shares persists with prices moving slightly higher.

H.K. GOVT. LOANS:	
4% Loan	101½n.
3½% Loan (1924 & 1940)	100n.
3½% Loan (1918)	101⅛n.
BANKS:	
H.K. & S Bank	1980, 2000.
" " (Lon. Reg.)	£13⅝n.
Chartered Bank	£11-15/16n.
Mercantile Bank A. & N.	£21½n.
Bank of East Asia	142n.
INSURANCES:	
Canton Ins.	380n.
Union Ins.	760n, 775n.
China Underwriters	6½n.
H.K. Fire Ins.	280n.
SHIPPING:	
Douglases	297n
H.K. & M. Steamboats	17b.
Indo Chinas (Pref.)	95n.
" (Def.)	24½n.
Shells (Bearer)	70/3n.
Union Waterboats	35n.
DOCKS, WHARVES, GODOWNS, Etc.:	
H.K. & K. Wharves (Old)	136b.
" (New)	130b.
North Point Wharves	7½b.
H.K. Docks	30½b, 30¾s, 30¾n.
China Providents	34.50b, 21¾/22½n.
Shanghai Dockyards	19½n.
MINING:	
Raub Mines	6½n.
H.K. Mines	035n.
LANDS, HOTELS & BUILDINGS:	
H. & S. Hotels	16n.
H.K. Lands	72b.
Shanghai Lands	5.95b, 6.10s, 6.10ss.
Humphreys (X. Rts.)	17b.
" (Rights)	6½b.
H.K. Realties	18n.
Chinese Estates	170n.
PUBLIC UTILITIES:	
H.K. Tramways	21.40b, 21¾/.60sn.
Peak Trams (Old)	26½n.
" (New)	11½s.
Star Ferries	339b.
C. Lights (Old)	25b, 25½s, 25.20sn.
" (New) (F. Pd.)	22b, 22½s, 22.50sn.
" (New) (F. Pd.)	17n.
H.K. Electrics	39½b, 39¾s, 40/39½sn.
Macao Electrics	21¾b, 25sn.
Kowloon Lights	16b.
Telephones	30½b, 37sn.
Shanghai Gas	6½n.
INDUSTRIALS:	
Cold. Mfrs. (Ord.)	27n.
Canton Ice	7n.
Cements	40¾b, 40¾/41sn.
H.K. Ropes	19½b.
STORES &c.:	
Dairy Farms (Old)	46b, 46/46½sn.
" (New)	44b, 44¾sn.
Watsons (Old)	58b, 59s, 58½sn.
" (New)	53½b, 58sn.
L. Crawfords (X. Rts.)	31½n.
" (Rights)	17½n.
Sincfes	8n.
China Emporium	9½n.
Sun Co., Ltd.	4½n.
Kwong Sang Hong	155n.
Wing On (H.K.)	85n.
Wm. Powell, Ltd.	11n.
MISCELLANEOUS:	
China Entertainments	38s.
H.K. Constructions (Old)	5n.
" (New)	4½n.
Vibros (Old)	15n.
" (New)	12b.
Manyman Investments	13/3s.
Myraman (H.K.)	4½b.
Shanghai Loan	4½s.
COTTONS:	
Ewos	17b, 17½/½s.
RUBBER, ETC., COMPANIES:	
Anglo-Javas	6½n.
Cheng Rubbers	70n.
Consolidated Rubbers	2½n.
Kota Bahrue	2n.
Padang Rubbers	1n.
Rubber Trusts	3n.
Selmazaan Rubbers	1.10n.
Shanghai Pahang	2n.
Tanah Merahs	.90n.
Tebong Rubbers	.05n.
Ziangbe Rubbers	0n.

Notice To Consignees

Consignees Per Australia-West Pacific Line

M.V. "AROS"

are hereby notified that their cargo is being discharged into the Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co's godown where it will be at consignee's risk and subject to the Wharf's terms and conditions of storage and where delivery may be obtained.

Damaged packages are to be left in the godowns for examination by consignees and the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. Carmichael & Clarke at 10 a.m. on the October 28.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when damaged dutiable goods are examined.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the steamer's godowns, and all goods remaining undelivered after the October 29, will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the undersigned on or before the November 4, 1948 or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

DODWELL & CO., LTD.
Agents.

Hong Kong, October 22, 1948.

MACAO

DAILY SERVICE
BY
CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY'S
M.V. "WUSUEH"

Sails from Hong Kong ..... 2.00 p.m.
(Steamboat Coy's Wharf)
Sails from Macao ..... 3.30 a.m.
(Wharf No. 12)

SPECIAL WEEKEND ROUNDTRIP
Sails from Hong Kong ..... Saturday 2 p.m.
Sails from Macao ..... Sunday 1.45 p.m.

PASSAGE RATES: Single Fares

Saloon Class with berth	HK$25
Saloon Class without berth	HK$20
Cabin Class with berth	HK$15
Cabin Class without berth	HK$10
Deck or Steerage	HK$ 5

For Freight and Passage Bookings Apply:

Hong Kong: Butterfield & Swire, 1 Connaught Road. (Central) Tel: 30331.
Macao F. Rodrigues (Sucres.) Ltd. P.O. Box No. 2. (Booking Wharf Office) Tel. 632, 658.

Pacific Far East Lines, Inc.

Fast Regular Trans-Pacific Service

DIRECT
SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES
OVERLAND
NEW YORK-CHICAGO-DETROIT-TORONTO, MONTREAL AND ALL AMERICAN & CANADIAN CITIES

Regular Sailings Resumed Following Settlement of Pacific Coast Strike

REFRIGERATION • DRY CARGO • CARGO OIL TANKS
For full particulars call General Agents UNITED STATES LINES CO., Queen's Bldg. Tel. 31251

AMERICAN PRESIDENT LINES

SAN FRANCISCO & NEW YORK
via Shanghai, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.
ROUND-THE-WORLD
VIA MANILA, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, KARACHI, SUEZ, ALEXANDRIA, MARSEILLES, GENOA, NAPLES, NEW YORK AND BOSTON.
SPEED—DEPENDABILITY—REGULARITY.
St. George Bldg. Tel. Nos. 28172/28175.

American Pioneer Line

Arrivals from New York, Boston, Other Atlantic Ports via Panama

"PIONEER BAY"	Nov. 15
"STAG HOUND"	Nov. 28

Sailings to Manila

"PIONEER BAY"	Nov. 16
"STAG HOUND"	Nov. 29

Sailings to New York, Boston, Philadelphia Baltimore & Other Atlantic Ports via Panama Canal
—Special Cargo Oil Tanks—

"PIONEER SEA"	Due Oct. 31	Sails Nov. 1
"PIONEER TIDE"	Due Nov. 11	Sails Nov. 12
"PIONEER BAY"	Due Dec. 4	Sails Dec. 5

For Full Particulars Call

UNITED STATES LINES

General Agents
Queen's Building. Tel. 31251 (3 lines)

KLAVENESS LINE

SAILINGS

DIRECT TO VANCOUVER AND TACOMA
m.s. "CASTLEVILLE" ..... Loading ..... 16th Dec.

ARRIVALS FROM PACIFIC COAST

M.S. "CASTLEVILLE" ..... Due ..... 19th Nov.
M.S. "ROSEVILLE" ..... Due ..... 27th Nov.

PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION. BULK OIL TANKS

Chinese Freight Agents. Apply:—
HOO FOOK PING THE BANK LINE (CHINA) LTD.
THE BANK LINE (China) Ltd. King's Building. Tel. 27792

BEN LINE

ARRIVALS

SHIP	FROM	DUE
S.S. "BENMACDHUI"	U.K.	discharging K/Wharf
S.S. "BENNEVIS"	U.K.	Mid Nov.
S.S. "BENARTY"	U.K.	Mid Dec.

SAILINGS

SHIP	TO	LOADING
S.S. "BENMACDHUI"	Aden, Port Said, London, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg	20th Oct. at K/Wharf.

For Further Particulars, Apply To—
W. R. LOXLEY & CO. (CHINA) LTD.
Agents
York Building Telephone: 24165.

FASTEST DAILY SERVICE TO AND FROM MACAU

T.S.S. "MERRY MOLLER"

Leaving Hong Kong 8.30 a.m. Daily from Wing Lee Wharf
Leaving Macau 2.15 p.m. Daily
Times subject to alteration without notice

MOLLERS' (HONGKONG) LIMITED
Queen's Building
HONG KONG.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

Sailing for SHANGHAI

S.S. "MANDO" ..... Beg. Nov. 4S
S.S. "CHAMPOLLION" ..... Beg. Dec. 4S

Sailing for MARSEILLES via SAIGON

S.S. "ANDRE LEBON" ..... 6 p.m. 30th Oct. 48
S.S. "MANDO" ..... 2nd Half Nov. 48
S.S. "CHAMPOLLION" ..... on/or about Mid Dec. 48

For Passage and Freight Apply To:—

CIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

Queen's Building. Tel. 26051 (three Lines)

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

Agents: CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS TO

"FAKHOI"	Yokohama & Kobe	4 p.m. 28th Oct.
"YOCHOW"	Amoy & Shanghai	10 a.m. 29th Oct.
"SHENGKING"	Shanghai	5 p.m. 29th Oct.*
"SZECHUEN"	Singapore, Palembang & Sibu	5 p.m. 30th Oct.
"FUKIEN"	Taiwan, Yokohama & Kobe	30th Oct.
"TSINAN"	Swatow	10 a.m. 31st Oct. *
"HUPEH"	Inchon & Tientsin	3rd Nov. *
"FOOCHOW"	Bangkok, Singapore, Macassar, Sourabaya & Batavia	4th Nov.
"FENGTIEN"	Shanghai	4th Nov.
"SHENGKING"	Shanghai	4 p.m. 9th Nov.
"YOCHOW"	Singapore, Palembang, Macassar, Sourabaya, Semarang & Batavia	9th Nov.

* Sails from Custodian Wharf

ARRIVALS FROM

"TSINAN"	Swatow	11 a.m. 29th Oct.
"NINGHAI"	Singapore	8 a.m. 30th Oct.
"FENGTIEN"	Sandakan	31st Oct.
"FOOCHOW"	Japan, Shanghai & Keelung	31st Oct.

RIVER SERVICE

"FATSHAN" ..... Arrives from Canton 7 a.m. 29th Oct. Sails for Canton 9 a.m. 31st Oct.
"WUSUEH" ..... Sails for Macao 2 p.m. daily Monday to Saturday. Arrives from Macao 7.30 a.m. daily Tuesday to Saturday and 5.45 p.m. on Sundays

Agents: BLUE FUNNEL LINE

U.K. SERVICE

Arrivals from

"EURYPYLUS"	U.K. via Straits	8th Nov.
"GLENOGLE"	—— " ——	13th Nov.
"EURYMEDON"	—— " ——	28th Nov.
"ASTYANAX"	—— " ——	Late Nov.
"SARPEDON"	—— " ——	Late Nov.

Sailings to

"EUMAEUS"	Genoa via Port Said	2nd Nov.
"CLYTONEUS"	Tangier, Casablanca, Liverpool & Glasgow via Port Said	11th Nov.
"ASTYANAX"	Liverpool & Glasgow via Port Said	Mid Dec.

NEW YORK SERVICE

Arrivals from

"AGAMEMNON" U.S.A. via Manila & Shanghai Late Nov.

Sailings to

"AJAX" ..... Halifax, Boston, New York via Manila, Straits & Suez noon 30th Oct.

Agents: Australian-Oriental Line, Ltd.

Sailings to

"CHANGTE"	Yokohama & Kobe	2nd week Nov.
"SHANSI"	Sandakan, Sydney, Melbourne & Brisbane	4th week Nov.

Arrivals from

"CHANGTE"	Australia	5th Nov.
"SHANSI"	Australia & Manila	about 19th Nov.

All The Above Subject To Alteration Without Notice.

General Agents for: AUSTRALIAN NATIONAL AIRWAYS, CATHAY PACIFIC AIRWAYS, SKYWAYS (FAR EAST) LTD.

Booking Agents for: B.O.A.C., C.N.A.C., H.K. AIRWAYS, P.O.A.S., P.A.A., P.A.L. and N.W.A.

For Passage and Freight Particulars Apply To The Above.

1, CONNAUGHT ROAD, CENTRAL.
Telephones: 36341/8 Private Exchange
Branch Office—30 Connaught Rd., W. Tels. 25875, 32141 21578

MAERSK LINE

A. P. MOLLER, COPENHAGEN.

Moller Steamship Company Inc., New York
General Agents in U.S.A.

MONTHLY SAILINGS TO NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, BOSTON VIA SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES AND PANAMA

Accepting transhipment cargo for Caribbean and Gulf Ports

M.S. "GRETE MAERSK" ..... October 29
M.S. "CHASTINE MAERSK" November 11

Special Tanks available for the carriage of oil in bulk

ARRIVALS FROM NEW YORK AND OTHER U.S. PORTS

M.S. "LAURA MAERSK" ..... November 14
M.S. "GERTRUDE MAERSK" November 26

For Freight and further Particulars please apply to:—

Agents: **JEBSEN & CO.** Tel. Nos. 20008-9 Pedder Building

AIR AND SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

AIRCRAFT MOVEMENTS

Arrivals

TODAY

CNAC ex-Shanghai: 11.45 a.m.; ex-Shanghai via Swatow: 11.20 a.m.; ex-Canton via Swatow: 4.40 p.m.; ex-Amoy, via Swatow: 1.55 p.m.; ex-Canton: 4.20 p.m., 6.45 p.m.
CATC ex-Taipeh via Amoy, Swatow: 6.20 p.m.
H.K. AIRWAYS ex-Canton: 10.55 a.m., 1.15 p.m., 3.35 p.m., 5.55 p.m.
PAN-AMERICAN ex-San Francisco via Honolulu, Wake, Guam, Manila: 2 p.m.
BOAC ex-Singapore, Bangkok: 1.30 p.m.
AIR FRANCE ex-Shanghai: 5 p.m.
PAN-AMERICAN ex-Manila: 2 p.m.; ex-San Francisco via Honolulu, Wake, Tokyo, Shanghai: 3.30 p.m.

TOMORROW

CNAC ex-Shanghai: 11.45 a.m.; ex-Hoihow via Canton: 4.40 p.m.; ex-Bangkok: 1.30 p.m.; ex-Amoy via Swatow: 1.55 p.m.; ex-Canton: 4.20 p.m., 6.45 p.m.
CATC ex-Kunming via Liuchow, Canton: 6.30 p.m.
H.K. AIRWAYS ex-Canton: 10.55 a.m., 1.15 p.m., 3.35 p.m., 5.55 p.m.; ex-Manila: 2.10 p.m.

SATURDAY

CNAC ex-Shanghai: 11.45 a.m.; ex-Taipeh via Swatow: 6.30 p.m.; ex-Amoy via Swatow: 1.55 p.m.; ex-Canton: 4.20 p.m., 6.45 p.m.
CATC ex-Taipeh via Amoy, Swatow: 6.20 p.m.; ex-Nanking via Canton: 6.30 p.m.
H.K. AIRWAYS ex-Shanghai: 3 p.m.; ex-Canton: 10.55 a.m., 1.15 p.m., 3.35 p.m., 5.55 p.m.
PAN-AMERICAN ex-San Francisco via Honolulu, Wake, Tokyo, Shanghai: 3.15 p.m.; ex-San Francisco via Honolulu, Midway, Wake, Guam, Manila: 2 p.m.; ex-Bangkok: 4.30 p.m.
PAL ex-San Francisco via Honolulu, Guam, Manila: 12 noon.
BOAC ex-Iwakuni: 3.30 p.m.; ex-Singapore: 4.20 p.m.

Departures

TODAY

CNAC for Shanghai: 12.45 p.m.; Bangkok: 12.20 p.m.; Canton via Swatow: 8.30 a.m.; Amoy via Swatow: 8 a.m.; Canton: 2.15 p.m., 4.40 p.m.
CATC for Taipeh via Swatow, Amoy: 8 a.m.; Nanking via Canton, Nanchang: 8 a.m.; Amoy: 7 a.m., Shanghai: 10 a.m.
H.K. AIRWAYS for Canton: 9 a.m., 11.20 a.m., 1.40 p.m., 4 p.m.; for Manila: Noon.
PAN-AMERICAN for San Francisco via Shanghai, Tokyo, Wake, Honolulu: 3.15 p.m.
BOAC for Iwakuni: 7 a.m.; for Bangkok, Southampton: 7.30 a.m.
PAN-AMERICAN for San Francisco via Shanghai, Tokyo, Wake, Honolulu: 3 p.m.; Bangkok: 4.30 p.m.
AIR FRANCE for Shanghai: 7.30 a.m.

TOMORROW

CNAC for Shanghai: 12.45 p.m.; Hoihow via Canton: 8.40 a.m.; Shanghai via Swatow: 2.30 p.m.; Amoy via Swatow: 8 a.m.; Canton: 2.15 p.m., 4.40 p.m.
CATC for Kunming: 7 a.m.; Shanghai via Canton, Amoy: 8 a.m.; Canton: 3.15 p.m.
H.K. AIRWAYS for Shanghai: 10 a.m.; Canton: 9 a.m., 11.20 a.m., 1.40 p.m., 4 p.m.
BOAC for Singapore: 7.30 a.m.
AIR FRANCE for Saigon: 8 a.m.

SATURDAY

CNAC for Shanghai: 12.45 p.m.; Taipeh via Swatow: 8.30 a.m.; Amoy via Swatow: 8 a.m.; Canton: 2.15 p.m., 4.40 p.m.
CATC for Nanking via Canton: 6.30 a.m.; Taipeh via Swatow, Amoy: 8 a.m.; Amoy (direct): 7 a.m.; Shanghai: 10 a.m.
H.K. AIRWAYS for Canton: 9 a.m., 11.20 a.m., 1.40 p.m., 4 p.m.
PAN-AMERICAN for San Francisco via Manila, Guam, Wake, Midway, Honolulu: 4.15 p.m.; New York via Bangkok, Calcutta, Karachi, Istanbul, London: 3 p.m.; San Francisco via Shanghai, Tokyo, Wake, Honolulu: 5.30 p.m.
PAL for San Francisco via Manila, Guam, Honolulu: 1 p.m.
BOAC for Bangkok, Singapore: 9 a.m.

POST OFFICE

MAIL NOTICE

CHRISTMAS PARCELS, LETTERS AND CARDS FOR UNITED KINGDOM BY SEA

Christmas Parcels, Letters and Cards for United Kingdom per R.M.S. "Canton" will be closed as follows:
G.P.O.: Parcels 5 p.m. 29/10; Reg. 9.30 a.m. 30/10; Ord. 10 a.m. 30/10.
Kowloon G.P.O.: Parcels 5 p.m. 29/10; Reg. 9 a.m. 30/10, Ord. 9.30 a.m. 30/10.
This mail is expected to arrive at London on or about November 30, 1948.
Postage rate (By Sea only) for Christmas Cards in open Covers, "bearing not more than five written words" is five cents per cover not exceeding 2 oz.

Outward Mails

Unless otherwise stated, Registered Articles and Parcel Posts close 30 minutes earlier than the ordinary mail. If mails close before 10 a.m. Registered and Parcel Posts close at 5 p.m. on the previous day. Mails are closed at Kowloon Central Post Office, half an hour earlier than the G.P.O. closing times.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 28
Closing Times by Air

Canton, (Kowloon G.P.O.) 7.30 a.m., 10 a.m., 12.30 p.m., 3 p.m.; (G.P.O.) 7 a.m., 9.30 a.m., Noon, 2.30 p.m.
Airmail for Shanghai, (Reg.) 9 a.m., (Ord.) 9.30 a.m.
Airmail for Manila P.I., (Reg.) 11 a.m., (Ord.) 11.30 a.m.
Airmail for Kunming and Liuchow; Airmail for Amoy, Shanghai, Nanking, Hankow, Tsingtao and Peiping, (Reg.) 3 p.m., (Ord.) 3.30 p.m.
Airmail for Hoihow; Airmail for Swatow, (Reg.) 2 p.m., (Ord.) 2.30 p.m.
Airmail for Bangkok, Singapore, Batavia, Colombo, Sydney and Auckland, (Reg.) 4.30 p.m., (Ord.) 5 p.m.
Airmail for Saigon and Paris, (Reg.) 4.30 p.m., (Ord.) 5 p.m.

Closing Times by Sea and Train

Macao and Tsinahan, 7.30 a.m.
Canada via Vancouver, B.C., (Par. and Reg.) 9 a.m., (Ord.) 9.30 a.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow, 12.30 p.m.
Straits, 1 p.m.
Manila, 1 p.m.
Japan (ordinary letters, cards & parcels), 2 p.m.
Macao and Tsinahan, 2 p.m.
Canton (2nd class mail only), 2 p.m.
Hoihow, 3 p.m.
Macao and Tsinahan, 4 p.m.
Batavia, Sourabaya and Macassar, 5 p.m.
Kongmoon, 5 p.m.
Canton (parcels & 2nd class mail), 5 p.m.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 29
Closing Times by Air

Canton, (Kowloon G.P.O.) 7.30 a.m., 10 a.m., 12.30 p.m., 3 p.m.; (G.P.O.) 7 a.m., 9.30 a.m., Noon, 2.30 p.m.
Airmail for Shanghai, (Reg.) 9 a.m., (Ord.) 9.30 a.m.
Airmail for Shanghai, Nanking, Hankow, Tsingtao and Peiping; Airmail for Swatow and Amoy, (Reg.) 3 p.m., (Ord.) 3.30 p.m.
Airmail for Taipeh, (Reg.) 2 p.m., (Ord.) 2.30 p.m.
Air Parcel Post for U.S.A. only, (Kowloon G.P.O.) 4.30 p.m., (Hong Kong G.P.O.) 5 p.m.

Closing Times by Sea and Train

Macao and Tsinahan, 7.30 a.m.
Haiphong, Pakhoi and Hoihow, 10 a.m.
Straits, 2 p.m.
Macao and Tsinahan, 3 p.m.
Canton (2nd class mail only), 3 p.m.
Shanghai, 3 p.m.
Amoy, 3 p.m.
Bangkok, 3 p.m.

(Continued at foot of next Col.)

Shipping Arrivals

YESTERDAY

CALTEX II (Caltex Co.), British, 487 tons, ex-Amoy.
HONG BIANG (Ho Hong), British, 2,149 tons, ex-Singapore, J. Crawley.. A10
KAMUNNING (Ho Hong), British, 885 tons, ex-Swatow, R.J. Fobjor .. A6
YOCHOW (B. & S.), British, 1,680 tons, ex-Hoihow 116

TODAY

MAUSANG (Jardine) ex-Shanghai.
SHIRALA (B.I.) ex-Calcutta.
TASMAN (R.I.L.) ex-Amoy.
TJITJALENGKA (R.I.L.) ex-Java Ports.

TOMORROW

E-SANG (Jardine) ex-Straits.
STEEL NAVIGATOR (Gilman) ex-Atlantic Coast.
TSINAN (B. & S.) ex-Swatow.

Shipping Departures

YESTERDAY

AXEL SALEN (Hunt) for Bangkok.
CHUNG HO (C.M.S.N.) for Hoihow.
FRANCISVILLE (Bank) for Vancouver.
EVILIVANOS (Dodwell) for Nagoya.
GLENGARRY (Jardine) for Singapore.
HAI KANG (C.M.S.N.) for Shanghai.
HAI SIU (C.M.S.N.) for Kawasaki.
HUNAN (B. & S.) for Inchon.
KAMIODIA (E. A. Co.) for Shanghai.
WING SANG (Jardine) for Keelung.

TODAY

BOUGAINVILLE (Bank) for Vancouver.
KAMUNNING (Ho Hong) for Singapore.

TOMORROW

DENMAECHUI (Loxley) for U.K.
GRETE MAERSK (Jebsen) for New York
FAKHOI (B. & S.) for Japan.
SHENGKING (B. & S.) for Shanghai.
TASMAN (R.I.L.) for Java.
TJIBADAK (R.I.L.) for Java.
YOCHOW (B. & S.) for Amoy.

Vessels In Port

AJAX (B. & S.) ..... Holts Whf.
ANAKAN (Grimble) ..... K. Dk.
ANHUI (B. & S.) ..... Taikoo Dk.
AYAL SALEN (W. Hunt) A11
BOISSEVAIN (R.I.L.) ..... K. Dk.
BONTEKOE (R.I.O.) ..... Taikoo Dk.
BOUGAINVILLE (Bank Line), K. Whf.
BRIS (Thoresen) B9
BUSHWOOD (Mac. Mac.) ..... K. Dk
CALTEX (Caltex Co.) ..... Tak.
CANTON (P. & O.) ..... Taikoo Dk.
CEBU (Rama) ..... Taikoo Dk.
DAVIKEN (B. & S.) B14
EMP. TERN (Williamson) ..... Ymt.
EMPIRE PARK (Jebsahun) ..... S.C.
FRANCISVILLE (Bank) ..... H.H. Bay
GLENAPP (Jardine) ..... K. Bay
GUJARAT (Bank Line) ..... T.D.
HAI TAN (Douglas) ..... K. Dk.
HALEAKALA (De La Rama), T.K. Dk.
HEINRICH JESSEN (R.I.L.) B27
HIN SANG (Jardine) B3
HONG SHAN (Mollers) ..... Y.M.T.
HONG SIANG (Ho Hong) A10
INCHCRAG (Williamson) ..... K. Dk.
KAMUNING (Ho Hong) A5
KARSIK (R.I.O.) ..... Taikoo Dk.
KUT SANG (Jardine) ..... K. Dk.
KWEIYANG (B. & S.) A5
LOUIS MOLLER (Mollers) ..... K. Dk.
MASHATE (S. China) ..... Y.M.T.
NEWCHANG (B. & S.) ..... Taikoo Dk.
PAKHOI (B. & S.) B8
PROSPER (Everett) ..... K. Dk.
SNUG HITCH (Gourlie) ..... S.S.P.O.
SHENGKING (B. & S.) ..... Cust. Whf.
SKAUBO (W. Hunt) ..... K. Whf.
STANVAC (S.V.O.C.) ..... L.C.K.
TAIKINSHAN (Shun Cheong) ... Yau
TITANIA (Thoresen) ..... K. Whf.
TJIBESAR (R.I.L.) ..... Taikoo Dk.
TORNUS (B. & S.) ..... T. Dk.
WHANGPU (B. & S.) ..... S.C.
WUCHANG (B. & S.) ..... S.C.
YOCHOW (B. & S.) B3

VESSELS DUE FROM

AFRICA

TEGELBERG (R.I.L.) ex-S. Africa.. Nov. 30
TJIBODAS (R.I.L.) ex-S. Africa .. 5
TJIKAMPEK (R.I.L.) ex-S. Africa.. 20

AMERICA

ATLANTIC COAST

GREYSTOKE CASTLE (Mollers) ex-Atlantic Coast ..... Oct. 31
PIONEER SEA (U.S.L.) ex-N.Y. 31
STEEL NAVIGATOR (Gilman) ex-Atlantic Coast 29
AGAMEMON (B. & S.) ex-N.Y. .. Nov. Late
GERTRUDE MAERSK (Jebsen) ex-New York 14
GRANVILLE (Thoresen) ex-Atlantic Coast 30
HALLAND (Rama) ex-Atlantic Coast 6
HOPEVILLE (Thoresen) ex-Atlantic Coast 9
LAURA MAERSK (Jebsen) ex-New York 14
MARQUETTE VICTORY (Gilman) ex-Atlantic Coast 26
PIONEER BAY (U.S.L.) ex-New York 18
PIONEER TIDE (U.S.L.) ex-New York 13
QUEENS VICTORY (Gilman) ex-New York 11
SILVEROAK (R.I.L.) ex-Atlantic Ports 4
STAGHOUND (U.S.L.) ex-New York 28
TALISMAN (Dodwell) ex-Atlantic Coast 26

FERNCAPE (Thoresen) ex-Atlantic Coast ..... Dec. 7
FERNHILL (Thoresen) ex-Atlantic Coast 10
PIONEER BAY (U.S.L.) ex-New York Jan. 4
FERNGULF (Thoresen) ex-Atlantic Coast 2

PACIFIC COAST

CASTLEVILLE (Bank Line) ex-Pacific Coast ..... Nov. 19
ROSEVILLE (Bank Line) ex-Pacific Coast 29
NICOBAR (E.A.C.) ex-Pacific Coast, Dec.
TAHSIS (E.A.C.) ex-Pacific Coast 1st half

AUSTRALIA

CHANGTE (B. & S.) ex-Australia.. Nov. 5
EASTERN (E. & A.) ex-Australia.. 7
SHANSI (B. & S.) ex-Australia .. 10
NELLORE (E. & E.) ex-Australia, Early Dec.

CHINA

MAUSANG (Jardine) ex-Shanghai .. Oct. 28
TASMAN (R.I.L.) ex-Amoy 26
TSINAN (B. & S.) ex-Swatow 29
CHOYSANG (Jardine) ex-Shanghai.. Nov. 1
FOOCHOW (B. & S.) ex-Shanghai, Japan 31
SHIRALA (B.I.) ex-Amoy 1
WINGSANG (Jardine) ex-Shanghai.. 1
FREDERICK LYKES (A.P.L.) ex-Shanghai ..... Dec. Early

EUROPE

DENBYSHIRE (Jardine), ex-U.K. .. Oct. 31
MARIEKERK (R.I.L.) ex-U.K. 31
TREVAYLOR (P. & O.) ex-U.K. .. 31
ASTYANAX (B. & S.) ex-U.K. .. Nov. End
BENARES (Gilman) ex-Europe 30
BENNEVIS (Lapley) ex-U.K ..... Mid
BRYNJE (Gilman) ex-Gothenburg, Sweden 15
CARTHAGE (P. & O.) ex-U.K. 22
EURYPYLUS (B. & S.) ex-U.K. .. 8
EURYMEDON (B. & S.) ex-U.K. .. 28
GLENOGLE (B. & S.) ex-U.K. 13
GLENARTNEY (Jardine) ex-U.K. 24
KOREA (E.A.C.) ex-U.K. ..... End
MOLENKERK (R.I.L.) ex-U.K. .. End
HARPEDON (B. & S.) ex-U.K. .. Late
ROUDAN (P. & O.) ex-U.K. and Straits 25
VAN HEUTSZ (R.I.L.) ex-Straits .. 4
WING SANG (Jardine) ex-Shanghai 5
BENARTY (Loxley) ex-U.K. .... Dec. Mid
GLENROY (Jardine) ex-Europe ... 10
MERWEDE (R.I.L.) ex-Europe ... End
MORELIA (E.A.) ex-U.K. ..... Mid
TREVANION (P. & O.) ex-U.K. .. 7
VIVITA (Thoresen) ex-U.K. .... Beg. Jan.
GLENORCHY (Jardine) ex-U.K. .. 2
SURAT (P. & O.) ex-London via Straits 3

INDIA

SHIRALA (B.I.) ex-Calcutta ..... Sat. 28
CARTHAGE (P. & O.) ex-Bombay.. Nov. 22
CHAKSANG (Jardine) ex-Calcutta.. 3
SANGOLA (B.I.) ex-Calcutta ..... Dec. 11

JAPAN

CHOYSANG (Jardine) ex-Yokohama and Kobe ..... Nov. 11
LOKSANG (Jardine) ex-Yokohama.. 16
NANKIN (E. & A.) ex-Japan 1
TRESILLIAN (P. & O.) ex-Japan .. 25
FREDERICK LYKES (A.P.L.) ex-Japan ..... Dec. Early

MONTREAL

CLEANSIDE (Dodwell) ex-Montreal, 8 a.m. Oct. End

SOUTH-EAST PORTS

E-SANG (Jardine) ex-Straits ..... Oct. 29
EASTERN (E. & A.) ex-Manila .. End
NINGHAI (B. & S.) ex-Singapore.. 30
SHIRALA (B.I.) ex-Straits 28
TJITJALENGKA (R.I.L.) ex-Java Ports ..... Nov. 22
FENGTIEN (B. & S.) ex-Sandakan... 31
CHAKSANG (Jardine) ex-Straits ... 1
EASTERN (E. & A.) ex-Manila .. Early
TJIBADANE (R.I.L.) ex-Java Ports 11
RUYS (R.I.L.) ex-S. Africa ..... Dec. 28
SANGOLA (B.I.) ex-Straits 11

SOUTH AMERICA

TEGELBERG (R.I.L.) ex-S. America Nov. 30
TJIBODAS (R.I.L.) ex-S. America.. 5

SAILINGS TO

AFRICA

Nov.
12 BOISSEVAIN (R.I.L.) for S. Africa via Manila.
Dec.
11 TJIKAMPEK (R.I.L.) for S. Africa.
Jan.
14 TEGELBERG (R.I.L.) for S. Africa and S. America.

AMERICA

ATLANTIC COAST

Oct.
29 GRETE MAERSK (Jebsen) for N.Y.
30 AJAX (B. & S.) for New York.
Nov.
1 PIONEER SEA (U.S.L.) for New York.
5 SILVEROAK (R.I.L.) for Atlantic Ports.
7 CITY OF ALMA (Wallem) for N.Y.
10 HOPEVILLE (Thoresen) for Atlantic Coast.
10 IVAHAN (Wallem) for Atlantic Coast.
11 CHASTINE MAERSK (Jebsen) for New York.
13 PIONEER TIDE (U.S.L.) for New York.
Mid. DONA ANICETA (Rama) for Atlantic Coast.
16 FREDERICK LYKES (A.P.L.) for Gulf Ports.
17 REINHOLT (Wallem) for Atlantic Coast.
18 DONA AURORA (Rama) for Atlantic Coast.
Late. BRYNJE (Rama) for Atlantic Coast.
Dec.
5 PIONEER BAY (U.S.L.) for New York.
7 ANDREW JACKSON (Wallem) for New York.
8 FERNCAPE (Thoresen) for Atlantic Coast.
20 BONGHOLT (Wallem) for Atlantic Coast.
Jan.
3 FERNGULF (Thoresen) for Atlantic Coast.
5 FAIRLAND (Wallem) for New York.

PACIFIC COAST

Nov.
17 TITANIA (Bank) for Pacific Coast.
22 VILJA (Wallem) for Pacific Coast.
27 PARAMATTA (Wallem) for Pacific Coast.
Dec.
10 VINGNES (Wallem) for Pacific Coast
18 CASTLEVILLE (Bank) for Vancouver.
18 TALISMAN (Dodwell) for Pacific Coast.

AUSTRALIA

Oct.
30 AROS (Dodwell) for Australian Ports.
Nov.
1 HINDUSTAN (Jardine) for Australia.
5 NANKIN (E. & A.) for Australian Ports.
4th wk. SHANSI (B. & S.) for Sydney, Melbourne.
End. EASTERN (E. & A.) for Australia.

CHINA

Oct.
20 YOCHOW (B. & S.) for Amoy and Shanghai.
29 SHENKING (B. & S.) for Shanghai.
30 CHAKSANG (Jardine) for Shanghai
30 CHENG KUNG (C.M.S.N.) for Swatow.
30 HAI TEE (C.M.S.N.) for Takao.
30 HAIYANG (Douglas) for Swatow.
30 SHIRALA (B.I.) for Amoy.
31 TSINAN (B. & S.) for Swatow.
Nov.
Dec. MANDO (M.M.) for Shanghai.
1 MARIEKERK (R.I.L.) for Shanghai and Japan.
3 HUPEH (B. & S.) for Inchon and Tientsin.
3 LANGLEERSCOTT (R.I.L.) for S'hai.
3 TREVAYLOR (P. & O.) for S'hai.
4 FENGTIEN (B. & S.) for Shanghai.
6 CHAKSANG (Jardine) for Shanghai.
6 VAN HEUTSZ (R.I.L.) for Amoy and Swatow.
8 TJIKODAR (R.I.L.) for Shanghai.
6 & 10 WINGSANG (Jardine) for S'hai.
9 SHENGKING (B. & S.) for Shanghai.
11 & 25 EASTERN (E. & A.) for S'hai and Japan.
28 SOUDAN (P. & O.) for Shanghai.
Dec.
Dec. CHAMPOLLION (M.M.) for S'hai.
14 SANGOLA (B.I.) for Shanghai, Amoy.
Jan.
6 SURAT (P. & O.) for Shanghai.

EUROPE

Oct.
29 DENMAECHUI (Loxley) for U.K.
30 ANDRE LEBON (M.M.), for Marseilles.
30 CANTON (P. & O.) for Europe.
2nd half. MANCHURIA (E.A. Co.) for U.K.
Nov.
2 EUMAEUS (B. & S.) for Europe.
4 TAISHAN (Thoresen) for Europe.
5 TREVAYLOR (P. & O.) for London.
9 HALLAND (Gilman) for Europe.
12 KAMBODIA (E.A. Co.) for Europe.
Mid. CLYTONEUS (B. & S.) for U.K.
Mid. GLENGYLE (Jardine) for U.K.
Mid. MARIEKERK (R.I.L.) for U.K.
17 TRISILLIAN (Mac. Mac.) for Europe.
26 CARTHAGE (P. & O.) for U.K.
2nd half. MANDO (M.M.) for Marseilles.
Dec.
Early. GLENOGLE (Jardine) for U.K.
10 BENARES (Gilman) for Europe.
Mid. ASTYANAX (B. & S.) for U.K.
Mid. CHAMPOLLION (M.M.) for Marseilles.
Mid. KOREA (E.A. Co.) for U.K.
Mid. MOLENKIRK (R.I.L.) for U.K.
End. SOUDAN (P. & O.) for London.
Jan.
Mid. MERWEDE (R.I.L.) for Europe.

INDIA

Oct.
30 CANTON (P. & O.) for Bombay.
Nov.
4 SHIRALA (B.I.) for Madras.
20 KUTSANG (Jardine) for Calcutta.
26 CARTHAGE (P. & O.) for Bombay.

JAPAN

Oct.
28 PAKHOI (B. & S.) for Japan Ports.
30 CHAKSANG (Jardine) for Kobe.
Nov.
3 LANGLEESCOTT (R.I.L.) for Japan.
6 CHAKSANG (Jardine) for Japan.
8 TJIBODAS (R.I.L.) for Japan.
1st wk. FUKIEN (B. & S.) for Yokohama and Kobe.
11 EASTERN (E. & A.) for Kobe.
2nd wk. CHANGTE (B. & S.) for Yokohama and Kobe.
Dec.
5 SOUDAN (P. & O.) for Japan.
10 TREVANION (P. & O.) for Japan.
14 SANGOLA (B.I.) for Japan.
Jan.
6 SURAT (P. & O.) for Japan.

SOUTH-EAST PORTS

Oct.
28 KAMUNING (Ho Hong) for Singapore and Penang.
30 HINSANG (Jardine) for Sandakan.
Nov.
12 TASMAN (R.I.L.) for Java ports.
25 TJIBADAK (R.I.L.) for Java ports.
25 ANDRE LEBON (M.M.) for Saigon.
30 CANTON (P. & O.) for Straits.
30 SZECHUEN (B. & S.) for Singapore, Palembang.
Nov.
1 HAI TAI (C.M.S.N.) for Haiphong.
1 HINDUSTAN (Jardine) for Manila.
2 HIRAM (Thoresen) for Singapore.
4 FOOCHOW (B. & S.) for Singapore.
4 SHIRALA (B.I.) for Singapore, Penang, Rangoon.
5 E-SANG (Jardine) for Straits.
5 HONG SIANG (Ho Hong) for Singapore and Penang.
7 NANKING (E. & A.) for Manila, Sandakan.
9 TJITJALENGKA (R.I.L.) for Java Ports.
9 YOCHOW (B. & S.) for Straits.
10 HOPEVILLE (Thoresen) for Manila.
10 BOISSEVAIN (R.I.L.) for Straits.
11 CHOYSANG (Jardine) for Straits.
12 VAN HEUTSZ (R.I.L.) for Straits.
Mid. GLENOGLE (Jardine) for Straits.
Mid. MARIEKERK (R.I.L.) for Manila and Straits.
Mid. TRISILLIAN (Mac. Mac.) for Straits.
15 FERNCAPE (Thoresen) for Manila.
16 PIONEER BAY (U.S.L.) for Manila.
20 KUTSANG (Jardine) for Straits and Calcutta.
21 TJIBADANE (R.I.L.) for Java Ports.
24 CARTHAGE (P. & O.) for Manila.
29 TALISMAN (Dodwell) for Manila.
Mid. STAGHOUND (U.S.L.) for Manila.29
30 TALISMAN (Dodwell) for Manila.
Mid. SHANSI (B. & S.) for Sandakan, Japan.
Early. GLENOGLE (Jardine) for Manila.
Mid. MOLENKIRK (R.I.L.) for Straits.
Mid. SOUDAN (P. & O.) for Straits.
Jan.
Mid. MERWEDE (R.I.L.) for Manila and Straits.

SOUTH AMERICA

Nov.
1 BOISSEVAIN (R.I.L.) for S. America
Dec.
11 TJIKAMPEK (R.I.L.) for S. Africa.
Jan.
10 TEGELBERG (R.I.L.) for S. America

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.

FREIGHT DEPARTMENT 16 PEDDER ST. TEL. 30311
PASSAGE DEPARTMENT 6/8 CHATER RD. TEL. 30311

General Managers. INDO-CHINA S. N. CO., LTD.

SAILINGS

S.S. "HINSANG"	to Sandakan	noon 30th Oct.
S.S. "ESANG"	to Keelung & Foochow	30th Oct.
S.S. "ESANG"	to Straits & Calcutta	5th Nov.
S.S. "CHAKSANG"	to Shanghai & Japan Ports	6th Nov.
S.S. "WINGSANG"	to Keelung & Shanghai	8th Nov.
S.S. "CHOYSANG"	to Straits, Chittagong & Calcutta	14th Nov.
S.S. "WINGSANG"	to Keelung & Shanghai	19th Nov.
S.S. "KUTSANG"	to Straits & Calcutta	20th Nov.
M.V. "EASTERN SAGA"	to Shanghai & Japan Ports	25th Nov.

ARRIVALS

S.S. "MAUSANG"	from Shanghai	28th Oct.
S.S. "ESANG"	from Rangoon & Straits	29th Oct.
S.S. "CHAKSANG"	from Calcutta, Straits & Saigon	3rd Nov.
S.S. "WINGSANG"	from Shanghai & Keelung	5th Nov.
S.S. "CHOYSANG"	from Yokohama, Kobe & Shanghai	11th Nov.
S.S. "LOKSANG"	frm Yokohama, Nagoya & Kobe	16th Nov.
S.S. "WINGSANG"	from Shanghai & Keelung	17th Nov.

Cargo accepted on Through Bills of Lading for MADRAS via Singapore and for KUDAT, JESSELTON, LABUAN, TAWAU LADHAD-DATU and SEMPORNA via Sandakan.

General Managers: AUSTRALIA CHINA LINE LTD.

M.V. "HINDUSTAN" Very. 5 Down — Loads at Hong Kong 31st Oct. for Manila, Rabaul, Lae, Brisbane, Sydney, Melbourne & Adelaide. Sails 1st November.

Agents: GLEN LINE LTD.

SAILINGS TO U.K.

M.V. "GLENGYLE"	Loads about 8th November for Straits, Aden, Port Said, Alexandria, London & Continental Ports.	
M.V. "GLENOGLE"	Loads early December for Straits, Aden, Port Said, London and Continental Ports.	

ARRIVALS

M.V. "DENBIGHSHIRE"	Loaded Middlesbrough & London. Sailed Sept. 20th for Port Said, Straits, Hong Kong & Shanghai. Due 31st October.	
M.V. "GLENARTNEY"	Loads Antwerp and London sailed 16th October for Port Said Straits, Hong Kong, Takao, Kobe & Yokohama due about 24th November.	
M.V. "GLENROY"	Loads Middlesbrough & London sails about 27th October for Port Said, Straits, Hong Kong, Shanghai & Japan due about 10th December.	
M.V. "GLENORCHY"	Loads Middlesbrough & London sails about 14th November for Port Said, Straits, Hong Kong, Shanghai & Japan due about 2nd January.	

Subject to alteration without notice.

All intending Passengers are requested to register their names as far as possible in advance of the time at which they wish to leave.

Agents: WESTERN CANADA STEAMSHIP Co., Ltd. PRINCE LINE LTD. PACIFIC TRANSPORT LINES INC.

General Agents:
BRITISH OVERSEAS AIRWAYS CORP.
SAILINGS TO ATLANTIC COAST
SEE SEPARATE ADVERTISEMENTS.

AUSTRALIA CHINA LINE LTD.

LOADS 31st OCTOBER FOR
RABAUL and LAE
NEW GUINEA
BRISBANE, SYDNEY, MELBOURNE, ADELAIDE

With Through Bills of Lading to New Zealand and Fiji Ports

THE MOTOR VESSEL
"HINDUSTAN"
SAILS FROM HONG KONG 1st NOV.

For Further Particulars Apply:

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.
Pedder Street. Telephone: 30311

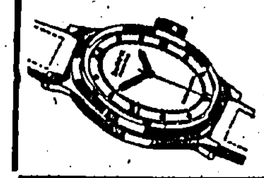
Subject to alteration without notice.

CHINA MERCHANTS S.N. CO.

15 Connaught Road West. Telephone 31633

SAILINGS

S.S. "



BUREN

THE PERFECT SWISS WATCH

CHINA MAIL

HONG KONG, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1948.

ABDULLA

NUMBER SEVEN

"7"

In PACKETS or TINS

UK SOCCER LEADERS HOLDING SLIM LEAD

(By 'ALCYDES')

The soccer situation at the top of the four English League is very interesting and three of the leading teams hold their crown only by virtue of their superior goal average.

Portsmouth and Derby have each gained 22 points, but the former's goal average stands them in good stead and should they both win on Saturday than the position remains the same, unless Derby can win by a colossal score.

Rotherham too are stuck on top and enjoy a lead of three points over Hull City's 22. The latter have one game in hand (they have played 13 games).

In the other two Divisions the situation is very fluid. West Bromwich Albion, leading Division Two, lead on goal average by the very small fraction of one goal. Their average of 23 goals for opposed to nine conceded, is just better than Spurs who have scored and conceded two more.

The leadership here can change weekly. Swansea in Division Three (South) are in the same position as Portsmouth. Swansea's 34 for and nine against compares very favourably with the 24 and 10 of Bournemouth.

Derby, now the only club that has not tasted defeat are going to be severely tested on Saturday when they visit Birmingham. Of the six teams to visit St. Andrews this year only Liverpool have got two points, when they scored the only goal of the match. In the last game Derby played at Birmingham they suffered a 0-3 defeat. That was in 1938 the season of the latter's relegation.

Important Game

Portsmouth, after last week's reverse, which was not altogether unexpected, receive Bolton and in the corresponding post-war matches the Lancashire team have failed to score and the Southerners have taken four points.

Seeing also that only one goal has been scored at Fratton Park this season, Bolton can have but bleak prospects, although one never knows. After all, last season Pompey had a winning run and then fell away badly. Saturday's game will have an important bearing on the Royal Blues' future.

The match of the week seems to be the Charlton—Sunderland clash at the Valley. The former scored two goals, taking four points in last season's games. Here I think the accent is on the London side.

In the Second Division West Bromwich are at home to Cardiff and I fully expect the points to remain at the Hawthorns. Southampton are due at Griffin Park but Brentford are a problem team and the Saints will have to display good football form if they are to come off best.

Bury can also re-enter the perspective with a home win over Queen's Park Rangers, who, although off to a good start are finding the Second Division pathvery difficult. Plymouth and Lincoln, 21st and 22nd in the table respectively, fight it out up North.

Both Swansea and Bournemouth are at home this week-end to Exeter and Port Vale respectively. It looks as though the situation at the top of the Third League South will remain the same. Brighton next in line are five points behind with 17 points from 14 games, and are expected to keep in the limelight as a result of their visit to Walsall. The results of the corresponding game of two post-war season have two draws, one goalless and the other in which two goals were shared.

Notts County, team of stars receive the Soldiers and they will well remember last seasons efforts —Aldershot scored three goals in two engagements and collected four sorely needed points.

Like their opposite numbers in the South the two top teams of the Northern Section are also at home. Rotherham are expected to overcome Chester and Hull, who receive New Brighton, are also expected to gain two points. Doncaster also have a home game with Rochdale and on present form they also should win.

Over the Border, Hibernian are the only Scottish team without a League defeat, and they should have no difficulty in preserving their record at the expense of Celtic who are not having too good a season. St. Mirren travelling to Aberdeen are expected to win also and so keep in the running.

Sterope Wins At Newmarket

Newmarket, October 27.

Sterope won the Cambridgeshire Handicap here today with Royal Tara second.

There was a dead heat for third place between Patchouly and Impeccable.

Sterope won by half a length. There were 32 runners.

Betting was 25 to 1 Sterope, 100 to 8 Royal Tara, 40 to 1 Patchouly and 100 to 8 Impeccable.

There was an objection to the winner but the Stewards over-ruled the objection.—Reuter.

CRC, LRC Tennis Results

Results of yesterday's Hard Court Tennis matches played at the Chinese Recreation Club:

OPEN DOUBLES

Lo Yuen-ching and Wong Shiu-wing beat G.A. Noronha and R.A. Marques 6-1, 6-1.

Choy Tin-fuk and Choy Tin-wah beat Nos. Ma and To Shiu-nang 6-1, 6-1.

I.L. Baker and Partner beat Lee Kwok-kong and Wong Chuen-ying 6-4, 7-5.

OPEN SINGLES

Lo Yun-ching beat Chan Fok-hei 6-3, 6-0.

Au Kam-moon beat Y.T. Lake 6-2, 6-2.

TODAY'S GAMES

OPEN SINGLES

No. 1 Court—Lee Wai-tong v N. Lo.

No. 2 Court—Lim Thiam-tet v Choy Tin-wah.

No. 3 Court—Wong Suk-ki v P. Pain.

No. 4 Court—J.D. Mackie v Wong Shiu-wing.

No. 5 Court—Turner Cook v Ip Cheung-hing.

LRC Results

The following are the results of tennis matches played at the Ladies' Recreation Club yesterday:

CLUB SINGLES (MEN'S)

Mr. R. Bergsten beat Mr. M. Reesen 6-1, 6-3.

OPEN SINGLES (LADIES')

Mrs. Strosbach beat Mrs. Litton 6-2, 7-5.

OPEN DOUBLES (LADIES')

Mrs. J.S. Bunnett and Mrs. Campbell beat Mrs. M. Marshall and Mrs. Christiansen 6-1, 6-1.

CLUB MIXED DOUBLES

Mr. and Mrs. D.L. Prophet beat Mr. J. Kempton and Miss J.C. Millard 6-1, 6-1.

TODAY'S PROGRAMME

OPEN MIXED DOUBLES

Mr. Tsui Yun-pui and Miss D. Kent v Mr. J.D. Mackie and Mrs. Standaloft, 5.15 p.m.

MEN'S HANDICAP SINGLES

Mr. G.E. Moyle v Mr. R.D. Morrell, 6.15 p.m.

DANCE POSTPONED

The Hong Kong Cricket Club Dance, arranged for Saturday, has been postponed to November 20.

All tickets issued for October 30 will be valid for November 20.

KAMALA CIRCUS BACK IN TOWN

The Kamala Circus is back in town and is due to start performances tomorrow.

The Circus which left Hong Kong more than a month ago for Macao, returned by the ss. Kwongtung yesterday.

At Macao it performed for one month and was idle for 21 days because the necessary licence was not obtainable.

During its stay at Macao, the Circus was blown down by gales. Losses suffered in the Portuguese Colony were said to be HK$60,000.

There was no loss in animals except one leopard cub, bought in Hong Kong for HK$600.

The Circus will perform at Causeway Bay.

DEWALI FESTIVAL TO BE MARKED

Hong Kong's Hindu community will commemorate the Dewali Festival on Sunday with a prayer meeting at the Sikh Temple, Gap Road, at 7 p.m.

On Tuesday, the Hindu New Year Day will be celebrated with a dinner party at the Roof Garden, Hong Kong Hotel, at 8 p.m.

After the prayer meeting on Sunday at the Sikh Temple, toys and sweets will be distributed to children. The Temple will be colourful illuminated.

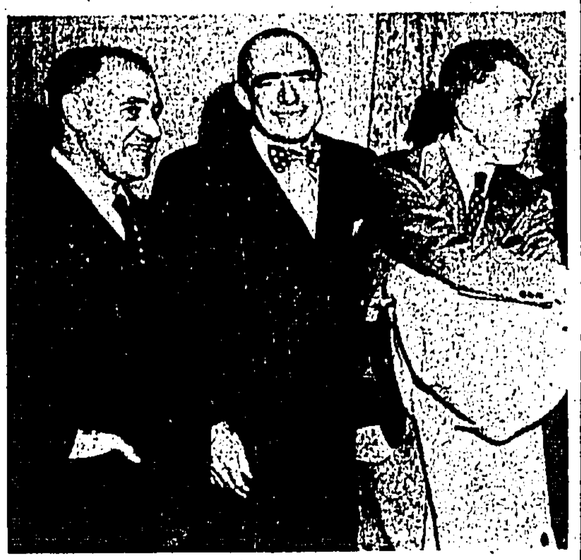
Hindu shops and offices will also be decorated and the National Flag displayed.

THE ONLY ONE

Canberra, October 27.

Australia, by implementing measures to bear a great physical and financial share of the Empire's defence burden, is probably the only Dominion to carry out fully the decision of the 1946 British Empire conference, J.B. Chifley, the Prime Minister, told Parliament yesterday.—Associated Press.

FE Commissioner



Admiral Giles C. Stedman (centre), Far East Baseball Commissioner and Vice-President of the United States Lines, is expected shortly in Hong Kong. On his right is Lou Perini, President of the Boston Braves, and on his left is Ford Frick, President of the National League.

Pirates-Wildcats Game Postponed; Junior Match On

(By "GRANDSTAND")

The following are the week-end fixtures. Players and umpires are requested to note that times have been advanced half an hour for Sunday's games so that the schedule may be completed before darkness sets in.

The Pirates, originally due to tangle with Wildcats on Saturday, have been granted a postponement of their game. A Junior League tilt between Vikings and Rangers has been substituted.

Senior League

Sunday — Recreio Football Ground:—10.30 a.m. Recreio vs. Saints (Doc Molthen, Buster Hollands, Cicero Rozario); 2 p.m. American Club vs. Police (Dick Chung, H.K. Ebrahim, Bob Low); 3.30 p.m. Overseas vs. Canadians (Bob McGowan, Ernie Hearther, Tim Ellis);

C.B.A. Ground:—12.30 p.m. H.K.B.C. vs. Filipinos (Lino Gosano, Bimby Ablong, Hank Ali); 2.30 p.m. Madcaps vs. V.R.C. (Don Robbins, Bill Woo, Avito Campos); 3.30 p.m. Chung Hwa vs. Khalsa (Chas. Figueredo, Ignar Eriksen, M. Varlysen).

Junior League

Saturday — Recreio Football Ground:—2.30 p.m. Vikings vs. Rangers (Philo Remedios, Bill Silva, Junior Remedios); 4 p.m. Black Hawks vs. Braves (Buster Hollands, Radar Kearndon, Tony Tiampo).

Sunday:—9 a.m. Rexes vs. Mohawks (Philo Remedios, Ollie Vaz, Bernie Silva); 12.30 p.m. Wildfires vs. Jaguars (Billy Soares, Hal Winglee, Ramon Castro).

There were insufficient members present at last Monday's General Committee meeting to form a quorum. Another meeting has been called for tomorrow at 5.15 p.m. to discuss Ground rules and the International Tournament.

League Standings

SENIOR LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	Pctge.
Canadians	3	0	1.000
Saints	2	0	1.000
V.R.C.	3	0	1.000
Khalsa	2	1	.667
Madcaps	2	1	.667
Overseas	1	1	.500
Chung Hwa	1	2	.333
H.K. Baseballers	1	2	.333
American Club	0	2	.000
Filipinos	0	3	.000
Police	0	2	.000
Recreio	0	1	.000

JUNIOR LEAGUE

Braves	3	0	1.000
Jaguars	2	1	.667
Wildfires	2	1	.667
Mohawks	1	1	.500
Rexes	1	1	.500
Black Hawks	0	2	.000
Rangers	0	2	.000
Vikings	0	1	.000

LADIES LEAGUE

Wahoos	2	0	1.000
Wildcats	1	0	1.000
Canadians	0	2	.000
Pirates	0	1	.000

IRC Line-Ups For Saturday

The following have been selected to represent IRC 1st XI in their league fixture against RAF (away) on Saturday, October 30, at 1.45 p.m. sharp:—

A.R. Abbas (Capt.), A. el Arculli, Jr., A.K. Ismail, S.A. Ismail, S.H. Khan, A.R. Kitchell, A.H. Madar, K. Nazarin, I.M. Omar, M.I. Razack and A.R. Suffiad.

12th Man:—I. Ali.

Umpires:—G.M. Butt.

The following have been selected to represent the IRC 2nd XI in a league match against the RAF at Sookunpoo on Saturday, October 30, at 1.45 p.m. sharp:—

F.A. Curreem (Capt.), M.A. Wahab (Snr.), A.H. Bakar, T.A. Ebrahim, A.D. Ebrahim, Y. Motiwalla, Sunan Aboo, R.A. Bux, M.A. Wahab (Jnr.), R.A. Curreem and E.H. Esmail.

S.E.M. Bux (12th Man).

Scorer:—T.H. Barma.

Wayman Impresses For Southampton

London, October 26.

Charlie Wayman, former Newcastle United sharpshooter and one of football's midget forwards, had one ambition when he turned out for Southampton against Leicester on Saturday—to score the goal that would bring his League total to 100.

He was in such irresistible form that he got five and created a new Football League record for Southampton.

The previous best individual scoring feats for Southampton in peacetime matches were four goals each by Haines (against Blackpool in 1928), Rowley (against Bradford City in 1929), and Rawlings (against Millwall in 1920).

Wayman, who stands only five feet six inches and takes size six and a half boots, joined Southampton in October last year from Newcastle at a fee believed to be in the region of £10,000.

He would most likely fetch twice that amount in the transfer market today.

Wayman, who is now top League scorer with 16 goals, has proved a most valuable acquisition for Southampton, making up for what he lacks in inches by plenty of dash and a deadly shot.

"He is too short to be a successful centre forward," argued Southampton fans when he was signed from Newcastle and he has answered his critics in no uncertain manner.

Newcastle supporters will remember him for his remarkable debut as a centre forward. Wayman then scoring 11 goals—four, four and three in three successive home games.—Reuter.

Printed and published for the proprietors, The Newspaper Enterprise Limited, by WALTER JAMES KEATES, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

RUSSIA CONTEMPLATES JOINING BOXING GROUP

London, October 26.

Although Russia has been active in seeking information concerning the Association Internationale de Boxe Amateur, her official application to become affiliated to that body is still awaited, according to a statement issued here.

The report of the meeting of the Executive Committee of the AIBA states that representatives of the Soviet Union Physical Culture and Sports Council met members of the Executive Committee during the Olympic Games at Wembley and intimated that they would alter their rules if necessary to bring them into line with other member countries.

They also asked if they could bring forward three resolutions, asking for representation on the Executive Committee, that Russian should be one of the official languages and that Spain should be excluded from application.

It was pointed out at the time that when they became affiliated, they would be free to bring forward any motions they wished, but it was emphasised that the organisation was sporting and not political.

Russia was also told that before affiliation could be granted, their constitution and rules would have to be approved and they promised to submit them. These, however, have not yet been received.

The meeting also dealt with the question of refereeing and judging at the Olympic Games and various decisions were taken. A list of referees and judges who are considered to hold the qualifications to officiate at the Olympic Games and European championships is being drawn up and will shortly be published.

At the same time, it is hoped that the standard of refereeing and judging will be raised in all countries. Certain recommendations on this subject will be published in a report in due course.

Europe vs. America

The proposed match between Europe and South America at Buenos Aires in 1950 has been postponed at the request of the Argentine ABA.

It was also decided that the next Congress of the AIBA will take place in Copenhagen in 1950 at the convenience of the Danish Amateur Boxing Association and the Europe v. America match in 1949 will take place in Chicago on May 18 and the team will leave England by the Queen Elizabeth on May 6.

European nations are to be asked to submit candidates for team which will consist of one boxer at each weight plus two reserves. The accompanying officials will be A. Forst Host, of Norway, as team manager, Major General W.R.E. Murphy, of Ireland, and Lieutenant Colonel R.H. Russel, of Britain.

The selection of the trainer second will not be made until the composition of the team is known.

The AIBA delegates to the Conference between International sporting federations and the International Olympic Committe in Rome next year will be Signor Mazzia, Vice-President, of Italy, and Lieutenant Colonel Russel, Honorary Secretary-Treasurer, of Britain.—Reuter.

'Y' Admitted For Hockey

An application by the European YMCA for admission to the Hong Kong Hockey Association was accepted at a meeting of the Association held last night.

The YMCA representative said that their ground was available, but was not in first class playing condition.

It was also decided at the meeting that a sum of $5 be paid by a home team playing on neutral ground.

At the present moment, matches are being played on the Army and Navy grounds. The Recreio ground was only available when one of the two participating teams is a Recreio team.

The question of refereeing at hockey matches was also discussed and as it was agreed that the standard of refereeing was very much below standard, it was proposed to hold a lecture once a week at the SCMP Building.

Inter-School Basketball

Only two games were played in the Inter-School Basketball League at Caroline Hill yesterday, with the following results:

SENIOR LEAGUE

Wah Kiu 30 Hon Wah 15

JUNIOR LEAGUE

St. Joseph's 42 Kin Lup 16

The following games are down for decision this afternoon:

SENIOR LEAGUE

Tung Chi v Queen's (Red) 5 p.m.

Wah Yan (HK) v Chi Hang (6 p.m.)

JUNIOR LEAGUE

Tung Chi v St. Joseph's (5 p.m.)

Hon Wah v Kin Lup (6 p.m.)

SWATOW CAGERS LOSE TO YMCA

At Caroline Hill last night, the Swatow Police basketball team suffered their first defeat at the hands of a Hong Kong team, when they went down to Chinese YMCA by 39 points to 33 in a closely contested game.

The only other defeat suffered by the Swatow Police while in Hong Kong was inflicted by the Philippine Chinese of Amoy, who beat them by 55 points to 36 on Tuesday night.

"NOMADS" CHANGE TO "SCORPIONS"

The HKCC Nomads have changed their name to the HKCC Scorpions and for their league match on Saturday next against Club de Recreio at King's Park, will be represented by the following:

T.A. Pearce, H. Owen-Hughes, L.P. Stokes, O. J. Kerr, F. Howarth, J. D. Clague, C. D. Wales, E. F. Geo, R. H. Hughes, M. Harriman and A. P. Weir.

LEONARD BROS WIN BOWLS TITLE

At the Craigengower Cricket Club yesterday, J. W. and S. L. Leonard beat G. Hong Choy and A. H. Rumjahn in the final of the Club Pairs Lawn Bowls Championship by 25 shots to 14.

The following are the results of yesterday's games in the Open Singles Lawn Bowls Semi-finals:

At Recreio:

K. M. Omar beat C. S. Rossclet 21-18.

At Craigengower:

J. da Luz beat L. Sykes 21-14.

DECREE NISI GRANTED

A Decree Nisi, to be made Absolute in six months, with liberty to apply, was granted yesterday by Sir Leslie (Chief Justice), to Mrs. Dora Marjory Bogdon.

Mrs. Bogdon sued for a dissolution of her marriage to Mr. Kieran Begdon on the grounds of desertion.

Sir Leslie Gibson also made an order for costs against Mr. Bogdon.

Mr. Charles Loseby, instructed by Mr. M. A. da Silva represented Mrs. Begdon. Mr. Begdon, who is at present in Australia, did not contest the suit.

BABBS SUFFERS SEVERE WOUNDS

Mr. W. O. Babbs, of Swan Culbertson and Fritz, Fed. Inc. USA, was removed from Repulse Bay Hotel to the Queen Mary Hospital on Monday night with severe wounds.

He has been staying at the Repulse Bay Hotel since April 7 last.

His condition last night was said to be fair.

Squash Rackets Open Championship

Over 40 entries have been received for the Open Squash Championship. As a result of the draw, the following will meet in the 1st Round:

Lt. G. Weston R.N. v. Lt. Comd. R.A. Haig, R.N.

J. F. Compton v. Gp. Capt. J. N. Jefferson

N. C. Begley v. F/O M. D. Marshall

F/Lt. A. Morgan v. Lt. Comd. T. E. Fanshawe, R.N.

Lt. (S) B. Tower R.N. v. Lt. R. Mirehouse, R.N.

F/O E. Gambrill v. Lt. (E) P. W. Habershon R.N.

A. S. Erson v. E. F. Gower

A. E. G. Haig v. F/Lt. W. Bastin

E. Boycott v. Capt. M. L. Stevens.

2/Lt. I. C. Carr v. E. B. Oliver.

Play in the first round commences on November 1, and is to be completed by November 5. In the second round, the winners of the first round and the following, who drew byes, will be playing:—

Ten winning players from the First Round:—Comd. (S) F. V. Hurrison, R.N., Lt. Col. E. G. Hazelton, J. H. Glover, Maj. C. R. Murray-Brown, Maj. A. R. Dawe, Capt. R. M. Carr, Instr. Comdr. E. F. R. Byng, R.N., G. Copley Moyle, Lt. (E) R. L. McClement R.N., W. H. Lydall, Maj. C. T. Bokenham, L. D. Kilbee, Squ. Ldr. N. Harris N. P. Downie, Capt. T. J. Monaghan, Lt. Comd. G. W. Vavasour, R.N., R. W. Franklin, Wing Comd. A. D. Panton, P. E. Hutson, J. K. Wilson, T. A. Pearce and Lt. Col. J. S. Vickers.

The second round will be played between November 8 and 19.

The draw is posted at the Victoria Squash Courts and players' telephone numbers are posted at the Cricket Club and, at the Courts. Players are required to arrange their own matches and book their own courts within the time limits imposed.

No. 2 Court has been set aside for match play and may be booked any time in advance. Bookings for this particular court must be made direct by 'phone to 24121 (Ext. 133). Any other Courts may be booked in the usual way.

Players are reminded that balls will be issued free by the marker to whom they should be returned after play.

It is hoped to play the 3rd Round between November 22 and 26 and the 4th Round and Semi-Final Round between November 29 and December 3. The Final Round will be played on a day to be arranged between December 6 and 10.

Always First

IDOL

EXQUISITE NYLON STOCKINGS

For Nights of Glamour....

.... For Active Days

8 SHADES:

Pastel Nude
Glace Mocha
Morning Mist
Brown Shadow
Town Smoke
Bronzite
Bludusk
Navy Lustre

8 SIZES:

8½
9
9½
10
10½

Famed The World Over For Lasting Loveliness!

FOR QUALITY GOODS.....SHOP ONLY AT

The DRAGON SEED Company.

The DRAGON LIGHT Co., Ltd.

37 Queen's Road, C. Tels: 82101 and 27402

FIRST AGAIN!

WITH

THE OLDEST MANUFACTURER OF ELECTRIC REFRIGERATION FOR THE HOME.

SEE GLOUCESTER ARCADE EXHIBIT

Seven Masterpiece Models
Five Years Guarantee
Immediate delivery

GET THE BEST...YOU PAY NO MORE

EXCLUSIVE DISTRIBUTORS

FAR EAST IMPORT AND EXPORT LTD.
UNITED DEVELOPMENT CO. LTD.

127 Hongkong Shanghai Bank Bldg.

SALES Telephone 23350 SERVICE